

Federal Office for Information Security

Technical Guideline TR-03122-3

# Conformance Test Specification for BSI TR-03121 Biometrics for Public Sector Applications

Part 3: Test Cases for Function Modules and Processes

Version 5.3

Federal Office for Information Security P.O. Box 20 03 63 53133 Bonn E-Mail: <u>TRBiometrics@bsi.bund.de</u> Internet: <u>https://bsi.bund.de</u> © Federal Office for Information Security 2022

# **Table of Contents**

1.	Introduction	1
2.	Test Cases Function Modules	2
2.1.	Test Cases Acquisition Hardware	2
2.2.	Test Cases Acquisition Software	27
2.3.	Test Cases Biometric Image Processing	. 45
2.4.	Test Cases Quality Assessment	57
2.5.	Test Cases Compression	. 75
2.6.	Test Cases User Interface	84
2.7.	Test Cases Presentation Attack Detection	. 89
2.8.	Test Cases Biometric Comparison	101
2.9.	Test Cases Logging	106
2.10.	Test Cases Coding	115
3.	Test Cases Partial Application Processes	127
3.1.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-SV-5: Supervised Facial Image Acquisition System	127
3.2.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-AUTO-1: Automated Facial Image Acquisition	132
3.3.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-SV-2: Supervised Facial Image Acquisition with CIR Lookup	135
3.4.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-SV-4: Supervised Facial Image Acquisition without CIR Lookup	138
3.5.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FPS-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition Single Slap	140
3.6.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP442-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition 4-4-2 for Enrolment	146
3.7.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP4141-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition 4-1-4-1 for Enrolment	146
3.8.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingers on Multi-Finger Hardware for Enrolment	147
3.9.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-SV-2: Supervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingers on Single-Finger	
	Hardware for Enrolment	152
3.10.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP10R-SV-1: Ten Finger Rolled Supervised Acquisition for Enrolment	156
3.11.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FPS-USV-1: Unsupervised Acquisition Single Slap	160
3.12.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-USV-1: Unsupervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingerprints on Mul- ti-Finger Hardware for Enrolment	
3.13.	Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-USV-2: Unsupervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingerprints on Sing le-Finger Hardware for Enrolment	
	List of Abbreviations	166
	Bibliography	167

# 1. Introduction

This document is part three of the Conformance Test Specification (TR-03122). It is the counterpart of TR-03121-3 describing the test cases for the defined Function Modules.

Not all Function Modules have test cases associated with them.

# 2. Test Cases Function Modules

The following sections define test cases for Function Modules.

# 2.1. Test Cases Acquisition Hardware

# 2.1.1. Test Cases FM AH-ALL-SSS

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-ALL-SSS-001

Scope	Examination of the surveillance camera systems of the self-service system (SSS) used for to obtain digitised facial images and fingerprints.			
Preconditions	• The Impleme	ntation Under Test (IUT)'s SSS is ready for operation.		
	• A environmer able.	nt surveillance camera system which supervises the area around the SSS is avail-		
	• A environment surveillance camera system which supervises the fingerprint capture system SSS is available.			
	• The IUT impl	ements a graphical user interface.		
	• The IUT implements a user interface of fingerprint acquisition shown to the biometric subject.			
	• Two test subjects are available to test the IUT's behaviour.			
CTS Mode	• interactive			
	no provision of pre-defined input data			
	• HTTP method: GET			
	• test case variants:			
	/TR03122/T	C-AH-ALL-SSS-001/1		
	Table 2.2 TC-A	H-ALL-SSS-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		• A single biometric subject initiates the SSS process of the IUT.		
		• Perform a bona fide fingerprint presentation on the fingerprint scanner of the IUT.		
		• Interact with the graphical user interface of the IUT.		

Test Case ID: TC-AH-ALL-SSS-001	
	Expected Result:
	• A fingerprint image is captured.
	• The surveillance camera system captures a colour image of the surrounding area at the moment of the finger capture attempt in which the face of the biometric subject using the fingerprint scanner is visible.
	• The surveillance camera system captures a colour image of the fingerprint acquisition area at the moment of the finger capture attempt.
	• The images captured by the surveillance camera systems are cached locally.
	• The images captured by the surveillance camera systems are at least of resolution 1280 x 720 pixels.
	• The differences of capture times between the images captured by the surveillance camera systems and the fingerprint capture attempt image are logged and below 100 ms.
2	Description:
	A single biometric subject initiates the SSS process of the IUT.
	Expected Result:
	The IUT starts the SSS process and enables interaction via the graphical user interface.
3	Description:
	A second biometric subject moves into the corridor of the SSS (distance of 100 cm in front the SSS).
	Expected Result:
	The image captured by the surveillance camera system of the surrounding area allows to identify whether that more than one person is in range of the SSS.
4	Description:
	Both biometric subjects leave the corridor of the SSS.
	Expected Result:
	The IUT stops the SSS process.

Table 2.1 Test Case ID: TC-AH-ALL-SSS-001

# 2.1.2. Test Cases FM AH-FI-BCL

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-001			
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the digital camera used to obtain facial biometrics.		
Preconditions	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.		
	Product docum	nentation of the camera model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).	
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Consult product documentation of the camera system.	
		Expected Result:	
		The product documentation states that the camera system supports the capture of color images.	

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-001	
2	Description:
	Consult the product documentation of the camera system.
	Expected Result:
	The product documentation states the support of capturing facial images of a biometric subjects with a body height in the range of 140 cm to 200 cm.

Table 2.3 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-001

Test Case ID: TC-Al	H-FI-BCL-002		
Scope	Examination of image resolution and cropping features of the digital camera used to obtain facial biometrics.		
Preconditions	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.		
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.		
	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.		
	One test su	ubject is available to test the IUT's behaviour.	
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	• test case va	ariants:	
	/TR03122	2/TC-AH-FI-BCL-002/1	
	<b>Table 2.5</b> TC	C-AH-FI-BCL-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		<ul> <li>Position the biometric subject in a distance of 60 cm towards the camera system.</li> </ul>	
		• Acquire an image with the camera system via the CTS interface.	
		Expected Result:	
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>	
		• The CTS verifies that the image returned by the IUT has a resolution of 1600 x 1200 pixels with a maximal deviation of -10%.	

Table 2.4 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-002

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-003			
Scope	Examination of image processing features of the digital camera or provided/integrated software used to obtain facial biometrics.		
Preconditions	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.		
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.		
	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.		
	• Two biometric test subjects are available to test the IUT's behaviour.		

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-003			
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data</li> </ul>		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/	TC-AH-FI-BCL-003/1	
	<b>Table 2.7</b> TC- <i>I</i>	AH-FI-BCL-003 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		• Position one biometric subject in front of the camera system. Verify that this biometric subject is standing in a distance above 40 cm and below 100 cm to the camera system.	
		• Position the second biometric subject in front of the camera system. Veri- fy that the biometric subject is standing in a distance below 40 cm to the ca- mera system.	
		• Attempt to acquire an image with the camera system by using the CTS.	
		Expected Result:	
		• The camera system does not acquire an image.	
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML but not containing facial image data is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>	
Table 2.6 Test Case I	D. TC-AH-FI-BCI-003		

### Table 2.6 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-003

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-004			
Scope	Examination of image processing features of the digital camera or provided/integrated software used to obtain facial biometrics.		
Preconditions	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.		
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.		
	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.		
	• Two biometric test subjects are available to test the IUT's behaviour.		
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC-AH-FI-BCL-004/1		
	Table 2.9 TC-AH-FI-BCL-004 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-004	
1	Description:
	• Position one biometric subject in front of the camera system. Verify that this biometric subject is standing in a distance above 40 cm and below 100 cm to the camera system.
	<ul> <li>Position the second biometric subject in front of the camera system. Verify that the biometric subject is standing in a distance above 100 cm to the ca- mera system.</li> </ul>
	• Acquire an image with the camera system by using the CTS.
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
	• The returned image depicts the biometric subject which was positioned in a distance above 40 cm and below 100 cm to the camera system.
Table 2.9 Test Case ID: TC ALL FL BCL 004	

Table 2.8 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-BCL-004

# 2.1.3. Test Cases FM AH-FI-DC

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-DC-001

Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the facial image camera used to obtain facial biometrics. Note, this requirement is OPTIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.			
Precondition	The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand			
	• Product documentation of the camera model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual)			
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Verify that the sensor of the camera provides a physical resolution of at least 1200 x 1600 pixels.		
		Consult product documentation of the camera.		
		Expected Result:		
		The product documentation states that the physical, native resolution is at least 1200 x 1600 pixels.		
	2	Description:		
		Verify that the active camera setting (e.g. configurable via camera firmware) used for the specific application provides an image resolution of at least 1200 x 1600 pixels.		
		Consult product documentation of the camera or options in the cameras firmware.		
		Expected Result:		
		• The setting provides a native image resolution of at least 1200 x 1600 pixels.		
		This setting is the active setting for the application profile		
Table 2.10 Test Case ID: TC-	-AH-FI-DC-001			

Table 2.10 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-DC-001

Scope	This test case	Examination of technical specifications of the digital camera used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the colour space of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is OP- TIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.		
Precondition	Product doc	Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).		
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		• Verify that the digital camera provides a 24 bit RGB mode.		
		Consult product documentation of the digital camera.		
		Expected Result:		
		The product documentation states that the digital camera is able to capture images in 24 bit RGB.		
Table 2 11 Tost Case ID: TC ALL FL DC 002				

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-DC-002

Table 2.11 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-DC-002

# 2.1.4. Test Cases FM AH-FI-DC2

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-DC2-001			
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the digital camera used to obtain facial biometrics. Note, this requirement is OPTIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.		
Precondition	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand		
	Product docum	nentation of the camera model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual)	
CTS Mode	Not supported	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Verify that the sensor of the camera provides a physical resolution of at least 1244 x 1600 pixels.	
		Consult product documentation of the camera.	
		Expected Result:	
		The product documentation states that the physical, native resolution is at least 1244 x 1600 pixels.	
	2	Description:	
		Verify that the active camera setting (e.g. configurable via camera firmware) used for the specific application provides an image resolution of at least 1244 x 1600 pixels.	
		Consult product documentation of the camera or options in the cameras firm- ware.	
		Expected Result:	
		• The setting provides a native image resolution of at least 1244 x 1600 pixels.	
		• This setting is the active setting for the application profile	
Table 2.12 Test Case ID: TO	C-AH-FI-DC2-001		

Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the digital camera used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the colour space of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is OP- TIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.			
Precondition	Product documer	Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).		
CTS Mode	Not supported	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		• Verify that the digital camera provides a 24 bit RGB mode.		
		Consult product documentation of the digital camera.		
		Expected Result:		
		The product documentation states that the digital camera is able to capture images in 24 bit RGB.		
Table 9 19 Tart Case ID. TO ALL PL DC3 000				

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-DC2-002

Table 2.13 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-DC2-002

# 2.1.5. Test Cases FM AH-FI-EGT

Test Case ID: TC-AH-F			
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the camera system used to obtain digitised facial images in an e-gate scenario.		
Preconditions	• The camera system used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.		
	• Product documentation of the camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).		
CTS Mode	Not sup	ported	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:	
		Consult product documentation of the camera system.	
		Expected Result:	
		• The product documentation states the support of capturing facial images of a bio- metric subject with a body height in the range of 140 cm to 200 cm standing in front of the camera system.	
		• The product documentation states a physical resolution of at least 600x800 pixels wi- thout application of upscaling.	
		Description:	
		Assess the design of the camera system.	
		Expected Result:	
		• The camera system is designed to be placed in the moving direction of the biometric subject.	
		• The camera system obviously does not require a rotation of the biometric subject for acquisition.	
	Table 2.15 TC-AH-FI-EGT-001 Description		
Table 2.14 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-EGT-001			

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-EGT-002

Scope

Examination of properties of digitised facial images captured by the camera system in an e-gate scenario.

Preconditions	• The camera system used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operat		
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.		
	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.		
	One test subject is available to test the IUT's behaviour.		
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-EGT-002

- HTTP method: GET
- test case variants:

/TR03122/TC-AH-FI-EGT-002/1

Table 2.17 TC-AH-FI-EGT-002 Test Case Variants

Description		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• Position the biometric subject in a distance of 50 cm towards the camera system.
		• Acquire an image with the camera system via the CTS interface.
		Expected Result:
		• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is re turned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).
		• The CTS verifies that the image returned by the IUT has a resolution of at least 600x800 pixels.
		• The image has sufficient sharpness for visual identification of the subject and does not obviously distort the captured face.
	2	Description:
		• Position the biometric subject in a distance of 100 cm towards the camera system.
		Acquire an image with the camera system via the CTS interface.
		Expected Result:
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is re turned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
		• The CTS verifies that the image returned by the IUT has a resolution of at least 600x800 pixels.
		• The image has sufficient sharpness for visual identification of the subject and does not obviously distort the captured face.
	3	Description:
		• Position the biometric subject in a distance of 200 cm towards the camera system.
		Acquire an image with the camera system via the CTS interface.
		Expected Result:
		• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).
		• The CTS verifies that the image returned by the IUT has a resolution of at least 600x800 pixels.
		• The image has sufficient sharpness for visual identification of the subject and does not obviously distort the captured face.
	Table 2.1	8 TC-AH-FI-EGT-002 Description
able 2.16 Test Case ID: TC-A	AH-FI-EG	Γ-002

# 2.1.6. Test Cases FM AH-FI-FBS

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-FBS-001			
Scope	Examination of capable image resolution of flat bed scanner used to scan photos for enrolment purposes.		
Precondition	Product documentation of the scanner model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-FBS-001	
1	Description:
	• Verify that the scanner provides a physical resolution of at least 300ppi.
	Consult product documentation of the scanner.
	Expected Result:
	The product documentation states that the physical/native resolution is at least 300ppi.

Table 2.19 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-FBS-001

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-FBS-002			
Scope	Examination of image quality of flat bed scanner used to scan photos for enrolment purposes		
Precondition	• IUT is running	, required modules are loaded.	
	• The scanner us	ed in the specific application profile is connected.	
	• As necessary te	est resources: a photo with at least 36 mm x 45 mm.	
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC	-AH-FI-FBS-002/1	
	Table 2.21 TC-Al	H-FI-FBS-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		• A photo is placed on the scan area.	
		• The IUT is called via the CTS.	
		Expected Result:	
		• The image dimension is 413 pixels width and 531 pixels height with a to- lerance of +/- 10 pixels.	
		• The image has a file size of at least 11 KB.	
		• The image is compressed via the JPEG2000 or JPEG standard.	

Table 2.20 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-FBS-002

# 2.1.7. Test Cases FM AH-FI-ICS

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS-001			
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the integrated camera systems used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the minimum physical resolution of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is OPTIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.		
Precondition	Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS-001	
1	Description:
	• Verify that the sensor of the camera provides a physical resolution of at least 1200 x 1600 pixels without any up-scaling.
	Consult product documentation of the camera.
	Expected Result:
	The product documentation states that the physical, native resolution is at least 1200 x 1600 pixels.

Table 2.22 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS-001

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS-002			
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the integrated camera systems used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the illumination.		
Precondition	Product documentation of the integrated camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		<ul> <li>Verify that the integrated camera system provides diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Verify that the integrated camera system allows high quality acquisitions in- dependently from the environmental light situation.</li> </ul>	
		Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system.	
		Expected Result:	
		<ul> <li>The product documentation states that the camera system uses diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.</li> </ul>	
		• The product documentation states that the camera system allows high qua- lity acquisitions independently from the environmental light situation that can usually be found in the environment in question.	
Table 2 23 Test Case ID. TC-4H-FI-ICS-002			

### Table 2.23 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS-002

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS-003				
Scope	facial images	Examination of technical specifications of the integrated camera systems used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the colour space of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is OPTIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.		
Precondition	Product docu	Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).		
CTS Mode	Not supporte	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		• Verify that the integrated camera system provides a 24 bit RGB mode.		
		Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system.		
		Expected Result:		
		The product documentation states that the camera system is able to capture images in 24 bit RGB.		
Table 7 74 Test Case ID. TC-4H-FLICS-003				

Table 2.24 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS-003

# 2.1.8. Test Cases FM AH-FI-ICS2

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS2-001

Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the integrated camera systems used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the minimum physical resolution of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is OPTIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.		
Precondition	Product doc	Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).	
CTS Mode	Not support	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		• Verify that the sensor of the camera provides a physical resolution of at least 1244 x 1600 pixels without any up-scaling.	
		Consult product documentation of the camera.	
		Expected Result:	
		The product documentation states that the physical, native resolution is at least 1244 x 1600 pixels.	

Table 2.25 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS2-001

Test Case ID: TC-AH-F	I-ICS2-002	
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the integrated camera systems used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the illumination.	
Precondition	Product documentation of the integrated camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• Verify that the integrated camera system provides diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.
		• Verify that the integrated camera system allows high quality acquisitions in- dependently from the environmental light situation.
		Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system.
		Expected Result:
		<ul> <li>The product documentation states that the camera system uses diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.</li> </ul>
		• The product documentation states that the camera system allows high qua- lity acquisitions independently from the environmental light situation that can usually be found in the environment in question.

Table 2.26 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS2-002

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI	I-ICS2-003	
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the integrated camera systems used to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the colour space of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is OPTIONAL for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.	
Precondition	Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS2-003	
1	Description:
	• Verify that the integrated camera system provides a 24 bit RGB mode.
	Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system.
	Expected Result:
	The product documentation states that the camera system is able to capture images in 24 bit RGB.

Table 2.27 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS2-003

Test Case ID: TC-A	H-FI-ICS2-004		
Scope		Examination of technical specifications of the integrated camera systems used to obtain digitised facial images regarding required range for body hight.	
Precondition	Product doc	cumentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).	
CTS Mode	Not support	red	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Consult the product documentation of the camera system.	
		Expected Result:	
		The product documentation states the support of capturing facial images of a biometric subjects with a body height at least in the range of 140 cm to 200 cm.	
	2	Description:	
		Position a face in front of the camera system in such a way that the upper edge of the head is at the minimum height of 140 cm. Capture a facial image.	
		Expected Result:	
		The entire face is visible on the image, in the required resolution.	
	3	Description:	
		Position a face in front of the camera system in such a way that the upper edge of the head is at the height of 170 cm. Capture a facial image.	
		Expected Result:	
		The entire face is visible on the image, in the required resolution.	
	4	Description:	
		Position a face in front of the camera system in such a way that the upper edge of the head is at the maximum height of 200 cm. Capture a facial image.	
		Expected Result:	
		The entire face is visible on the image, in the required resolution.	
Table 2.28 Test Case II	٠ TC- ۵ H-FI-ICS2-00	4	

Table 2.28 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-ICS2-004

# 2.1.9. Test Cases FM AH-FI-SSS

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-SSS-001

Scope

Examination of SSS scenarios where a digitised facial image is obtained.

Test Case ID: TC-AH-F	I-SSS-001		
Preconditions	• The IUT's SSS i	e IUT's SSS is ready for operation.	
	• The SSS implements a graphical user interface and an interface where a single image can be cap- tured.		
	One test subject	ct is available to test the IUT's behaviour.	
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		• The biometric subject initiates the SSS process of the IUT.	
		• Acquire an image with the camera system of the IUT.	
		• Interact with the graphical user interface of the IUT.	
		Expected Result:	
		• A facial image is captured.	
		• During the interaction with the IUT's graphical user interface the biometric subject did not have to rotate his/her head towards the camera system of the IUT for capturing the facial image.	

Table 2.29 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-SSS-001

# 2.1.10. Test Cases FM AH-FI-SSS2

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-SSS2-001

Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the digital camera used to obtain facial biometrics.	
Preconditions	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.	
	Product docum	nentation of the camera model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Consult the product documentation of the camera system.
		Expected Result:
		The product documentation states the support of capturing facial images of a biometric subjects with a body height at least in the range of 140 cm to 200 cm.
Table 2.30 Test Case ID: TC	-AH-FI-SSS2-001	

Test Case ID: TC-AH-F	I-SSS2-002	
Scope	Examination of SSS scenarios where a digitised facial image is obtained.	
Preconditions	• The IUT's SSS is ready for operation.	
	• The SSS implements a graphical user interface and an interface where a single image can be cap- tured.	
	• One test subject is available to test the IUT's behaviour.	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-SSS2-002	
1	Description:
	• The biometric subject initiates the SSS process of the IUT.
	• Acquire a facial image with the camera system of the IUT.
	• Interact with the graphical user interface of the IUT.
	Expected Result:
	• A facial image is captured.
	• During the interation with the IUT's graphical user interface the biometric subject did not have to rotate his/her head towards the camera system of the IUT for capturing the facial image.

Table 2.31 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-SSS2-002

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-SSS2-003		
Scope	Examination of technical specifications of the digital camera used to obtain facial biometrics.	
Preconditions	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.	
	Product docum	nentation of the camera model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Consult the product documentation of the camera system.
		Expected Result:
		The product documentation states the support of capturing facial images of a biometric subject is at least in the range from at least of 70 cm up to 100 cm. In case the product documentation states that it can operate in a greater range than 100 cm, the exact range is listed.

Table 2.32 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FI-SSS2-003

Test Case ID: TC-AH-	FI-SSS2-004
Scope	Examination of image resolution and cropping features of the digital camera used to obtain facial image.
Preconditions	• The camera used in the specific application profile is at hand and ready for operation.
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.
	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.
	• One test subject is available to test the IUT's behaviour.
CTS Mode	• interactive
	no provision of pre-defined input data
	• HTTP method: GET
	test case variants:
	/TR03122/TC-AH-FI-SSS2-004/1
	Table 2.34 TC-AH-FI-SSS2-004 Test Case Variants
Description	Step         Description / Expected Result
νειτηριιοπ	Step Description / Expected Result

1	Description:
	• Position the biometric subject at a distance of 70 cm towards the camera system looking frontal.
	• Acquire a facial image with the camera system via the CTS interface.
	• Verify the image returned by the CTS.
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
	• The CTS verifies that the image returned by the IUT has at least a resolution of 1244 x 1600 pixels and the colour space is 24 bit RGB.
	<ul> <li>The CTS shows a facial image according to the definition of "full fron- tal" (see [ISO_FACE]).</li> </ul>
2	Description:
	<ul> <li>Position the biometric subject in a distance of 100 cm towards the camera system looking frontal.</li> </ul>
	• Acquire a facial image with the camera system via the CTS interface.
	• Verify the image returned by the CTS.
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
	• The CTS verifies that the image returned by the IUT has at least a resoluti of 1244 x 1600 pixels and the colour space is 24 bit RGB.
	<ul> <li>The CTS shows a facial image according to the definition of "full fron- tal" (see [ISO_FACE]).</li> </ul>
3	Description:
	<ul> <li>Position the biometric subject at the maximum possible distance (accordition to the vendor/document sheet) towards the camera system looking front</li> </ul>
	• Acquire a facial image with the camera system via the CTS interface.
	• Verify the image returned by the CTS.
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
	• The CTS verifies that the image returned by the IUT has at least a resoluti of 1244 x 1600 pixels and the colour space is 24 bit RGB.
	<ul> <li>The CTS shows a facial image according to the definition of "full fron- tal" (see [ISO_FACE]).</li> </ul>

# 2.1.11. Test Cases FM AH-FP-ALL

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-ALL-001			
Scope	Check of the image sensors FBI certification.		
Precondition	The vendor of the image sensor provides the FBI certificate of the successful FBI certification.		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		

# Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-ALL-001 Description: 1 Description: Examination of the FBI certificate provided by the vendor. Expected Result: In case of multi finger scanners:

in case of multi iniger scanners.

- The FBI certificate shows, that the device under test is certified according to [EBTS/F].
- The successful FBI certification is not older than 10 years.

In case of single finger scanners:

- The FBI certificate shows, that the device under test is certified according to [EBTS/F] or [PIV].
- The successful FBI certification is not older than 10 years.

### Table 2.35 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-ALL-001

# 2.1.12. Test Cases FM AH-FP-OPT

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-001

Test Gase ID. TO ATT T			
Scope	Test of image sensor linearity.		
Preconditions	• The scanner is connected.		
	The scanner software is set to output unprocessed images.		
	Captured images can be saved for subsequent evaluation.		
	• Depending on the following conditions method A, B, C or D is chosen for the test:		
	• Method A: It is possible to control the integration time of the scanner's image sensor.		
	• Method B: It is possible to control the intensity of the scanner's illumination.		
	• Method C: It is only possible to turn the scanner's illumination on and off.		
	• Method D: Neither of the above can be controlled.		
	Test resources:		
	• Method A and B: A diffuse reflecting uniform white target (e.g. Munsell N9).		
	• Method C: An external extended uniform light source (e.g. LED backlight or similar).		
	• Method B and C: Measurement equipment for measuring the luminance of the illumination.		
	• Method D: A diffuse reflecting target with a grey scale step tablet or a set of uniform neutral grey targets cards with various known reflectance.		
	• Image processing software to determine the average grey value in a region of interest in the image.		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-001	
1	Description:
	• Method A: The white target is placed on the scanner platen. The scanner's il- lumination is turned on and left unchanged during the test. Multiple images are taken while varying the integration time of the image sensor. The set- ting of the integration time is recorded with each image.
	• Method B: The white target is placed on the scanner platen. Multiple images are taken while varying the intensity of the illumination of the scanner. The luminance of the illumination is monitored at the same time and recorded with each image.
	• Method C: The scanner's illumination is turned off. The external light source is placed on the scanner platen. Multiple images are taken while varying the intensity of the external illumination. The luminance of the external illumination is monitored at the same time and recorded with each image.
	• Method D: The grey scale target is placed on the scanner platen and an image is taken. In case of a set of uniform targets images of each target are taken sequentially and the reflectance of the target is recorded with each image.
	• All methods: At least nine images/individual grey values are required that substantially cover the scanners dynamic range.
	Expected Result:
	Set of images with a uniform area covered by the target or a single image of a target with a grey scale step tablet.
2	Description:
	For each of the images the average grey value is determined in the area covered by the colour test card. The average grey value is plotted against the previously recorded integration time (Method A), luminance (Method B, C) or reflectance (Method D).
	Expected Result:
	The resulting plot should be close to a linear function.
	A linear regression is performed over the value pairs (integration time, average grey value),(luminance, average grey value) or (reflectance, grey value). The difference between the average grey value and the grey value from regression is calculated for each measurement.
	None of the calculated differences SHALL exceed 7.65 grey levels.
3	Description:
	A linear regression is performed over the value pairs (integration time, average grey value),(luminance, average grey value) or (reflectance, grey value). The difference between the average grey value and the grey value from regression is calculated for each measurement.
	Expected Result:
	None of the calculated differences SHALL exceed 7.65 grey levels.
Table 2.36 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-001	

Scope

Test of scanner resolution and geometrical accuracy.

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-002					
Preconditions	• The scanner is	• The scanner is connected.			
	• The scanner so	ftware is set to output unprocessed images.			
	Captured imag	Captured images can be saved for subsequent evaluation.			
	Test resources:				
	tern at 1.0 c	• A Ronchi bar pattern target, that consists of an equal-width bar and space square wave pat- tern at 1.0 cy/mm, preferably on a flexible, diffuse white reflecting substrate. The target pat- tern SHALL cover at least 70% of the scanner's capture area.			
	• The test soft	ware WinGeo (IQS Test Tools CD).			
CTS Mode	Not supported				
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result			
	1	Description:			
		The target is placed on the scanner platen and images are taken with the lines of the Ronchi pattern parallel to the pixel columns (vertical bars) and rows (ho- rizontal bars) of the image sensor, respectively. A flexible target has to be pres- sed against the scanner platen to make sure the target is in contact with the platen over the entire pattern area. To discern properties of the scanner and the target the procedure may be repeated with the target being rotated by 180 degrees. If accuracy failures in the images remain at the same location they are most probably due to the scanner.			
		Expected Result:			
		Set of images with the lines of the Ronchi pattern in vertical and horizontal di- rection, respectively.			
	2	Description:			
		The obtained image files are converted to raw image data (pixel grey values wi- thout header) and are processed with the software WinGeo. The program cal- culates the 1-bar and 6-bar distances of the pattern in the image (across-bar ac- curacy) as well as the along-bar accuracy. Also the resolution is calculated from the 6-bar distances.			

### Expected Result:

- Resolution: The scanner's output resolution in both sensor detector row and column directions SHALL be (R ± 0.01 R), with R being 500 pixels per inch or 1000 pixels per inch.
- Across-bar accuracy: The difference D between the distance of the bars on the target and the corresponding distance measured in the image SHALL not exceed in at least 99% of the tested cases in horizontal and vertical direction, respectively:
  - For 500-ppi scanner:
    - $D \le 0.0007$ , for  $0.00 < X \le 0.07$
    - $D \leq 0.01$  X, for 0.07  $\leq X \leq 1.50$
  - For 1,000-ppi scanner:
    - $D \leq$  0.0005, for 0.00 <  $X \leq$  0.07

 $D \leq 0.0071$  X, for 0.07  $\leq X \leq 1.5$ 

where:

- D = |Y X|
- X = actual target distance
- Y = measured image distance
- D, X, Y are in inches.
- Along-bar accuracy: In both vertical bar and horizontal bar orientations, the maximum difference in the horizontal or vertical direction, respectively, between the locations of any two points within a 1.5-inch segment of a given bar image SHALL not exceed 0.016 inches for at least 99.0 percent of the tested cases.

Test Case ID: TC-AH-F	P-OPT-003
Scope	Test of spatial frequency response.
Preconditions	• The scanner is connected.
	• The scanner software is set to output unprocessed images.
	Captured images can be saved for evaluation.
	Test resources:
	• A test chart containing Ronchi test patterns meeting or exceeding the minimum require- ments given in Table 2.39 for 500 ppi scanners or in Table 2.40 for 1000 ppi scanners. The target must also contain large black and white patches for normalizing the contrast. Prefera- bly the target should consist of dark patterns on a flexible, diffuse white reflecting substrate material. The material SHALL be optically opaque and exhibit no significant volume scatte- ring as this degrades the contrast of the patterns. Rigid materials should not be used, if possi- ble, to avoid damage to the image sensor.
	<ul> <li>A file describing the type, position and size of the different patterns on the test chart. This is required for processing the captured images with WinMTF.</li> </ul>
	The test software WinMTF (IQS Test Tools CD).
CTS Mode	Not supported
Description	Step Description / Expected Result

Table 2.37 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-002

1

2

3

### Description:

The target is placed on the scanner platen and images are taken with the lines of the Ronchi pattern parallel to the pixel columns (vertical bars) and rows (horizontal bars) of the image sensor, respectively. A flexible target has to be pressed against the scanner platen to make sure the target is in contact with the platen over the entire pattern area. If the target pattern covers less than 25% of the scanners capture area, the procedure is applied to the right and the left half of the capture area, respectively. The bars of the Ronchi patterns have to be aligned with the pixel rows and columns to an angle less than 0.5°. If the images from the scanner are inverted they have to be inverted back to show dark patterns on a bright background.

### Expected Result:

Set of images with the bars of the Ronchi pattern in vertical and horizontal direction, showing dark patterns on a bright background.

Description:

The resulting images files are converted to TIFF format and are processed with the tool WinMTF. This program determines the modulation in each of the Ronchi test patterns. These modulation values are absolute with respect to the dynamic range of the image and do not represent the contrast transfer function (CTF).

### Expected Result:

Absolute modulation values for each of the Ronchi patterns on the test chart.

Description:

The absolute modulation values have to be normalized by the modulation of the large black and white patches on the test chart, representing a spatial frequency of approximately zero cycles per millimetre. The average grey level in the black and white patches is calculated and the modulation is calculated as follows:  $M_0 = \frac{G_{white} - G_{black}}{G_{white} + G_{black}}$ 

with

- *M*<sub>0</sub>: Modulation for 0 cy/mm
- *G*<sub>white</sub>: average grey level in the white patch
- *G*<sub>black</sub>: average grey level in the black patch

Having determined  $M_0$  the value of the CTF can be calculated from the modulation of the Ronchi pattern:  $CTF(R) = \frac{M(R))}{M_0}$ 

with M(R) Modulation at spatial frequency R

Expected Result:

- The values of the CTF for each of the spatial frequencies specified in ▶Table 2.39 (500 ppi scanners) or ▶Table 2.40 (1000 ppi scanners) must be greater than the corresponding minimum CTF and less than the corresponding maximum CTF specified in the same table.
- The resulting image SHALL be free from significant effects of aliasing.

Table 2.38 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-003

Spatial Fre- quency R [cy- cles/mm]	R/Rnyquist 500ppi	Min. Number of Bars	Bar width [mm]	Min. Length of Bars [mm]	Min. CTF 500ppi	Max. CTF
<0,3	3%	1	>1.7	1.7	-	-
1	10%	4	0.500	2.5	0.948	1.05
2	20%	5	0.250	2.5	0.869	1.05
3	30%	5	0.167	2.5	0.791	1.05
4	40%	5	0.125	2.5	0.713	1.05
5	50%	10	0.100	2.5	0.636	1.05
6	60%	10	0.083	2.5	0.559	1.05
7	70%	10	0.071	2.5	0.483	1.05
8	80%	10	0.063	2.5	0.408	1.05
9	90%	10	0.056	2.5	0.333	1.05
10	100%	10	0.050	2.5	0.259	1.05

Table 2.39 Requirements for CTF test charts for 500 ppi scanners

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Spatial Fre- quency R [cy- cles/mm]	R/Rnyquist 500ppi	Min. Number of Bars	Bar width [mm]	Min. Length of Bars [mm]	Min. CTF 500ppi	Max. CTF
<0,3	2%	1	>1.7	1.7	-	-
1	5%	4	0.500	2.5	0.957	1.05
2	10%	4	0.250	2.5	0.904	1.05
3	15%	5	0.167	2.5	0.854	1.05
4	20%	5	0.125	2.5	0.805	1.05
5	25%	5	0.100	2.5	0.760	1.05
6	30%	5	0.083	2.5	0.716	1.05
7	35%	5	0.071	2.5	0.675	1.05
8	40%	5	0.063	2.5	0.636	1.05
9	45%	10	0.056	2.5	0.598	1.05
10	50%	10	0.050	2.5	0.563	1.05
12	60%	10	0.042	2.5	0.497	1.05
14	70%	10	0.036	2.5	0.437	1.05
16	80%	10	0.031	2.5	0.382	1.05
18	90%	10	0.028	2.5	0.332	1.05
20	100%	10	0.025	2.5	0.284	1.05

Table 2.40 Requirements for CTF test charts for 1000 ppi scanners

### Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-004

Scope

Test of signal to noise ratio and grey level uniformity.

Test Case ID: TC-A	H-FP-OPT-004			
Preconditions	The scanne	er is connected.		
	The scanne	<ul> <li>The scanner software is set to output unprocessed images.</li> </ul>		
	Captured in	mages can be saved for evaluation.		
	Test resource	ces:		
		rm diffuse reflecting neutral grey target of high reflectance that covers the scanner's apture area (e.g Munsell N9).		
		rm diffuse reflecting neutral grey target of low reflectance that covers the scanner's apture area (e.g Munsell N2).		
	• The test	software signal-to-noise ratio (SNR)(IQS Test Tools CD).		
CTS Mode	Not supported	1		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		The black target is placed on the scanner platen and an image is taken. After that the procedure is repeated with the white target. The definition of "black image" and "white image" for the subsequent analyses depends on the grey va- lue that the target would produce in the final fingerprint image. If high reflec- tance produces a high grey value in the final fingerprint image then the image obtained with the high reflectance target is considered the "white image". If low reflectance produces a high grey value (inverting behaviour) then the image obtained with the low reflectance target is considered the "white image". The other image is then considered the "black image".		
		Expected Result:		
		• A black image with the average grey value in the image being at least 4 grey levels above the scanner's minimum output grey level.		
		• A white image with the average grey value in the image being at least 4 grey levels below the scanner's maximum output grey level.		
	2	Description:		
		The black and white images are converted to raw image data (pixel grey values without header) and are processed with the software SNR. The program divide the images in blocks of 6.35 mm x 6.35 mm and determines the average grey level, the standard deviation, the grey level averages in the columns and rows, respectively, and the number of pixels with a higher-than-allowed difference of the grey level from the average in each of the blocks. With these quantities the required tests regarding signal-noise-ratio and grey level uniformity are performed.		

Expected Result:

• Signal to noise ratio: Signal is defined as the difference between the average grey levels of corresponding blocks in the white and the black image. Noise is defined as the standard deviation of the grey levels in each block of the white and black image, respectively. The signal-noise ratio is calculated as

with 
$$SNR_{black} = \frac{\overline{G_{white}} - \overline{G_{black}}}{\sigma_{black}}$$
,  $SNR_{white} = \frac{\overline{G_{white}} - \overline{G_{black}}}{\sigma_{white}}$ 

 $\overline{G_{white}}, \overline{G_{black}}$ : average grey level in a block of the black and white image, respectively

 $\sigma_{white}, \sigma_{black}:$  standard deviation of the grey levels in a block of the black and white image, respectively

The signal to noise ratio SHALL exceed 125 for at least 97% of the tested blocks in both the black and the white image.

- Grey level uniformity requirement #1 (adjacent row, column uniformity): At least 99% of the average grey levels between every two adjacent 6.35 mm long rows and 99% between every two adjacent 6.35 mm long columns, SHALL not differ by more than 1.0 grey levels in the black and SHALL not differ by more than 2.0 grey levels in the white image.
- Grey level uniformity requirement #2 (pixel to pixel uniformity): For at least 99.9% of all pixels within every independent 6.35 mm x 6.35 mm block no individual pixel's grey level SHALL vary from the average by more than 8.0 grey levels in the black image, and SHALL not vary from the average by more than 22.0 grey levels in the white image.
- Grey level uniformity requirement #3 (small area uniformity): For every two independent 6.35 mm x 6.35 mm blocks the average grey levels of the two blocks SHALL not differ by more than 3.0 grey levels in the black image, and SHALL not differ by more than 12.0 grey levels in the white image.

Test Case ID: TC-AH-F	Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-005			
Scope	Test of fingerprint image quality.			
Preconditions	• The scanner is connected.			
	• The scanner so	ftware is set to output completely processed fingerprint images.		
	Captured imag	es can be saved for evaluation.		
	Test resources:			
	• 10 different test persons.			
	Image proce	essing software for histogram analysis.		
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Images of every finger of each test person are taken with the scanner. If the scanner is capable of capturing 4-finger images additional 4-finger images of each hand are taken.		
		Expected Result:		
		Images of every finger of each test person. In case of a 4-finger scanner also 4- finger images of every hand of each test person.		

Table 2.41 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-004

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-005	
2	Description:
	For each image a histogram of the grey levels is produced. The histogram is tested for gaps and the number of grey levels with at least 5 counts in the image are counted.
	Expected Result:
	• The number of grey levels present with at least 5 pixels in the image SHALL be at least 128 for at least 99% of the tested images.
	• The number of grey levels present with at least 5 pixels in the image SHALL be at least 200 for at least 80% of the tested images.
	• There SHALL be no gaps in the histogram.
Table 2.42 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-OPT-005	

# 2.1.13. Test Cases FM AH-FP-SSS

Test Case ID: TC-A	Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-SSS-001				
Scope	Examination	Examination of SSS scenarios where digitised fingerprint images are obtained.			
Preconditions	• The IUT's	s SSS is ready for operation.			
		• The SSS implements a graphical user interface and an interface where fingerprint images can be captured.			
	• Two test	subjects are available to test the IUT's behaviour.			
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	/e			
	<ul> <li>no provis</li> </ul>	sion of pre-defined input data			
	• HTTP met	thod: GET			
	• test case v	variants:			
		22/TC-AH-FP-SSS-001/1			
	Table 2.44	TC-AH-FP-SSS-001 Test Case Variants			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result			
	1	Description:			
		• The biometric subject initiates the SSS process of the IUT.			
		• Acquire fingerprint images with the acquisition system of the IUT using the right hand.			
		• Interact with the graphical user interface of the IUT.			
		Expected Result:			
		Fingerpint images of the right hand are captured.			
	2	Description:			
		• The biometric subject initiates the SSS process of the IUT.			
		• Acquire fingerprint images with the acquisition system of the IUT using the left hand.			
		• Interact with the graphical user interface of the IUT.			
		Expected Result:			
		Fingerpint images of the left hand are captured.			

Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-SSS-001	
3	Description:
	• The biometric subject initiates the SSS process of the IUT with another sub- ject being present within the reach of the fingerprint acquisition system of the SSS.
	• Acquire fingerprint images with the acquisition system of the IUT using the left or right hand.
	• Interact with the graphical user interface of the IUT.
	Expected Result:
	• During the fingerprint acquisition process multiple persons are detected by the SSS.
	• The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the acquisitionis is negative.
	• The multiple person detection result is cached locally on the SSS.

Table 2.43 Test Case ID: TC-AH-FP-SSS-001

# 2.2. Test Cases Acquisition Software

# 2.2.1. Test Cases FM AS-FI-ICS3

### Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS3-001

Scope	Examination of correctness of the software module used for integrated camera systems in order to obtain digitised facial images for detection of multiple faces.			
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.			
	• The integra	ted camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.		
	• The IUT im	plements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.		
	• The IUT is a	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.		
	At least two	o test subjects are available to test the IUT's behaviour.		
CTS Mode	• interactive			
	no provision of pre-defined input data			
	• HTTP method: GET			
	test case variants:			
	/TR03122	/TC-AS-FI-ICS3-001/1/		
Table		C-AS-FI-ICS3-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results		
	1	Description:		
		• A single biometric subject is present in the IUT's capture area.		
		<ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a compliant face presentation is performed according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.</li> </ul>		

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS3-001	
	Expected Results:
	• A compliant facial image is acquired according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.
	• The acceptance conditions (i.e. no multiple faces detected) are satisfied and achieved.
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
2	Description:
	• More than one biometric subjects are present in the IUT's capture area.
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant face presentation containing multiple faces is performed.
	Expected Results:
	• Facial image acquisition by the IUT is omitted.
	• The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the acquisition is negative.
	• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML but not containing facial image

• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML but not containing facial image data is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).

Table 2.45 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS3-001

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS3-002			
Scope	Examination of correctness of the software module used for integrated camera systems to obtain digitised facial images for estimating the distance between the forehead of the subject and the optics of the camera system.		
		n of the distance between the forehead of the biometric subject and the optics of m a tolerance of 10 % is taken into account.	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in a	operation, required modules are loaded.	
	• The integrated	d camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.	
	• The IUT imple	ements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.	
	• The IUT is abl	e to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.	
	• One test subje	ct is available to test the IUT's behaviour.	
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>		
	• no provision of	of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method	: GET	
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC-AS-FI-ICS3-002/1/		
	<b>Table 2.48</b> TC-A	S-FI-ICS3-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	1	Description:	
		The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a compliant face pre- sentation is performed, i.e. the distance of subject is within the IUT's specified optimal range (40 cm +10% to 100 cm -10% resulting in 44 cm to 90 cm) for ac- quisition according to FM AS-FI-ICS3 and FM AH-FI-BCL, respectively.	

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS3-002	
	Expected Results:
	A compliant facial image is captured according to FM AS-FI-ICS3
	• The acceptance conditions (i.e. tolerable distance of the presented face) are satisfied and achieved.
	<ul> <li>The IUT behaves according to the test description, i.e. no positional adjust- ment of subject is required.</li> </ul>
	• As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).
2	Description:
	The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant face presentation is performed, i.e. the subject moves foward until its distance to the IUT falls below the specified optimal range for acquisition (40 cm -10% resulting in 36 cm) according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.
	Expected Results:
	• No facial image is captured by the IUT.
	• The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the acquisition is negative.
3	Description:
	The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant face presentation is performed, i.e. the test subject moves backwards until its distance to the IUT rises above the specified optimal range for acquisition (100 cm +10% resulting in 110 cm) according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.
	Expected Results:
	• No facial image is captured by the IUT.

• The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the acquisition is negative.

Table 2.47 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS3-002

# 2.2.2. Test Cases FM AS-FI-DC

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI	-DC-001		
Scope	Examination of the software module used for acquisition of digitised facial images		
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded		
	The digital camera used in the specific application scenario is connected		
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	<ul> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chap- ter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")</li> </ul>		
	HTTP method: GET		
	• test case variants: /TR03122/TC-AS-FI-DC-001/1		
	Table 2.50 TC-AS-FI-DC-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-DC-001	
1	Description:
	Check proper data encoding, resolution and format of the returned image
	Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
	Capture an image with the camera, examine the digitised image data
	Check the resulting image for visible compression artefacts
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition and bio:Records)</li> </ul>
	• The image is at least of resolution 1200 x 1600 pixels with an inter eye dis- tance of at least 120 pixels and stored in colour (24 bit RGB). Note, the latter requirement is not mandatory for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.
	Regarding compression artefacts:
	<ul> <li>For digital cameras, no compression artefacts are visible in the resulting image.</li> </ul>
	• For webcams, no severe compression artefacts are visible in the resulting image.
<b>Table 7.49</b> Test Case ID: TC-4S-FI-DC-001	

Table 2.49 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-DC-001

# 2.2.3. Test Cases FM AS-FI-DC2

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-DC2-00	1
-------------------------------	---

Scope	Examination of	the software module used for acquisition of digitised facial images	
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded		
	• The digital ca	amera used in the specific application scenario is connected	
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	• no provision of pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chap- ter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	test case variants:		
/TR03122/TC-AS-FI-DC2-001/1		TC-AS-FI-DC2-001/1	
	Table 2.52 TC-AS-FI-DC2-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check proper data encoding, resolution and format of the returned image	
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface	
		<ul> <li>Capture an image with the camera, examine the digitised image data</li> </ul>	

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-DC2-001	
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition and bio:Records)</li> </ul>
	• The image is at least of resolution 1244 x 1600 pixels with an inter eye dis- tance of at least 300 pixels and stored in colour (24 bit RGB). Note, the latter requirement is not mandatory for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.
	There are no visible compression artefacts in the resulting image

Table 2.51 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-DC2-001

# 2.2.4. Test Cases FM AS-FI-FBS

### Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-FBS-001

2			
Scope	tised applicatio	Examination of acquisition software for flat bed scanners that are used for the provisioning of digi- tised application forms. This test case covers the image format used by the acquisition software of the scanner system.	
Precondition	• IUT is runni	ng, required modules are loaded	
	A document	scanner is connected	
	As test resou	rce: a application form preferable for German Identity Document (GID)	
CTS Mode	• automatic		
	<ul> <li>Image provision as JPEG or JPEG2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")</li> <li>HTTP method: GET</li> </ul>		
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC-AS-FI-FBS-001/1		
	<b>Table 2.54</b> TC	-AS-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Table 2.54 TC		
Description		-AS-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	-AS-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result	
Description	Step	-AS-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result Description:	
Description	Step	-AS-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants           Description / Expected Result           Description:         • Initiate the test case via the test interface.	
Description	Step	-AS-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result Description: Initiate the test case via the test interface. Verfiy compression of file with BMP decoder/viewer.	
Description	Step	-AS-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result Description: Initiate the test case via the test interface. Verfiy compression of file with BMP decoder/viewer. Expected Result: A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded image is	

Table 2.53 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-FBS-001

# 2.2.5. Test Cases FM AS-FI-ICS

### Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-001

Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the image formats supported by the acquisition software of the camera system.
Precondition	Product documentation of the utilised camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-001			
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Consult the product documentation of the camera system and check the supported image formats.	
		Expected Result:	
		The product documentation states that the software provides raw uncompres- sed image data e.g. YUV422 or RGB or the software provides a lossless image container format (e.g. BMP, TIFF).	

### Table 2.55 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-001

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-002				
Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the minimum physical resolu- tion of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is not MANDATORY for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.			
Preconditions	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application profile is connected and the system is ready for capturing.			
	• Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).			
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		• Verify that the active camera setting (e.g. configurable via camera firmware) used for the specific application provides an image resolution of at least 1200 x 1600 pixels without any up-scaling.		
		• Consult product documentation of the camera and options in the cameras firmware.		
		Expected Results:		
		• The setting provides a native image resolution of at least 1200 x 1600 pixels.		
		• This setting is the active setting for the application profile.		
Table 2.56 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-002				

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-003				
Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the illumination.			
Preconditions	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application profile is connected and the system is ready for capturing.			
	• Product documentation of the integrated camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).			
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step Description / Expected Result			

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-003	
1	Description:
	<ul> <li>Verify that the active setting of the integrated camera system used for the specific application provides diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.</li> </ul>
	• Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system and options in the firmware.
	Expected Results:
	• The setting provides diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.
	• The setting is the active setting for the application profile.
Table 2.57 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-003	

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-004				
Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the colour space of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is not MANDATORY for scenarios where only a facial verifica- tion is performed.			
Preconditions	0	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application profile is connected and the system is ready for capturing.		
	• Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).			
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		• Verify that the active setting of the integrated camera system used for the specific application provides the ability to capture images in colour.		
		• Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system and opti- ons in the firmware.		
		Expected Result:		
		The setting provides the ability to capture images in colour (24 bit RGB).		
Table 2.58 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS-004				

# 2.2.6. Test Cases FM AS-FI-ICS2

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-001				
Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the image formats supported by the acquisition software of the camera system.			
Precondition	Product documentation of the utilised camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).			
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Consult the product documentation of the camera system and check the supported image formats.		

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-001

### Expected Result:

The product documentation states that the software provides raw uncompressed image data e.g. YUV422 or RGB or the software provides a lossless image container format (e.g. BMP, TIFF).

Table 2.59 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-001

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI	I-ICS2-002	
Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the minimum physical resolu- tion of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is not MANDATORY for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.	
Preconditions	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application profile is connected and the sys- tem is ready for capturing.	
	Product docum	nentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• Verify that the active camera setting (e.g. configurable via camera firmware) used for the specific application provides an image resolution of at least 1244 x 1600 pixels without any up-scaling.
		• Consult product documentation of the camera and options in the cameras firmware.
		Expected Results:
		• The setting provides a native image resolution of at least 1244 x 1600 pixels.
		• This setting is the active setting for the application profile.

Table 2.60 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-002

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-003		
Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the illumination.	
Preconditions	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application profile is connected and the system is ready for capturing.	
	Product docum	nentation of the integrated camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• Verify that the active setting of the integrated camera system used for the specific application provides diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.
		• Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system and opti- ons in the firmware.

 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-003

 Expected Results:

 • The setting provides diffuse lighting adapting to the environmental light conditions.

• The setting is the active setting for the application profile.

Table 2.61 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-003

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI	-ICS2-004	
Scope	Examination of technical specifications for acquisition software used for integrated camera sys- tems in order to obtain digitised facial images. This test case covers the colour space of the captured facial image. Note, this requirement is not MANDATORY for scenarios where only a facial verifica- tion is performed.	
Preconditions	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application profile is connected and the system is ready for capturing.	
	• Product documentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• Verify that the active setting of the integrated camera system used for the specific application provides the ability to capture images in colour.
		<ul> <li>Consult product documentation of the integrated camera system and opti- ons in the firmware.</li> </ul>
		Expected Result:
		The setting provides the ability to capture images in colour (24 bit RGB).

Table 2.62 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-004

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-005			
Scope	Examination of th	Examination of the software module used for acquisition of digitised facial images	
Precondition	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application profile is connected and the system is ready for capturing.		
	Product docum	nentation of the camera unit is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual).	
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check proper data encoding, resolution and format of the returned image	
		Capture an image with the camera, examine the digitised image data	
		Check the resulting image for visible compression artefacts	
		Expected Result:	
		• The image is at least of resolution 1244 x 1600 pixels with an inter eye dis- tance of at least 300 pixels and stored in colour (24 bit RGB). Note, the latter requirement is not mandatory for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed.	
		There are no visible compression artefacts in the resulting image	
Table 2.63 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FI-ICS2-005			

### 2.2.7. Test Cases FM AS-FP-MF

### Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-MF-001

Test Case ID: TC-A	S-FP-MF-001			
Scope	dium/default	of correct functionality of the fingerprint scanners pre-qualification regarding a me- setting and test configurability of pre-qualification thresholds, regarding relaxed and (if supported by the IUT).		
Preconditions	• IUT is runi	• IUT is running, required modules are loaded.		
	• A multi fin	A multi fingerprint scanner is connected.		
	As necessa	ry test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with.		
	Test case in	nitiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces").		
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>			
	no provisio	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP meth	• HTTP method: GET		
	• test case va	ariants:		
	/TR03122	2/TC-AS-FP-MF-001/1/		
	<b>Table 2.65</b> T	'C-AS-FP-MF-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results		
	1	Description:		
		• Configure a medium pre-qualification threshold (e.g. default value, via soft- ware/firmware, consult product documentation).		
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.		
		• Place fingers on the scanner, at first with slightest pressure.		
		<ul> <li>Successively increase pressure and improve finger position on the scanner, until auto capture is performed.</li> </ul>		
		Expected Results:		
		• The automatic activation of the acquisition does not occur immediately.		
		• With improving fingerprint quality over time, the scanner performs the automatic acquisition.		
		• A message is given that the required fingerprints were captured successfully.		
		• As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint image in Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) format is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).		
	2	Description:		
		Configure pre-qualification threshold as relaxed as possible.		
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.		
		• Place fingers on the scanner, at first with slightest pressure.		
		• Successively increase pressure and improve finger position on the scanner.		
		Expected Results:		
		• The automatic activation of the scanner triggers early (in comparison to step 1.).		
		• A message is given that the required fingerprints were captured successfully.		
		• As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint image in Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) format is returned via the test interface (bio: FingerAcquisition)		

via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-MF-001	
3	Description:
	Configure pre-qualification threshold as strict as possible.
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	• Place fingers on the scanner, at first with slightest pressure.
	• Successively increase pressure and improve finger position on the scanner.
	Expected Results:
	• The automatic activation of the scanner triggers very late (in comparison to step 1.) or not at all.
	• A message is given that the required fingerprints were captured successfully respectively no message is given at all.
	• As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint image in Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) format is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).

Table 2.64 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-MF-001

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-MF-002		
Scope	Examination of the fingerprint scanners resulting image resolution.	
Preconditions	Product documentation of the fingerprint scanner model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual, manufacturer declaration).	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results
	1	Description:
		• Verify that the resolution of the fingerprint scanner fulfils the requirements for acquisition setting levels 31 or 41 [ISO_FINGER]
		Consult product documentation
		Expected Results:
		The documentation attests that the requirements are fulfilled.
Table 2.66 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-MF-002		

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-MF-003			
Scope	Examination of the fingerprint scanners pre-qualification regarding their configuration.		
Preconditions		Product documentation of the fingerprint scanner model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual, manu-facturer declaration).	
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	1	Description:	
		Verify that the pre-qualification is configurable by a system administrator	
		Consult product documentation	
		Expected Results:	
		The documentation attests that the requirements are fulfilled.	
Table 2.67 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-MF-003			

### 2.2.8. Test Cases FM AS-FP-ROLL

Test Case ID: TC-A	S-FP-ROLL-001			
Scope	Examination	Examination of the software module used for rolled fingerprint acquisition		
Precondition	• The IUT is	The IUT is running and required modules are loaded		
	• A fingerpri	A fingerprint scanner providing rolled fingerprints is connected		
	• Five test pe	ersons are available in order to perform fingerprint acquisition		
	• A trained o	operator conducts the capture process with the test persons		
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>			
	-	on of pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chap- formance Test Interfaces'')		
	• HTTP meth	nod: GET		
	• test case va	ariants:		
		2/TC-AS-FP-ROLL-001/1		
	<b>Table 2.69</b> T	'C-AS-FP-ROLL-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Check the captured rolled fingerprint image		
		For each finger of each test person:		
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface		
		Start the acquisition		
		Roll finger uniformly from nail to nail		
		Examine resulting image from acquisition		
		Note:		
		• It is not required to acquire the fingerprints of all test persons directly in line		
		• It is required to acquire all ten fingerprints of different test persons and not from one test person several times to achieve five capture processes		
		The operator is required to be trained in capturing fingerprints of persons to ensure a realistic finger roll process		

### Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-ROLL-001

#### Expected Result

As a result per acquisition, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (bio:Finger-Acquisition and bio:Records)

For each captured fingerprint image of each test person, the following results are expected:

- The resulting image shows the full width of the rolled fingerprint. Typically the image will roughly be of rectangular shape.
- The captured fingerprint image does not depict visible distortion or interruptions. The captured fingerprint image depicts the fingerprint from nail to nail.
- The captured fingerprint image depicts a faithful reproduction of the fingerprint, especially in the areas where the rolled fingerprint overlaps with the corresponding plain print.
- The captured fingerprint image does not depict visible distortion or interruptions.
- The captured fingerprint image does not depict puzzle effects such that parts of the fingerprint image are displaced from their actual position.
- · The captured fingerprint image clearly depicts friction ridges.
- The captured fingerprint image does not depict blurring and smearing.
- The captured fingerprint image clearly depicts ridge patterns.
- If features exists for the given fingerprint:
  - The captured fingerprint image clearly depicts features.
  - If loop features exists for the given fingerprint:
    - The captured fingerprint image clearly depicts loop features (core and delta).
- The captured fingerprint image clearly depicts existing features at the border zone of the image.
- The captured fingerprint image depicts the fingerprint's upper part.
- The captured fingerprint image depicts the fingerprint's core area with ridge lines.
- If delta features exists for the given fingerprint:

The captured fingerprint image depicts the fingerprints delta features.

- The captured fingerprint image depicts the fingerprint's baseline (bottom area).
- The vertical axis of the fingerprint depicted in the captured image is in parallel with the fingerprint image's vertical axis.
- Note: In case of doubt whether one or several of the conditions above hold true for the given fingerprint, a dactyloscopy expert SHALL be consulted for clarification.

Table 2.68 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-ROLL-001

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-ROLL-002
---------------------------------

Scope	Examination of the fingerprint scanners resulting image resolution
Precondition	Product documentation of the fingerprint scanner model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual, manu- facturer declaration)

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-ROLL-002		
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Verify that the resolution of the fingerprint scanner fulfils the requirements for acquisition setting levels 31 or 41 [ISO_FINGER]
		Consult product documentation
		Expected Result:
		The documentation attests that the requirements are fulfilled

Table 2.70 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-ROLL-002

Test Case ID: TC-AS-F	P-ROLL-003	
Scope	Examination of the software module used for rolled fingerprint acquisition	
Precondition	The IUT is running and required modules are loaded	
	• A fingerprint s	canner providing rolled fingerprints is connected
	• A test person is	s available in order to perform fingerprint acquisition
	• A trained oper	ator conducts the capture process with the test person
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Check the captured rolled fingerprint image
		For exactly two different fingers of the test person:
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
		• Start the acquisition.
		• Roll finger from nail to nail, causing blurring and smearing each exactly on- ce.
		Examine resulting image from acquisition
		Note:
		The operator is required to be trained in capturing fingerprints of persons to ensure a realistic finger roll process.
		Expected Result:
		For both captured fingerprint images of the test person, the following results are expected:
		<ul> <li>One captured fingerprint image depicts blurring and the other one smea- ring.</li> </ul>
		• In both cases the acquisition software detects the occurrence of blurring or smearing.
		• In both cases a warning is shown to the operator.
		• In both cases the acquisition software does not perform any correction con- cerning the blurring and smearing.
Table 2.71 Test Case ID: TO	C-AS-FP-ROLL-003	

Table 2.71 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-ROLL-003

### 2.2.9. Test Cases FM AS-FP-SF

### Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SF-001

Test Case ID: TC-A				
Scope	dium/defaul	of correct functionality of the fingerprint scanners pre-qualification regarding a me- t setting and test configurability of pre-qualification thresholds, regarding relaxed and s (if supported by the IUT).		
Preconditions	• IUT is run	nning, required modules are loaded.		
	• A single fi	A single fingerprint scanner is connected.		
	As necess	ary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with.		
	• Test case	initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces").		
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactiv</li> </ul>	e		
	no provis	ion of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP met	hod: GET		
	• test case v	variants:		
	/TR0312	2/TC-AS-FP-SF-001/1/		
	Table 2.73	TC-AS-FP-SF-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results		
	1	Description:		
		• Configure a medium pre-qualification threshold (e.g. default value, via soft- ware/firmware, consult product documentation).		
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.		
		• Place single finger on the scanner, at first with slightest pressure.		
		• Successively increase pressure and improve finger position on the scanner, until auto capture is performed.		
		Expected Results:		
		The automatic activation of the acquisition does not occur immediately.		
		• With improving fingerprint quality over time, the scanner performs the automatic acquisition.		
		• A message is given that the required fingerprint was captured successfully.		
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint image in Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) format is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).</li> </ul>		
	2	Description:		
		Configure pre-qualification threshold as relaxed as possible.		
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.		
		• Place single finger on the scanner, at first with slightest pressure.		
		• Successively increase pressure and improve finger position on the scanner.		
		Expected Results:		
		• The automatic activation of the scanner triggers early (in comparison to step 1.).		
		• A message is given that the required fingerprint was captured successfully.		
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint image in Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) format is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).</li> </ul>		

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SF-001	
3	Description:
	Configure pre-qualification threshold as strict as possible.
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	• Place single finger on the scanner, at first with slightest pressure.
	Successively increase pressure and improve finger position on the scanner.
	Expected Results:
	• The automatic activation of the scanner triggers very late (in comparison to step 1.) or not at all.
	• A message is given that the required fingerprint was captured successfully respectively no message is given at all.
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint image in Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) format is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).</li> </ul>

Table 2.72 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SF-001

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SF-002		
Scope	Examination of the fingerprint scanners pre-qualification regarding their configuration.	
Preconditions	Product documentation of the fingerprint scanner model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual, manu-facturer declaration).	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results
	1	Description:
		• Verify that the pre-qualification is configurable by a system administrator
		Consult product documentation
		Expected Results:
		The documentation attests that the requirements are fulfilled.
		1

Table 2.74 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SF-002

### 2.2.10. Test Cases FM AS-FP-SLP

Test Case ID: TC-AS	S-FP-SLP-001
Scope	Examination of correctness of automatic classification of left and right hand slap.
Preconditions	• IUT is running, required modules are loaded.
	• A four finger slap scanner is connected.
	As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with.
	• Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces").
CTS Mode	interactive
	no provision of pre-defined input data
	• HTTP method: GET
	test case variants:
	/TR03122/TC-AS-FP-SLP-001/1/

Table 2.76 TC-AS-FP-SLP-001 Test Case Variants

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SLP-001		
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results
	1	Description:
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
		Place left hand slap properly on the scanner.
		<ul> <li>Perform a capture of the hand slap, e.g. according to PAP Task ACQ-FPS- SV-2: Capture Slap Supervised.</li> </ul>
		Expected Results:
		• The activation of the acquisition occurs automatically.
		• A message is given that the required fingerprints were captured successfully.
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the correct slap code is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerClassifierInfor- mation within bio:FingerAcquisition).</li> </ul>
	2	Description:
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
		Place right hand slap properly on the scanner.
		• Perform a capturing of the hand slap, e.g. according to PAP Task ACQ-FPS- SV-2: Capture Slap Supervised.
		Expected Results:
		The activation of the acquisition occurs automatically.
		• A message is given that the required fingerprints were captured successfully.
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the correct slap code is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerClassifierInfor- mation within bio:FingerAcquisition).</li> </ul>

Table 2.75 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SLP-001

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SLP-002		
Scope	Examination of the	e performance and configurability of the automated hand slap classification.
Preconditions	The vendor of the cy of the classificat	algorithm provides a documentation which gives information about the accura- tion algorithm.
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results
	1	Description:
		Examination of the documentation provided by the vendor of the classificati- on algorithm.

Test Case ID: TC-AS-	-FP-SLP-002
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>The documentation gives information of the performance of the algorithm based on a reference database.</li> </ul>
	• The documentation gives evidence that the classification algorithm ensures an accuracy of at least 99%, i.e. 99% of left and right hand slaps are correctly classified.
	<ul> <li>The documentation gives evidence that the classification algorithm can be calibrated for accuracy levels using configurable thresholds in case the clas- sification algorithm returns more than two possible results, e.g. "left", "right" and "unknown".</li> </ul>
Table 2.77 Test Case ID:	TC-AS-FP-SLP-002
Test Case ID: TC-AS-	-FP-SLP-003
Scope	Examination of deactivation of automated hand slap classification.
Preconditions	• IUT is running, required modules are loaded.
	A four finger slap scanner is connected.
	• As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with.
	• Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces").
CTS Mode	interactive

- no provision of pre-defined input data
- HTTP method: GET
- test case variants:

Step

1

### /TR03122/TC-AS-FP-SLP-003/1/

Table 2.79 TC-AS-FP-SLP-003 Test Case Variants

Description

### Descriptions/ Expected Results

Description:

- Activate automated hand slap classification (e.g. via software/firmware, consult product documentation).
- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
- Place hand slap properly on the scanner.
- Perform a capture of the hand slap, e.g. according to PAP Task ACQ-FPS-SV-2: Capture Slap Supervised.

Expected Results:

- The activation of the acquisition occurs automatically.
- A message is given that the required fingerprints were captured successfully.
- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the correct slap code is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerClassifierInformation within bio:FingerAcquisition).

Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SLP-003	
2	Description:
	<ul> <li>Deactivate automated hand slap classification (e.g. via software/firmware, consult product documentation).</li> </ul>
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	Place hand slap properly on the scanner.
	<ul> <li>Perform a capturing of the hand slap, e.g. according to PAP Task ACQ-FPS- SV-2: Capture Slap Supervised.</li> </ul>
	Expected Results:
	• The activation of the acquisition occurs automatically.
	• A message is given that the required fingerprints were captured successfully.
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing no slap code is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerClassifierInformation wi- thin bio:FingerAcquisition).</li> </ul>
Table 2.78 Test Case ID: TC-AS-FP-SLP-003	

# 2.3. Test Cases Biometric Image Processing

### 2.3.1. Test Cases FM BIP-FI-APP

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-APP-001

Scope	Verify correct facial image processing with respect to the output of integrated camera systems to obtain a facial image. The metrics applied for assessment are based on [ISO_FACE] .		
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.		
	• A database with facial images for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.		
	• The following definitions according to [ISO_FACE] are relevant for verifying the geometric quirements:	c re-	
	• The intersection of the vertical line passing through the approximate horizontal midpo of the mouth and the bridge of the nose, and the horizontal line connecting the centres two eyes, is called the centre of the face.		
	• The width of the head is defined as the distance between the two imaginary lines paralle the vertical line mentioned above. Each line is drawn between the upper and lower lobe each ear and positioned where the external ear connects the head.		
	• The length of the head is defined as the distance between the base of the chin and the cr (i.e. the top of the head ignoring any hair) measured on the vertical line mentioned above		
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	<ul> <li>image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, " formance Test Interfaces")</li> </ul>	"Con-	
	• HTTP method: POST		
	• test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC-BIP-FI-APP-001/1/		
	Table 2.81 TC-BIP-FI-APP-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		

Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-APP-001	
1	Description:
	Check correct processing of the output of integrated camera systems:
	• Initiate test case by loading the reference facial image using the test inter- face.
	Examine the processed image, i.e.:
	• Determine the width of the image and the head width.
	• Determine the height of the image and the head length.
	• Determine the X and Y coordinates of the centre of the face, assuming that the origin of the coordinate system is in the upper left corner of the image.
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
	• The colour depth is 24 bit RGB. Note, for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed a colour depth of 8 bit grey scale is also possible.
	• The face is fully visible in foreground.
	• The minimum distance between both eyes is 120 pixels.
	• The processed image is cropped and de-rotated.
	• The size of the face within the processed image meets the geometric requirements of [ISO_FACE], chapter 8.3, i.e.:
	• The X coordinate of the centre of the face is between 45 % and 55 % of the image width.
	• The Y coordinate of the centre of the face is between 30 % and 50 % (for children under the age of 11 between 30 % and 60 %) of the image height.
	• The head width is between 50 % and 75 % of the image width.
	• The head length is between 60 % and 90 % (for children under the age of

 The head length is between 60 % and 90 % (for children under the age of 11 between 50 % and 90 %) of the vertical length of the image.

Table 2.80 Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-APP-001

### 2.3.2. Test Cases FM BIP-FI-DC-HQ

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-DC-HQ-001

Scope	Verify correct facial image processing	
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded	
	As necessary test resource:	
	• A locally available facial image of a test person, with a resolution greater than 1600*1200 pi- xels (in both height and width)	
	• The IUT SHALL provide an option to select the image output type for the scope of this test case (generic facial image, facial image for German Standard for AFIS Transactions Version 3 (GSAT3) transaction). Alternatively, the IUT can provide both output types in parallel (the output type, which is not needed, can then be discarded/disregarded).	
	• The second test step SHALL only be performed if producing GSAT3 data is in scope of the con- sidered Application Profile. If this is the case, the facial image meeting the specific requirements of the Application Profile must be returned in the defined XML format.	

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-DC-HQ-001 CTS Mode automatic Image is provided via XML file using the test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces") HTTP method: POST test case variants: /TR03122/TC-BIP-FI-DC-HQ-001/1 Table 2.83 TC-BIP-FI-DC-HQ-001 Test Case Variants Description Step **Description / Expected Result** 1 Description: Check correct processing of generic facial images Initiate test case by loading the reference facial image using the test interface • Examine the processed image Expected Result: • As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisitionand bio:Records) The processed image has dimensions of exactly 1600\*1200 pixels (in regard to height and width), if it was larger before. Otherwise the dimensions of the image are unchanged The height/width ratio of the processed image is 4:3 • The minimum distance between both eyes is at least 120 pixels 2 Description: Check correct processing of facial images for GSAT3 Initiate test case by loading the reference facial image using the test interface Examine the processed image Expected Result: The resulting image data is encoded and returned via the test interface in an appropriate XML format, i.e. as GSAT3 XML embedded within a TR-03121 XML (element bio:XMLRecord[@type="GSAT-xml"]), whereby only the contained facial image data (Element itl:FaceImage) is relevant for this test case The processed image has dimensions of exactly 800\*600 pixels, if it was larger before. Otherwise the dimensions of the image are unchanged (height/ width ratio is 4:3) • The minimum distance between both eyes is at least 120 pixels

Table 2.82 Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-DC-HQ-001

### 2.3.3. Test Cases FM BIP-FI-FBS

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-FBS-001

Scope

Verify correct image processing of application forms and the cropping of the facial image on the application form using a flat bad scanner.

Test Case ID: TC-BI	P-FI-FBS-001			
Preconditions	• The IUT is	in operation, required modules are loaded.		
		purce: an application form with a facial image that fulfills the requirements of "full ecified in [ISO_FACE].		
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>			
	0.1	vision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Con- Test Interfaces")		
	• HTTP met	nod: POST		
	• test case va	test case variants:		
	/TR03122	2/TC-BIP-FI-FBS-001/1		
	<b>Table 2.85</b> T	C-BIP-FI-FBS-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Check correct processing of the output of flat bad scanner:		
		• Initiate test case by loading the reference application form using the test in- terface.		
		Examine the processed image, i.e.:		
		• The image crop.		
		• The image width and height.		
		• The colour depth.		
		Expected Results:		
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>		
		• The processed image is cropped.		
		• The face is centered and fully visible in the foreground.		
		<ul> <li>The image dimension is 413 pixels width and 531 pixels height with a to- lerance of +/- 10 pixels.</li> </ul>		
		• The colour depth is 24 bit RGB. Note, for scenarios where only a facial verifi- cation is performed a colour depth of 8 bit grey scale is also possible.		

## Tost Case ID: TC\_BID\_ELERS\_001

Table 2.84 Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-FBS-001

### 2.3.4. Test Cases FM BIP-FI-GID

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-GID-001

Scope	Verify correct image processing and the cropping of the facial image using a digital camera.
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	As test resource: a biometric test subject.

Test Case ID: TC-	BIP-FI-GID-001		
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactiv</li> </ul>	• interactive	
	no provis	ion of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP met	thod: GET	
	• test case v	variants:	
	/TR0312	22/TC-BIP-FI-GID-001/1	
	Table 2.87	TC-BIP-FI-GID-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check correct processing of the output of the digital camera:	
		• Position the biometric test subject properly in front of the digital camera.	
		• Initiate test case using the test interface.	
		Examine the processed image, i.e.:	
		The image crop.	
		The image width and height.	
		• The colour depth.	
		Expected Results:	
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>	
		The processed image is cropped.	
		• The face is centered and fully visible in the foreground.	
		• The image size is 1244 x 1600 pixels with an inter eye distance of at least 300 pixels.	
		• The colour depth is 24 bit RGB. Note, for scenarios where only a facial verifi-	

• The colour depth is 24 bit RGB. Note, for scenarios where only a facial verification is performed a colour depth of 8 bit grey scale is also possible.

Table 2.86 Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FI-GID-001

### 2.3.5. Test Cases FM BIP-FP-APP

The acquisition of fingerprints can be performed with the help of a single fingerprint sensor or a multi fingerprint sensor. In the first case TC-BIP-FP-APP-001 has to be applied, in the second case TC-BIP-FP-APP-002. Furthermore, in the case of four finger sensors TC-BIP-FP-APP-003 has to applied additionally.

Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-001		
Scope	Examination of segmentation in connection with single finger scanners.	
Preconditions	• IUT is running, required modules are loaded.	
	A single fingerprint sensor is connected.	
	As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with.	

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-001

### CTS Mode

- interactive
- no provision of pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces").
- HTTP method: GET
- test case variants:

/TR03122/TC-BIP-FP-APP-001/1/

Table 2.89 TC-BIP-FP-APP-001 Test Case Variants

The test case is repeated 10 times for every test step in order to be able to estimate the quality of the segmentation process. The fingers have to be lifted after every acquisition.

Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• Start of the acquisition of one fingerprint by correct placement of this finger on the sensor and extraction of the fingerprint image from the resulting data.
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
		Expected Results:
		• As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing an encoded fingerprint image is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAc-quisition and bio:Records).
		• A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated. Note: segmentation for single finger scanners is optional.
		<ul> <li>No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint image. The fingerprint image may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the de- sired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint image.</li> </ul>
	2	Description:
		• Start of the acquisition of one fingerprint by positioning this finger rotated up to 45 degree on the sensor and extraction of the fingerprint image from the resulting data.
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
		• Note: In case the IUT rejects strongly rotated fingerprints such that the cap- ture process does not yield a biometric sample, the capture process can be initiated manually.
		Expected Results:
		• As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing an encoded fingerprint image is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAc-quisition and bio:Records).
		• The fingerprint is corrected to be vertical in the image which is manually verified by the examiner.
		• A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated. Note: segmentation for single finger scanners is optional.
		• No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint image. The fingerprint image may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint image.

Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-001	
3	Description:
	<ul> <li>Start of the acquisition of one fingerprint by positioning this finger on the sensor such that all phalanges are captured during acquisition and extrac- tion of the fingerprint image from the resulting data.</li> </ul>
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing an encoded fingerprint image is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAc- quisition and bio:Records).</li> </ul>
	• The image contains only the first part of the finger.
	• A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated. Note: segmentation for single finger scanners is optional.
	• No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint image. The fingerprint image may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint image.

Table 2.88 Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-001

Test Case ID: TC-BIP	-FP-APP-002	
Scope	Examination of se	egmentation in connection with multi finger scanners.
Preconditions	• IUT is running	, required modules are loaded.
	• A multi finger	print sensor is connected.
	As necessary te	est resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with.
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	
	1	f pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chap- nance Test Interfaces").
	• HTTP method:	: GET
	• test case variar	nts:
	/TR03122/TC	-BIP-FP-APP-002/1/
	Table 2.91 TC-BI	IP-FP-APP-002 Test Case Variants
		peated 10 times for every test step in order to be able to evaluate the quality of the ocess. The fingers have to be lifted after every acquisition.
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• Start of the acquisition of two fingerprints by correct placement of two fin- gers on the sensor and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resul- ting data.
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-002

2

3

#### Expected Results:

- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing two encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).
- Two independent images are returned within the data.
- A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.
- No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images.

#### Description:

- Start of the acquisition of one fingerprint by correct placement of one finger on the sensor and extraction of the fingerprint image from the resulting data.
- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.

#### Expected Results:

- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing one encoded fingerprint image is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).
- A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.
- No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint image. The fingerprint image may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint image.

#### Description:

- Start of the acquisition of two fingerprints by positioning the fingers rotated up to 45 degrees on the sensor (both fingers in the same direction) and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resulting data.
- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
- Note: In case the IUT rejects strongly rotated fingerprints such that the capture process does not yield a biometric sample, the capture process can be initiated manually.

#### Expected Results:

- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing two encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).
- Two independent images are returned within the data.
- The fingerprints are corrected to be vertical in the image which is manually verified by the examiner.
- A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.
- No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images.

4	Description:
	• Start of the acquisition of one fingerprint by positioning the finger rotated up to 45 degrees on the sensor and extraction of the fingerprint image from the resulting data.
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	<ul> <li>Note: In case the IUT rejects strongly rotated fingerprints such that the ca ture process does not yield a biometric sample, the capture process can be initiated manually.</li> </ul>
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing an encode fingerprint image is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerA quisition and bio:Records).</li> </ul>
	• The fingerprint is corrected to be vertical in the image which is manually verified by the examiner.
	<ul> <li>A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the te SHALL be repeated.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint image. The fingerprint image may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the de sired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint image.</li> </ul>
5	Description:
	<ul> <li>Start of the acquisition of two fingerprints by positioning two fingers on t sensor such that all phalanges are captured during acquisition and extrac- tion of the fingerprint images from the resulting data.</li> </ul>
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing two encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).</li> </ul>
	• Both images contain only the first part of the finger.
	<ul> <li>A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the te SHALL be repeated.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the sired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images.</li> </ul>
6	Description:
	<ul> <li>Start of the acquisition of one fingerprint by positioning this finger on the sensor such that all phalanges are captured during acquisition and extrac- tion of the fingerprint image from the resulting data.</li> </ul>
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.

# Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-002 Expected Results: • As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing one encoded fingerprint image is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).

- Image contains only the first part of the finger.
- A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.
- No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint image. The fingerprint image may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint image.

### Table 2.90 Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-002

Test Case ID: TC-BIP-H	FP-APP-003		
Scope	Examination of segmentation in connection with four finger scanners.		
Preconditions	IUT is running, required modules are loaded.		
	A multi fingerprint sensor is connected.		
	As necessary te	est resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with.	
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chap- ter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces").</li> </ul>		
	• HTTP method:	GET	
	• test case variar	its:	
	/TR03122/TC	-BIP-FP-APP-003/1/	
	Table 2.93 TC-BI	P-FP-APP-003 Test Case Variants	
		peated 10 times for every test step in order to be able to evaluate the quality of the cess. The fingers have to be lifted after every acquisition.	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		• Start of the acquisition of three fingerprints by correct placement of three fingers on the sensor and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resulting data.	
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.	
		Expected Results:	
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing three encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).</li> </ul>	
		• Three independent images are returned within the data.	
		• A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.	
		• No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images.	

Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-003 2 Description: • Start of the acquisition of four fingerprints by correct placement of four fingers on the sensor and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resulting data. Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface. **Expected Results:** • As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing four encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records). Four independent images are returned within the data. A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated. No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images. Description: 3 Start of the acquisition of three fingerprints by positioning the fingers rotated up to 45 degrees on the sensor (all fingers in the same direction) and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resulting data. Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface. Note: In case the IUT rejects strongly rotated fingerprints such that the capture process does not yield a biometric sample, the capture process can be initiated manually. Expected Results: As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing three encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records). Three independent images are returned within the data. The fingerprints are corrected to be vertical in the image which is manually verified by the examiner. A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated. No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images. Description: 4 Start of the acquisition of four fingerprints by positioning the fingers rotated up to 45 degrees on the sensor (all fingers in the same direction) and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resulting data. Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface. Note: In case the IUT rejects strongly rotated fingerprints such that the capture process does not yield a biometric sample, the capture process can be

initiated manually.

### Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-003

5

6

#### Expected Results:

- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing four encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).
- Four independent images are returned within the data.
- The fingerprints are corrected to be vertical in the image which is manually verified by the examiner.
- A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.
- No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images.

#### Description:

- Start of the acquisition of three fingerprints by positioning three fingers on the sensor such that all phalanges are captured during acquisition and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resulting data.
- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.

#### Expected Results:

- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing three encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).
- Three independent images are returned within the data.
- All images contain only the first part of the finger.
- A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.
- No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images.

#### Description:

- Start of the acquisition of four fingerprints by positioning four fingers on the sensor such that all phalanges are captured during acquisition and extraction of the fingerprint images from the resulting data.
- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.

**Expected Results:** 

- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing four encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition and bio:Records).
- Four independent images are returned within the data.
- Each image contains only the first part of the finger.
- A correct segmentation has been performed. In case of uncertainty, the test SHALL be repeated.
- No upscaling has been applied to the fingerprint images. The fingerprint images may have been evenly surrounded with white pixels to reach the desired size if the targeted system or database requires fingerprint images of higher size than captured the fingerprint images.

Table 2.92 Test Case ID: TC-BIP-FP-APP-003

# 2.4. Test Cases Quality Assessment

### 2.4.1. Test Cases FM QA-FI-ARE

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-ARE-001

Scope       Examination of the software-based quality assessment for facial images within the context of alien register enrolment.         The test object consists of the quality assessment software and a fixed parameter set describing the application profile specific tolerances threshold regarding several assessment criteria.         Preconditions       • The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.         • As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.       • The database contains:         • Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.         • Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.         • The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided index for the eventy provided image via the test interface.         CTS Mode       • automatic         • Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")         • HTTP method: POST         • test case variants:         Image 2provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")         • HTTP method: POST         • test case variants:         Image 3provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test interface a	Test Gase ID. TO QITTI			
application profile specific tolerances threshold regarding several assessment criteria.         Preconditions <ul> <li>The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.</li> <li>As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.</li> <li>The database contains:             <ul> <li>Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.</li> <li>Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.</li> <li>Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.</li> <li>The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.</li> <li>The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.</li> <li>Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")</li> <li>HTTP method: POST</li></ul></li></ul>	Scope			
<ul> <li>As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.</li> <li>The database contains:         <ul> <li>Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.</li> <li>Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.</li> <li>The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.</li> <li>The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.</li> </ul> </li> <li>CTS Mode         <ul> <li>Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")</li> <li>HTTP method: POST</li> <li>test case variants:             </li> </ul> </li> <li>Description         <ul> <li>Step</li> <li>Description:                 <ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images form the conformance test interface and compliant facial images form the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>				
hand.         • The database contains:         • Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.         • Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.         • The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.         • The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.         • The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.         • The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.         • Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")         • HTTP method : POST         • test case variants:         Description         Description         Step       Description / Expected Result         1       Description:         • The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the confor	Preconditions	• The IUT is in op	peration, required modules are loaded.	
<ul> <li>Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.</li> <li>Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.</li> <li>The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.</li> <li>The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.</li> <li>CTS Mode</li> <li>automatic</li> <li>Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")</li> <li>HTTP method: POST</li> <li>test case variants:         <ul> <li>(TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1</li> <li>Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1</li> <li>Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 / Expected Result</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Step</li> <li>Description:                 <ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutively according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.</li> <li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>		-	st resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at	
can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.         Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.         The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.         The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.         CTS Mode       • automatic         Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")         HTTP method: POST         test case variants:         /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1         Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 / Expected Result         1       Description:         1       Description:         • The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.		• The database co	ontains:	
data in the database for the corresponding criterion.         • The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.         • The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.         CTS Mode       • automatic         • Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")         • HTTP method: POST         • test case variants:         /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1         Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1         Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 / Expected Result         1       Description         1       Description:         • The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.         • The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-				
and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.   The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.  CTS Mode  automatic  Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")  HTTP method: POST test case variants:  /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1 Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1 Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants  Description  Step Description:  The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.  The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-				
CTS Mode       • automatic         • Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")         • HTTP method: POST         • test case variants:         /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1         Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants         Description         Step       Description / Expected Result         1       Description:         • The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.         • The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-				
<ul> <li>Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")</li> <li>HTTP method: POST</li> <li>test case variants:         <ul> <li>/TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1</li> <li>Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants</li> </ul> </li> <li>Description Step Description / Expected Result         <ul> <li>Description:</li> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.</li> <li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li> </ul> </li></ul>				
formance Test Interfaces") <ul> <li>HTTP method: POST</li> <li>test case variants:</li> </ul> <li> /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1 Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants Description Step Description / Expected Result 1 Description: <ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE. The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li></ul></li>	CTS Mode	• automatic		
<ul> <li>test case variants: /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1 Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants Description         Step Description / Expected Result      </li> <li>Description:         <ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.                 <ul> <li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>				
/TR03122/TC-QA-FI-ARE-001/1         Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants         Description         1       Description:         • The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.         • The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-		• HTTP method:	POST	
Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants         Description       Step       Description / Expected Result         1       Description: <ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.</li> <li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li> </ul>		• test case variant	ts:	
Table 2.95 TC-QA-FI-ARE-001 Test Case Variants         Description       Step       Description / Expected Result         1       Description: <ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.</li> <li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li> </ul>				
Description       Step       Description / Expected Result         1       Description:         • The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.         • The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-				
1       Description:         • The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.         • The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-				
<ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.</li> <li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li> </ul>	Description	•		
<ul> <li>images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.</li> <li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-</li> </ul>		1	Description:	
			images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of	

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-ARE-001

### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
- The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
  - tmin  $\geq$  min, tmax  $\leq$  max
  - $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$

2

- Description:
- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutively according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.
- The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific application profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

#### **Expected Results:**

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
- The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
  - tmin  $\geq$  min, tmax  $\leq$  max
  - $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-ARE-001	
3	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant fa- cial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE. This has to be done for all criteria that have been identified as mandatory.
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.
	Expected Results:
	• For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
	• The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.
	• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
	• "id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria
	• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria
	• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria
	<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result
	• The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the quality evaluation is negative.
4	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant fa- cial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE. This has to be done for all criteria that have been identified as optional.
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-

• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific application profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-ARE-001

### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-ARE.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result

Table 2.94 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-ARE-001

### 2.4.2. Test Cases FM QA-FI-BCL

#### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-BCL-001

Scope	Examination of the software-based quality assessment for facial images within the context of bor- der control.
	The test object consists of the quality assessment software and a fixed parameter set describing the application profile specific tolerances threshold regarding several assessment criteria.
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	• As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.
	The database contains:
	• Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.
	<ul> <li>Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.</li> </ul>
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.
	• The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.
CTS Mode	• automatic
	<ul> <li>Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Con- formance Test Interfaces")</li> </ul>
	• HTTP method: POST
	test case variants:
	(TD02122 (TO 0A ET D01 001 /1
	/TR03122/TC-QA-FI-BCL-001/1
	Table 2.97         TC-QA-FI-BCL-001         Test         Case         Variants
Description	Step         Description / Expected Result

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-BCL-001	
1	Description:
	<ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-BCL.</li> </ul>
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.
	Expected Results:
	• For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
	• The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-BCL.
	• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
	• "id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria
	• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria
	• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria
	<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
	• The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
	• $tmin \ge min, tmax \le max$
	• $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$
2	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-BCL.
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-BCL-001

### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-BCL.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
- The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
  - tmin  $\geq$  min, tmax  $\leq$  max

been identified as mandatory.

 $\bullet \quad \min \leq result \leq max$ 

3

- Description:
   The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutively according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-BCL. This has to be done for all criteria that have
  - The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific application profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

#### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-BCL.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result
- The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the quality evaluation is negative.

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-BCL-001		
4	Description:	
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant fa- cial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-BCL. This has to be done for all criteria that have been identified as optional.	
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.	
	Expected Results:	
	• For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.	
	<ul> <li>The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the re- spective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA- FI-BCL.</li> </ul>	
	• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:	
	• "id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria	
	• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria	
	• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria	
	<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>	
	• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result	
Table 2.96 Test Case ID: TC-OA-FI-BCL-001		

Table 2.96 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-BCL-001

### 2.4.3. Test Cases FM QA-FI-GENERIC

the test interface.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-001

Scope	Examination of the software-based quality assessment for facial images regarding the generic qua- lity evaluation criteria.
	Note that the examination for fixed parameters and thresholds are not part of this test case, as they are specified by the volume specific Function Module.
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	• As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.
	The database contains:
	• Compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The to- tal number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.
	<ul> <li>Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.</li> </ul>
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.
	• The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-001

### CTS Mode

• automatic

- Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Con-• formance Test Interfaces")
- HTTP method: POST •
- test case variants: •

### /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-001/1

Description

Table 2.99	TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-001 Test Case Variants
Step	Description / Expected Result
1	Description:
	<ul> <li>The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutively according to QA-FI-GENERIC criteria.</li> </ul>
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.</li> </ul>
	• The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective Function Module.
	• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
	• "id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria
	• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria
	• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria
	<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
	<ul> <li>The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:</li> </ul>
	• $tmin \ge min, tmax \le max$
	• $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$
2	Description:

- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutively according to QA-FI-GENERIC criteria.
- The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-• lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-001

### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the respective Function Module.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
- The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
  - $tmin \ge min, tmax \le max$
  - $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$

Table 2.98 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-001

Test Case ID: TC-QA-F	I-GENERIC-002
Scope	Examination of correctness of the Quality Assessment module for identification of the best capture.
	The test object consists of the quality assessment software and a fixed parameter set describing the application profile specific tolerances threshold regarding several assessment criteria.
	Note that there exist different variants of this testcase.
Preconditions	IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded
	• As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.
	The database contains:
	• Sequences of images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.
	• Ground Truth for best capture of each image sequence according to the best capture identification process defined in the respective Function Module.
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a sequence of images can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.
	• The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided sequence of images via the test interface.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-002

### CTS Mode

• automatic

- image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")
- HTTP method: POST
- test case variants:

### /TR03122/TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-002/1

Dese

	<b>Table 2.101</b> TC-	QA-FI-GENERIC-002 Test Case Variants
scription	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		• All face image sequences from the conformance test database for this test case are committing consecutively.
		• The test case is initiated by calling the IUT via the test interface.
		Expected Results:
		For every input sequence the final selected face image capture and quality in- formation (bio:FaceAcquisiton) is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
	2	Description:
		Examination of correct identification and comparison of the IUTs selection of the best capture out of multiple captures with the Ground Truth database.
		Expected Results:
		All best captures (as specified in the Ground Truth database) are identical with the actual received results of face images and corresponding quality information.

Table 2.100 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GENERIC-002

### 2.4.4. Test Cases FM QA-FI-GID

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GID-001

Scope	Examination of the software-based quality assessment for facial images within the context of ger- man identity documents.
	The test object consists of the quality assessment software and a fixed parameter set describing the application profile specific tolerances threshold regarding several assessment criteria.
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	• As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.
	The database contains:
	• Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.
	• Acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.
	• The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via the test interface.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GID-001

### CTS Mode

• automatic

- Image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")
- HTTP method: POST
- test case variants:

Description

	/TR03122/TC-QA-FI-GID-001/1		
	Table 2.103 TC-QA-FI-GID-001 Test Case Variants		
Step Description / Expected Result		Description / Expected Result	
<ul><li>images from the conformance test database are committed of according to the respective table for quality threshold requires Function Module QA-FI-GID.</li><li>The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the second seco</li></ul>		Description:	
		• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-GID.	
		• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.	
Expected Results:		Expected Results:	
<ul> <li>For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by via the test interface.</li> </ul>		• For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.	
		• The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-GID.	
		• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:	
		<ul> <li>"id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria</li> </ul>	
		• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria	
		• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria	
		<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>	
		• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.	
		• The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:	
		• $tmin \ge min, tmax \le max$	
		• $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$	
2		Description:	
		• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-GID.	

• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific application profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GID-001

### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-GID.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
- The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
  - tmin  $\geq$  min, tmax  $\leq$  max
  - $\bullet \quad \min \leq result \leq max$

3

- *Description:*The IUT is called via the conform
- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutively according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-GID. This has to be done for all criteria that have been identified as mandatory.
- The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific application profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

#### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-GID.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result
- The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the quality evaluation is negative.

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GID-001		
4	Description:	
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant fa- cial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-GID. This has to be done for all criteria that have been identified as optional.	
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.	
	Expected Results:	
	• For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.	
	• The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the re- spective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA- FI-GID.	
	• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:	
	• "id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria	
	• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria	
	• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria	
	<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>	
	• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result	
Table 2 102 Test Case ID: TO OA EL CID 001		

Table 2.102 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-GID-001

### 2.4.5. Test Cases FM QA-FI-IMA

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-IMA-001

Scope	Examination of the software-based quality assessment for facial images within the context of im- migration authorities.
	The test object consists of the quality assessment software and a fixed parameter set describing the application profile specific tolerances threshold regarding several assessment criteria.
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	<ul> <li>As necessary test resources, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.</li> </ul>
	The database contains:
	• Compliant images and non-compliant images for all criteria to be tested. The size of an image can be up to 2.1MB. The total number of images can be up to 200 images per criterion.
	<ul> <li>acceptance conditions (error rates) for each criterion, based on the statistical significance of data in the database for the corresponding criterion.</li> </ul>
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be provided and the computed quality values and configuration data are returned.
	• The IUT is able to return the results from the quality assessment for every provided image via

the test interface.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-IMA-001

CTS Mode

au	to	m	ati	C

Step 1

2

- image provision as JPEG or JPEG 2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")
- HTTP method: POST •
- test case variants: •

#### /

Tal

Description

e cube variante.	
FR03122/TC-Q	A-FI-IMA-001/1
<b>ble 2.105</b> TC-QA	-FI-IMA-001 Test Case Variants
	Description / Expected Result
	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-IMA.
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.
	Expected Results:
	• For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
	• The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-IMA.
	• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
	• "id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria
	• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria
	• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria
	<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
	• The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
	• $tmin \ge min, tmax \le max$
	• $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$
	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive-

ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-IMA. • The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app-

lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-IMA-001

### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-IMA.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result.
- The acceptance conditions (i.e. defined tolerances, depending on the specific application at hand) are satisfied:
  - $tmin \ge min, tmax \le max$
  - $\min \le \operatorname{result} \le \max$

3

- Description:
- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant facial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutively according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-IMA. This has to be done for all criteria that have been identified as mandatory.
- The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific application profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.

### Expected Results:

- For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
- The IUT provides the quality values for all criteria marked with "M" in the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-IMA.
- If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
  - "id" (type string) identifier for the criteria
  - "min" (type double) minimum value from the range of this criteria
  - "max" (type double) maximum value from the range of this criteria
  - "tmin" (type double) minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "tmax" (type double) maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria
  - "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result
- The acceptance conditions are not met, i.e. the total result of the quality evaluation is negative.

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-IMA-001	
4	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and non-compliant fa- cial images from the conformance test database are committed consecutive- ly according to the respective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA-FI-IMA. This has to be done for all criteria that have been identified as optional.
	• The results returned by the IUT are checked (depending on the specific app- lication profile at hand) if the expected quality values are available.
	Expected Results:
	• For every facial image a "bio:FaceQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
	• The IUT may provide quality values for criteria marked with "O" in the re- spective table for quality threshold requirements of Function Module QA- FI-IMA.
	• If applicable, the quality values are correctly set:
	• "id" (type string) – identifier for the criteria
	• "min" (type double) – minimum value from the range of this criteria
	• "max" (type double) – maximum value from the range of this criteria
	<ul> <li>"tmin" (type double) – minimum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>"tmax" (type double) – maximum value of the allowed tolerance range of this criteria</li> </ul>
	• "result" (type double) value of the quality evaluation result
Table 2.104 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FI-IMA-001	

# 2.4.6. Test Cases FM QA-FP-APP

### Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-001

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
Scope	Examination of correctness of the Quality Assessment module for fingerprint acquisition sequence 4-4-2.	
Preconditions	• IUT is running, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.	
	The test database contains:	
	Sequences of fingerprint images including corresponding finger codes.	
	Corresponding Ground Truth values.	
CTS Mode	• automatic	
	<ul> <li>Image provision as Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) using the test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces"), whereby multiple segmented single fingerprint images are provided (encoded in biocts-testsetup XML).</li> </ul>	
	• HTTP method: POST	
	test case variants:	
	/TR03122/TC-QA-FP-APP-001/1	
	Table 2.107 TC-QA-FP-APP-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step         Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-001	
1	Description:
	Start of the module by committing consecutively all fingerprints sequences for this test case from the conformance test database.
	Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	Expected Result:
	For every input sequence an XML element is returned, containing the final selected sets of fingerprints (bio:Records) and the corresponding capture and quality information (bio:FingerAcquisiton).
2	Description:
	Examination of correct identification and comparison of the IUTs selection of the best capture out of multiple captures with the Ground Truth database.
	Expected Result:
	All expected finger codes and best sets of captures (as specified in the Ground Truth database) are identical with the actual received results of finger codes and returned fingerprint sequences and corresponding quality information.

Table 2.106 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-001

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-002			
Scope	Examination of correctness of the Quality Assessment module for fingerprint acquisition sequence 4-1-4-1.		
Preconditions	• IUT is running,	a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand.	
	• The test databa	se contains:	
	Sequences o	f fingerprint images including corresponding finger codes.	
	Correspondi	ing Ground Truth values.	
CTS Mode	• automatic		
	Chapter 4, "Cor	Image provision as Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) using the test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces"), whereby multiple segmented single fingerprint images are provided (encoded in biocts-testsetup XML).	
	• HTTP method: POST		
	• test case varian	ts:	
	/TR03122/TC	-QA-FP-APP-002/1	
		A-FP-APP-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Start of the module by committing consecutively all fingerprints sequences for this test case from the conformance test database.	
		Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.	
		Expected Result:	
		For every input sequence an XML element is returned, containing the final selected sets of fingerprints (bio:Records) and the corresponding capture and quality information (bio:FingerAcquisiton).	

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-002	
2	Description:
	Examination of correct identification and comparison of the IUTs selection of the best capture out of multiple captures with the Ground Truth database.
	Expected Result:
	All expected finger codes and best sets of captures (as specified in the Ground Truth database) are identical with the actual received results of finger codes and returned fingerprint sequences and corresponding quality information.
Table 2.108 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-002	

Test Case ID: TC-Q	A-FP-APP-003			
Scope	Examination	Examination of correctness of NFIQ2 algorithm implementation.		
Preconditions	• IUT is running, a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at hand			
	The test database contains:			
	• Finger	Fingerprint images including corresponding finger codes.		
	• Fingerprint images with 1000 ppi and 500 ppi.			
	Corresponding NFIQ2 [NFIQ2] quality values as Ground Truth.			
	For every	• For every provided image, the results from the quality assessment are returned by the IUT.		
CTS Mode	• automati	c		
	<ul> <li>Image provision as Windows Bitmap Version 3 (BMP) using the test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces").</li> </ul>			
	• HTTP method: POST			
	• test case v	variants:		
		2/TC-QA-FP-APP-003/1		
	Table 2.11	1 TC-QA-FP-APP-003 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		The fingerprint images are consecutively passed to the IUT. If necessary, they are resampled for quality evaluation.		
		Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.		
		Expected Result:		
		<ul> <li>In case the fingerprint image has a resolution of 500 ppi, no resampling is performed.</li> </ul>		
		• In case the fingerprint image has a resolution of 1000 ppi, the image is res- ampled to 500 ppi.		
	2	Description:		
		The quality evaluation is consecutively performed for each fingerprint image and compared to the Ground Truth values.		

Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-003	
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>For each passed fingerprint image a result containing a "bio:FingerQua- lity" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.</li> </ul>
	• The quality value returned by the IUT for the current fingerprint image equals the corresponding Ground Truth value.
	Note: Minor deviations of the quality value from the Ground Truth may on- ly be acceptable after a case specific analyse of the reasoning.
3	Description:
	Data expected to yield an error code (in BMP format) during quality assessment is used as input for the IUT.
	Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
	Expected Result:
	• For such a passed data a result containing a "bio:FingerQuality" element is returned by the IUT via the test interface.
	• The decimal error code 255 is returned therein, indicating an error during quality computation.

Table 2.110 Test Case ID: TC-QA-FP-APP-003

# 2.5. Test Cases Compression

# 2.5.1. Test Cases FM COM-FI-BCL

### Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-BCL-001

Scope	Examine the correctness of the compression of live images used within the context of border con- trol.		
Precondition	• IUT is runi	ning, required modules are loaded.	
		ry test resources: a test database containing multiple compressed and uncompressed losslessly compressed) facial images. The provided formats are BMP, PNG, JPEG and	
	Provision	of the according biometric container including the image data.	
CTS Mode	• automatic		
	<ul> <li>Image provision using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Inter- faces")</li> </ul>		
	• HTTP method: POST		
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC-COM-FI-BCL-001/1		
Table 2.113 TC-COM-FI-BCL-001 Test Case Variants		TC-COM-FI-BCL-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		1. Extraction of the compressed facial image file from the biometric container.	

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-BCL-001

#### Expected Result:

- The resulting image is compressed using JPEG2000 (according to ISO/IEC 15444-1) or JPEG (according to ISO/IEC 10918-1) compression standard.
- The actual file size of the compressed image is below 375 kB.
- The compression level is below 1:20.

Table 2.112 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-BCL-001

### 2.5.2. Test Cases FM COM-FI-IMA

### Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-IMA-001 Scope Examine the correctness of the compression of live images used within the context of immigration authorities. Precondition IUT is running, required modules are loaded. As necessary test resources: a test database containing multiple compressed and uncompressed (including losslessly compressed) facial images. Provision of the according biometric container including the image data. CTS Mode • automatic Image provision using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces") HTTP method: POST test case variants: /TR03122/TC-COM-FI-IMA-001/1 Table 2.115 TC-COM-FI-IMA-001 Test Case Variants Description Step **Description / Expected Result** 1 Description: Check file size and file compression. Initiate test via CTS. Verify integrity of compressed file by decoding with a standard JPEG viewer/decoder Expected Result: The resulting image is compressed using JPEG2000 (according to ISO/IEC 15444-1) or JPEG (according to ISO/IEC 10918-1) compression standard. The actual file size of the compressed image is below 375 kB. The compression level is below 1:20. 2 Description: Check rejection of already compressed face images and initiate test case by loading a compressed reference facial image using the test interface, given standard sized images as input. Expected Result: Since multiple lossy compression is not allowed, either an error code that the acceptance conditions are not met is returned, or no additional processing is performed on the input image (i. e. the returned image is bitwise identical to the provided image).

Table 2.114 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-IMA-001

# 2.5.3. Test Cases FM COM-FI-JPG

Test Case ID: TC-CO	M-FI-JPG-001		
Scope	Examine correct parametrisation of JPEG compression		
Precondition	• IUT is running, required modules are loaded		
	<ul> <li>As necessary test resources: a test database containing multiple compressed and uncompressed (including losslessly compressed) facial reference images encoded in JPEG of varying resolution</li> </ul>		
	• small size (600 x 800 pixels) in the context of BCL and ARE		
	• small size (622 x 800 pixels) in the context of GID		
	• standard size (1200 x 1600 pixels) in the context of BCL and ARE		
	• standar	• standard size (1244 x 1600 pixels) in the context of GID	
CTS Mode	• automatic		
	Image prov	vision using the test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")	
	• HTTP meth	nod: POST	
	test case va	ariants:	
	/TR03122	2/TC-COM-FI-JPG-001/1	
	Table 2.117	TC-COM-FI-JPG-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check minimum file size after compression of small sized images (600 x 800 / 622 X 800 pixels)	
		<ul> <li>Initiate test case by loading a uncompressed or losslessly compressed refe- rence facial image using the test interface, given small sized images as input</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Verify integrity of compressed file by decoding with a standard JPEG view- er/decoder</li> </ul>	
		Expected Result:	
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the com- pressed facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:Record)</li> </ul>	
		• The actual file size the compressed image is greater than or equal to 35 KiB	
		<ul> <li>The resolution of the compressed images remains 600 x 800 / 622 x 800 pi- xels</li> </ul>	
		• The resulting image can be decoded by a standard JPEG viewer/decoder	
	2	Description:	
		Check minimum file size after compression of standard sized images (1200 x 1600 / 1244 x 1600 pixels)	
		<ul> <li>Initiate test case by loading a uncompressed or losslessly compressed refe- rence facial image using the test interface, given standard sized images as in- put</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Verify integrity of compressed file by decoding with a standard JPEG view- er/decoder</li> </ul>	

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-JPG-001	
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the com- pressed facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:Record)</li> </ul>
	• The actual file size of the compressed image is greater than or equal to 100 KiB
	<ul> <li>The resolution of the compressed images remains 1200 x 1600 / 1244 x 1600 pixels</li> </ul>
	• The resulting images can be decoded by a standard JPEG viewer/decoder
3	Description:
	Check rejection of already compressed face images
	• Initiate test case by loading a compressed reference facial image using the test interface, given standard sized images as input
	• Verify integrity of compressed file by decoding with a standard JPEG view- er/decoder
	Expected Result:
	As a result, a message that the acceptance conditions are not met is returned, since multiple lossy compression is not allowed.

Table 2.116 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-JPG-001

# 2.5.4. Test Cases FM COM-FI-JP2

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-JP2-001			
Scope	Examine correct p	parametrisation of JPEG2000 compression.	
Precondition	• IUT is running	IUT is running, required modules are loaded	
	(including loss	est resources: a test database containing multiple compressed and uncompressed lessly compressed) facial reference images of resolution 622x800 pixel; JPEG2000 ding to ISO/IEC 15444-1	
	• Provision of th	e according biometric container including the image data	
CTS Mode	• automatic		
	Image provisio formance Test	n as JPEG or JPEG2000 using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Con- Interfaces")	
	• HTTP method:	POST	
	• test case varian	its:	
	(TD00100 (TO	2011 ET 100 001 (1	
		-COM-FI-JP2-001/1	
	<b>Table 2.119</b> TC-C	COM-FI-JP2-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Extraction of the compressed facial image file from the biometric container	
		• Initiate test case by loading a uncompressed or losslessly compressed refe- rence facial image using the test interface, given standard sized images as in- put.	
		Verify compression of file with JPEG decoder/viewer.	

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-JP2-001				
	Expected Result:			
	• The actual file size of the compressed image is 17 kB. The file size shall not be more than 5% smaller.			
	• The resolution of the compressed images remains 622*800 pixel			
	<ul> <li>The resulting image can be decoded by a standard JPEG2000 viewer/deco- der and the JPEG2000 header is coded correctly</li> </ul>			
2	Description:			
	Check minimum file size after compression of standard sized images (622*800 pixel)			
	<ul> <li>Initiate test case by loading a uncompressed or losslessly compressed refe- rence facial image using the test interface, given standard sized images as in- put</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Verify integrity of compressed file by decoding with a standard JPEG2000 viewer/decoder</li> </ul>			
	Expected Result:			
	<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the com- pressed facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:Record)</li> </ul>			
	• The actual file size of the compressed image is 17 kB. The file size shall not be more than 5% smaller.			
	• The resolution of the compressed images remains 622*800 pixel			
	<ul> <li>The resulting image can be decoded by a standard JPEG2000 viewer/deco- der and the JPEG2000 header is coded correctly</li> </ul>			
3	Description:			
	Check rejection of already compressed face images			
	<ul> <li>Initiate test case by loading a compressed reference facial image using the test interface, given standard sized images as input</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Verify integrity of compressed file by decoding with a standard JPEG2000 viewer/decoder</li> </ul>			
	Expected Result:			

As a result, a message that the acceptance conditions are not met is returned, since multiple lossy compression is not allowed.

Table 2.118 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FI-JP2-001

# 2.5.5. Test Cases FM COM-FP-BCL

### Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-BCL-001

Scope	Examine the correctness of the compression of fingerprint images contained in ANSI/NIST-ITL 1 files within the context of border control.
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded.
	• As necessary test resources: a test database containing multiple fingerprint and slap images.

### Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-BCL-001

CTS Mode

- automatic
- Image provision using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")
- HTTP method: POST
- test case variants:

/TR03122/TC-COM-FP-BCL-001/1

Description

Table 2.121 TC-COM-FP-BCL-001 Test Case Variants		
Step	Description / Expected Result	
1	Description:	
	Check file size and file compression: initiate test case by loading fingerprint and slap images using the test interface.	
	Expected Result:	
	<ul> <li>The IUT returns a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing an ANSI/NIST container within type.bio.Record</li> </ul>	
	• The NIST file has either a maximum file size of 5332 kB (Entry-Exit System (EES) purposes) or 3000 kB (Schengen Information System (SIS) purposes).	

Table 2.120 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-BCL-001

## 2.5.6. Test Cases FM COM-FP-IMA

Tost Caso	ID: TC-COM-FP-IMA-001	
I est Gase		

Test Gase ID. TO C				
Scope		Examine the correctness of the compression of fingerprint images contained in ANSI/NIST-ITL 1 files within the context of immigration authorities.		
Precondition	• IUT is runni	ing, required modules are loaded.		
	As necessary	y test resources: a test database containing multiple fingerprint and slap images.		
CTS Mode	• automatic			
	<ul> <li>Image provi faces")</li> </ul>	ision using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Inter-		
	• HTTP metho	• HTTP method: POST		
	• test case var	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/	/TC-COM-FP-IMA-001/1		
	<b>Table 2.123</b> T	C-COM-FP-IMA-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Check file size and file compression: initiate test case by loading fingerprint and slap images using the test interface.		
		Expected Result:		
		<ul> <li>The IUT returns a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing an ANSI/NIST container within type.bio.Record</li> </ul>		
		• The NIST file has either a maximum file size of 5332 kB (EES purposes) or 3000 kB (SIS purposes).		

Table 2.122 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-IMA-001

## 2.5.7. Test Cases FM COM-FP-WSQ

Test Case ID: TC-C	OM-FP-WSQ-001			
Scope	Examination	n of the size and compression format of the resulting fingerprint images.		
Preconditions	• A necessary test resource: IUT with FBI certified Wavelet Scalar Quantisation (WSQ) algorithm.			
	A FBI certificate for the used WSQ implementation of the IUT is available			
	IUT is running, required modules are loaded.			
	<ul> <li>As necessa hand.</li> </ul>	ary test resources: a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at		
	• The test d	lata base contains:		
	• Sequer	Sequences of fingerprint images.		
	Corres	ponding Ground Truth values of WSQ compressed images with a bit-rate of 0.75.		
CTS Mode	automatic	2		
	<ul> <li>image pro faces")</li> </ul>	ovision using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Inter-		
	• HTTP met	thod: POST		
	• test case v	variants:		
	/TR0312	2/TC-COM-FP-WSQ-001/1		
	Table 2.125	5 TC-COM-FP-WSQ-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		• Committing consecutively fingerprint images for this test case from the conformance test data base.		
		<ul> <li>Initiate test case by calling the IUT and providing the images via the test in terface.</li> </ul>		
		Expected Result:		
		As a result, for every input sequence a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the compressed fingerprint images is returned via the test interfac (bio:Record).		
	2	Description:		
		Examination of the size of the WSQ image data.		
		Expected Result:		
		The size of the compressed WSQ image is between 1/10 and 1/20 of the original raw image.		
	3	Description:		
		Examination of the software implementation value (sf) from the WSQ header of the image data and the certification of the WSQ algorithm used by the IUT		
		Expected Result:		
		• The sf value in the WSQ header is not 0.		
		• The sf value is referenced in the FBI certificate for the WSQ implementatic of the module.		
		• The WSQ implementation is certified by the FBI.		
		• The WSQ implementation of the module is version 3.1 and based on NBIS Version 5.0.		

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQ-	001
4	Description:
	Examination of the resulting format of the images (decode image data from the biometric container using a certified WSQ implementation).
	Expected Result:
	All returned fingerprint images can be decoded with the WSQ algorithm.

Table 2.124 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQ-001

# 2.5.8. Test Cases FM COM-FP-WSQE

Test Case ID: TC-C	OM-FP-WSQE-001			
Scope	Examination of t	xamination of the size and compression format of the resulting fingerprint images		
Precondition	A necessary test resource: IUT with FBI certified WSQ algorithm			
	• IUT is runnin	g, required modules are loaded		
	<ul> <li>As necessary hand</li> </ul>	test resources: a Ground Truth database for conformance test and the CTS are at		
	• The test data	base contains:		
	Sequences	of fingerprint images		
	Correspon	ding Ground Truth values of WSQ compressed images with a bit-rate of 0.75		
	<ul> <li>Image provisi</li> </ul>	ion using the test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces"		
CTS Mode	• automatic			
	<ul> <li>Image provisi faces")</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Image provision using the test interface (see TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance Test Inter- faces")</li> </ul>		
	• HTTP method	• HTTP method: POST		
	• test case varia	ants:		
		C-COM-FP-WSQE-001/1 Examination of the WSQ 3.0 compatibility		
		C-COM-FP-WSQE-001/2 Examination of the WSQ 3.1 compatibility		
	<b>Table 2.127</b> TC-	-COM-FP-WSQE-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Committing consecutively fingerprint images for this test case from the con- formance test data base		
		Initiate test case by calling the IUT and providing the images via the test inter- face		
		Expected Result:		
		As a result, for every input sequence a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the compressed fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (bio:Record)		
	2	Description:		
		Examination of the size of the WSQ image data		
		Enalimitation of the bile of the wood mage data		
		Expected Result:		

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQE-001		
3	Description:	
	Examination of the software implementation value (sf) from the WSQ header of the image data	
	Expected Result:	
	• The sf value in the WSQ header is not equal 0	
	• The sf value is referenced in the FBI certificate for the WSQ implementation of the module	
4	Description:	
	Examination of the resulting format of the images (decode image data from the biometric container using a certified WSQ implementation)	
	Expected Result:	
	All returned fingerprint images can be decoded with the WSQalgorithm.	
Table 2.126 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQE-001		

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQE-002			
Scope	Examination of th	Examination of the certification of the WSQ algorithm used by the IUT.	
Precondition	A FBI certificate for the used WSQ implementation of the IUT is available		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check of the FBI certificate of the used WSQ implementation	
		Expected Result:	
		The WSQ implementation is certified by the FBI.	

Table 2.128 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQE-002

# 2.5.9. Test Cases FM COM-FP-WSQR

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQR-001				
Scope	Examinatior	Examination of the size and compression format of the resulting fingerprint images		
Precondition	A necessa	A necessary test resource: IUT with FBI certified WSQ algorithm		
	• The FBI c	• The FBI certificate is at hand		
	• IUT is rur	• IUT is running, required modules are loaded		
	Acquisition	Acquisition of a fingerprint with the IUT		
CTS Mode	Not support	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
1 Description:		Description:		
	Extraction of the compressed facial image file from the biom			

Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQR-001

Expected Result:

- The size of the compressed WSQ image is smaller than or equal to 18 kB.
- The sf value in the WSQ header is not equal 0
- The sf value is referenced in the FBI certificate for the WSQ implementation of the module
- All returned fingerprint images can be decoded with the WSQ algorithm

Table 2.129 Test Case ID: TC-COM-FP-WSQR-001

# 2.6. Test Cases User Interface

## 2.6.1. Test Cases FM UI-FI-BSJ

### Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI-BSJ-001

Scope	Examination of availability of digital or physical mirror image and user guidance in the user inter- face shown to the biometric subject during facial image acquisition.			
Preconditions	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.			
	• The integrated	camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.		
	• The IUT impler	nents a user interface of facial image acquisition shown to the biometric subject.		
		<ul> <li>The IUT is able to display a digital or physical mirror image and information for guidance to help the biometric subject with the correct positioning.</li> </ul>		
	• The acquisition the facial acqui	system is required by another Function Module to have a feedback screen for sition		
	• Fake facial imag	ges (e.g. created with a 3D-printer) are available as necessary test resource.		
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results		
	1	Description:		
		A biometric subject performs a compliant face presentation in the IUT's captu- re area.		
		Expected Results:		
		• A digital or physical mirror image is shown by the IUT for guidance to help the biometric subject with the correct positioning.		
		A compliant facial image is acquired.		
	2	Description:		
		A biometric subject performs a non-compliant face presentation in the IUT's capture area where positional requirements are not met.		
		Expected Results:		
		• A digital or physical mirror image is shown by the IUT for guidance to help the biometric subject with the correct positioning.		
		• The IUT displays user guidance information to help the biometric subject with the correct positioning in front of the camera.		
		• The facial image acquisition is ommitted by the IUT.		

Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI-BSJ-001	
3	Description:
	• A biometric subject initially performs a non-compliant face presentation in the IUT's capture area where positional requirements are not met.
	• The biometric subject follows the user guidance information provided by the IUT until a compliant face presentation is performed where positional requirements are met.
	Expected Results:
	• A digital or physical mirror image is shown by the IUT for guidance to help the biometric subject with the correct positioning.
	A compliant facial image is acquired.
4	Description:
	A biometric subject initially performs a facial image presentation attack in the IUT's capture area.
	Expected Results:
	• A facial image is captured and the resulting image is displayed by the IUT.
	<ul> <li>Both the Presentation Attack Detection (PAD) result and the PAD score are only displayed to the operator. Neither the PAD result nor the PAD score are</li> </ul>

displayed to the biometric subject.

Table 2.130 Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI-BSJ-001

## 2.6.2. Test Cases FM UI-FI-OP

Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI	-OP-001	
Scope	Examination of the correct user interface for facial images with sufficient quality	
Precondition	• IUT is running,	required modules are loaded
		not provide a graphical user interface (e.g. it is implemented as a library), a rudi- ple user interface has to be provided for evaluation purposes
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		An image with sufficient quality is captured using the IUT.
		Expected Result:
		• Any relevant quality criteria is displayed in the GUI (each resulting in OK)
		• The overall quality is indicated visually by the IUT (OK)
		<ul> <li>The IUT provides the option to put in veto before release of the image (ve- to is put in via UI, i.e. image is rejected despite positive Quality Assessment (QA) result computed by IUT)</li> </ul>
		• The IUT provides a warning message to the operator if PAD was performed and a presentation attack was detected
Table 2.131 Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI-OP-001		

### Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI-OP-002

Scope

Examination of the correct user interface for facial images with insufficient quality.

Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI-	OP-002		
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded		
		not provide a graphical user interface (e.g. it is implemented as a library), a rudi- ole user interface has to be provided for evaluation purposes	
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		An image with insufficient quality is captured using the IUT e.g. the eye are closed test person closes the eyes and rotates the head.	
		Initiate test case calling the IUT via the test interface	
		Expected Result:	
		• Any relevant quality criteria is displayed in the GUI (at least one resulting in NOK)	
		• The overall quality is indicated visually by the IUT (NOK)	
		• The cause for the negative overall quality assessment is displayed	
		• The IUT provides the option to put in veto before release of the image (veto is put in via UI, i.e. image is accepted despite negative QA result computed by IUT )	
		• The IUT provides a warning message to the operator if PAD was performed and a presentation attack was detected	

Table 2.132 Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI-OP-002

## 2.6.3. Test Cases FM UI-FP-BSJ

Test Case ID: TC-UI-FI	P-BSJ-001		
Scope	Examination of availability of real-time feedback and user guidance in the user interface shown to the biometric subject during fingerprint acquisition.		
Preconditions	• The IUT is in o	peration, required modules are loaded.	
	The fingerprint	t scanner used in the specific application scenario is connected.	
	• The IUT imple	The IUT implements a user interface of fingerprint acquisition shown to the biometric subject.	
	• The IUT is able to display feedback and information for guidance to help the biometric subject with the correct positioning.		
	Fake fingerprin	nts (e.g. made of silicone) are available as necessary test resource.	
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	1	Description:	
		A biometric subject performs a compliant fingerprint presentation on the IUT's fingerprint scanner.	
		Expected Results:	
		<ul> <li>A digital feedback is shown by the IUT in real-time including the acquisition process status and guidance to help the biometric subject with the finger- print selection and correct positioning.</li> </ul>	
		A compliant fingerprint image is acquired.	

Test Case ID: TC-UI-FP-BSJ-001	
2	Description:
	A biometric subject performs a non-compliant fingerprint presentation on the IUT's fingerprint scanner where positional requirements are not met.
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>A digital feedback is shown by the IUT in real-time including the acquisition process status and guidance to help the biometric subject with the finger- print selection and correct positioning.</li> </ul>
	• The IUT displays user guidance information to help the biometric subject with the correct positioning on the sensor.
	• The fingerprint image acquisition is ommitted by the IUT.
3	Description:
	• A biometric subject initially performs a non-compliant fingerprint presen- tation on the IUT's fingerprint scanner where positional requirements are not met.
	• The biometric subject follows the user guidance information provided by the IUT until a compliant fingerprint presentation is performed where positional requirements are met.
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>A digital feedback is shown by the IUT in real-time including the acquisition process status and guidance to help the biometric subject with the finger- print selection and correct positioning.</li> </ul>
	A compliant fingerprint image is acquired.
4	Description:
	A biometric subject initially performs a fingerprint presentation attack on the IUT's fingerprint scanner.
	Expected Results:
	• A fingerprint or slap image is captured and the resulting image is displayed by the IUT.
	• Both the PAD result and the PAD score are only displayed to the operator. Neither the PAD result nor the PAD score are displayed to the biometric subject.

### Table 2.133 Test Case ID: TC-UI-FP-BSJ-001

# 2.6.4. Test Cases FM UI-FP-OP

Test Case ID: TC-UI-I	-OP-001	
Scope	Examination of the correct user interface for capturing fingerprints.	
Preconditions	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.	
	• The fingerprint scanner used in the specific application scenario is connected.	
	• The IUT implements a user interface of fingerprint acquisition shown to the biometric subject	:t.
	• The IUT is able to display a digital feedback and information for guidance to help the biometr subject with the correct positioning.	ric
	• If the IUT does not provide a graphical user interface (e.g. it is implemented as a library), a rud mentary example user interface has to be provided for evaluation purposes.	li-
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step Descriptions/ Expected Results	

Test Case ID: TC-U	JI-FP-OP-001	
	1	Description:
		A biometric subject performs a compliant fingerprint presentation on the IUT's fingerprint scanner.
		Expected Results:
		• Guidance to help the biometric subject with the fingerprint selection and correct positioning is shown by the IUT.
		• Visual feedback of the actual fingerprints is given by the IUT (at least by displaying the resulting captured images).
		• The IUT provides the following information to the operator:
		Visual feedback of all segmented fingerprints.
		Feedback on the quality level of captured fingerprints.
		<ul> <li>A warning message if a slap acquisition is in place, a slap classifier is in use and the classification result mismatches with the expected slap of the current acquisition.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>A warning message if PAD was performed and a presentation attack was detected (for each finger individually and in form of an overall result).</li> </ul>
		• The IUT provides veto power for the operator for the enrolment.
	2	Description:
		A biometric subject performs a non-compliant fingerprint presentation on the IUT's fingerprint scanner.
		Expected Results:
		• Guidance to help the biometric subject with the fingerprint selection and correct positioning is shown by the IUT.
		• Visual feedback of the actual fingerprints is given by the IUT (at least by displaying the resulting captured images).
		• The IUT provides the following information to the operator:
		Visual feedback of all segmented fingerprints.
		Feedback on the quality level of captured fingerprints.
		<ul> <li>A warning message if a slap acquisition is in place, a slap classifier is in use and the classification result mismatches with the expected slap of the current acquisition.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>A warning message if PAD was performed and a presentation attack was detected (for each finger individually and in form of an overall result).</li> </ul>
		• The IUT provides veto power for the operator for the enrolment.
Fable 2.134 Test Case	ID: TC-UI-FP-OP-001	
Test Case ID: TC-U	JI-FP-OP-002	
Scope	Examination of curs.	the correct user interface for capturing fingerprints if a uniqueness check error oc-
Preconditions	• The IUT is in	operation, required modules are loaded.
	• The fingerpri	int scanner used in the specific application scenario is connected.
	• The IUT imp	lements a user interface of fingerprint acquisition shown to the biometric subject.

• If the IUT does not provide a graphical user interface (e.g. it is implemented as a library), a rudimentary example user interface has to be provided for evaluation purposes.

Test Case ID: TC-UI-FF	P-OP-002	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results
	1	Description:
		A biometric subject performs a compliant fingerprint presentation on the IUT's fingerprint scanner.
		The biometric subject performs a fingerprint presentation on the IUT's finger- print scanner using the same finger for a different finger position.
		Expected Results:
		• The IUT displays a warning message that a uniqueness check error was de- tected.
		• The fingers involved in the unexpected successful comparisons SHALL be pictorially displayed to the operator.
Table 2 135 Test Case ID: To	C-UI-FP-OP-002	

**Table 2.135** Test Case ID: TC-UI-FP-OP-002

# 2.6.5. Test Cases FM UI-FP-VER

Test Case ID: TC-UI	-FP-VER-001		
Scope	Examination	Examination of availability of user interface for operator during fingerprint verification.	
Preconditions	• The IUT i	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.	
	• The finge	erprint scanner used in the specific application scenario is connected.	
	• The IUT i	implements a user interface of fingerprint acquisition shown to the operator.	
	• The IUT i	is able to display a visual feedback of the fingerprint verification to the operator.	
CTS Mode	Not support	ed	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	1	Description:	
		• A biometric subject performs a compliant fingerprint presentation on the IUT's fingerprint scanner.	
		<ul> <li>Depending on the used scanner a compliant presentation of a single finger, multiple fingers or slap is conducted, respectively.</li> </ul>	
		Expected Results:	
		A compliant fingerprint image is acquired.	
	2	Description:	
		The operator initiates a fingerprint verification process.	
		Expected Results:	
		A visual feedback about the result of the verification process is shown by the IUT to the operator.	
T-1-1-0 100 T-++ C+++ ID		01	

Table 2.136 Test Case ID: TC-UI-FP-VER-001

# 2.7. Test Cases Presentation Attack Detection

## 2.7.1. Test Cases FM PAD-FI-APP and APP1

Note, test cases 001 and 002 are interchangeable alternatives to each other.

Scope	Examination of the Common Criteria certification of the PAD subsystem.	
Preconditions	Product documentation and Common Criteria Agreement certificate of the facial image camera system is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual, manufacturer declaration).	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results
	1	Description:
		Consult product documentation and verify that the subsystem certification meets the requirements.
		Expected Results:
		The documentation attest that the system is certified under the Common Criteria Agreement according the following Protection Profile: BSI-CC- PP-0118-2022: Common Criteria Protection Profile - Biometric Mechanis- ms Protection Profile (BMPP, Version 2.0, base PP and at least the functional package PAD)
Table 2.137 Test Case ID:	TC-PAD-FI-APP-001	

	AD-FI-APP-002
Scope	Examination of availability and correctness of PAD functionality in the context of the acquisition of facial images with and without Presentation Attack Instrument (PAI) in use.
Preconditions	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	• The camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be capture
	• The PAD functionality of the IUT is activated for performing the test case.
	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured image via the test interface.
	• The IUT is able to return the results for the conducted PAD.
	• Four different artefacts of each of the eight artefact classes SHALL be created, so that a total of artefacts are obtained. The following artefacts (partial and full) can be used during test cases:
	1. Masks created from casted silicon, big (size of a face) and small (smaller than a normal face) in different thicknesses
	2. Masks created from latex in different thicknesses and styles
	3. Masks printed on paper in different thicknesses and styles
	4. Masks printed with 3D-printer in different thicknesses and styles
	5. Photographs displayed on electronic devices, e.g. phones, tablets, laptops, etc.
	6. Videos displayed on electronic devices, e.g. phones, tablets, laptops, etc.
	7. Faces printed on paper with different thicknesses and structures of paper and different structures of printing (colouring, etc.)
	8. Faces printed on fabrics with different thicknesses and structures of the fabrics and different methods of printing (flock print, silk screening, etc.)
	• At least two different biometric subjects SHALL present bona fide faces during the test case.

Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FI-APP-002 CTS Mode interactive no provision of pre-defined input data HTTP method: GET • test case variants: /TR03122/TC-PAD-FI-APP-001/1/ Table 2.139 TC-PAD-FI-APP-002 Test Case Variants Description Step **Descriptions/ Expected Results** 1 Description: The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a compliant face presentation is performed. At least two biometric subjects perform a compliant face presentation (bona fide) in the IUT's capture area. The bona fide face of each biometric subject SHALL be tested ten times. **Expected Results:**  A compliant facial image is acquired. · All acceptance conditions for the facial image acquisition are satisfied and achieved. No PAD alarm is shown to the operator. • The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. The PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a bona fide face presentation. A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition). 2 Description: The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a face presentation is performed. At least two biometric subjects present each mask made from different materials including paper, silicon, printed 3D and latex, either by wearing the mask or by using a special construction in the IUT's capture area. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times. **Expected Results:** • A facial image is acquired. • A PAD alarm is shown to the operator. The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. The PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a presentation attack. A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).

Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FI-APP-002	
3	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a face presentation is performed.
	• At least two biometric subjects present photographs displayed on electro- nic devices (e.g. phones etc.) where different methods of displaying might be used, either by holding the display into the camera or by using a special construction in the IUT's capture area. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
	Expected Results:
	A facial image is acquired.
	• A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
	• The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application.
	• The PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a presentation attack.
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
4	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a face presentation is performed.
	• At least two biometric subjects present videos displayed on electronic de- vices, especially showing motion of a biometric subject, either by holding the display into the camera or by using a special construction in the IUT's capture area. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
	Expected Results:
	A facial image is acquired.
	• A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
	• The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application.
	• The PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a presentation attack.
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
5	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a face presentation is performed.
	• At least two biometric subjects present photographs printed on paper (parts of the face or complete face with holes in the paper) with different thicknesses, either by holding the picture into the camera, by wrapping it around the face or by using a special construction in the IUT's capture area. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.

Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FI-APP-002	
	Expected Results:
	A facial image is acquired.
	• A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
	• The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application.
	• The PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a presentation attack.
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
6	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a face presentation is performed.
	• At least two biometric subjects present photographs printed on fabrics, e.g. t-shirt, with different thicknesses and structures of the fabrics, either by holding the picture into the camera or by using a special construction in the IUT's capture area. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
	Expected Results:
	A facial image is acquired.
	• A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
	• The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application.
	• The PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a presentation attack.
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).</li> </ul>
<i>Evaluation</i> • An artefact	is considered as detected, if the device shows a PAD alarm in six out of ten attempts.
• A device fa	iled the total test, if a single artefact class was never recognized as stated above.
• A device fa	iled the total test, if nine or more artefacts in total were not detected as stated above.
• A device fa	iled the total test, if any of the bona fide facial images is not recognized as bona fide.

Table 2.138 Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FI-APP-002

## 2.7.2. Test Cases FM PAD-FP-APP and APP1

Note, test cases 001 and 002 are interchangeable alternatives to each other.

Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FP-APP-001			
Scope	Examination of the Common Criteria certification of the PAD subsystem.		
Preconditions	Product documentation and Common Criteria Agreement certificate of the fingerprint scanner model is at hand (e.g. data sheet, manual, manufacturer declaration).		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Step Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	1	Description:	
		Consult product documentation and verify that the subsystem certification meets the requirements.	

Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FP-APP-001	
	<i>Expected Results</i> : The documentation attest that the system is certified under the Common Criteria Agreement according to one of the following Protection Profiles:
	<ul> <li>BSI-CC-PP-0063-2010: Fingerprint Spoof Detection Protection Profile (FSD- PP).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>BSI-CC-PP-0062-2010: Fingerprint Spoof Detection Protection Profile based on Organisational Security Policies (FSDPP_OSP).</li> </ul>
	• BSI-CC-PP-0118-2022: Common Criteria Protection Profile - Biometric Me- chanisms Protection Profile (BMPP, Version 2.0, base PP and at least the functional package PAD)
Table 2 140 Test Case ID: TC-DAD-FD-ADD-001	

Table 2.140 Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FP-APP-001

Test Case ID: TC-P	AD-FP-APP-002		
Scope	Examination of availability and correctness of PAD functionality and finger codes in the context of the acquisition of fingerprint images with and without PAI in use.		
Preconditions	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.		
	• The scanner used in the specific application scenario is connected.		
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where fingerprints can be captured.		
	• The PAD functionality of the IUT is activated for performing the test case.		
	• The IUT is able to return the results for every captured finger via the test interface.		
	• The IUT is able to return the results for the conducted PAD.		
	• Three different artefacts of each of the six artefact classes SHALL be created, so that a total of 18 artefacts are obtained. The following artefacts classes (fingertips in different thicknesses and/or massive fingers) SHALL be used during test cases:		
	1. Artefacts created from different kinds of silicon, in different colouring		
	2. Artefacts created from different kinds of latex, in different colouring		
	3. Artefacts created from different kinds of gelatine, in different colouring		
	4. Artefacts created from different kinds of wood glue, in different colouring		
	5. Artefacts created from different kinds of window painting, in different colouring		
	6. Artefacts created from different kinds of paper, in different colouring		
	• At least two different biometric subjects SHALL present bona fide fingerprints during the test case.		
CTS Mode	interactive		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC-PAD-FP-APP-002/1/		
	Table 2.142         TC-PAD-FP-APP-002         Test Case Variants		
Description	Step Descriptions/ Expected Results		

Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FP-APP-002	
1	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a compliant finger- print presentation is performed.
	• At least two biometric subjects perform a compliant fingerprint presentati- on (bona fide). The bona fide fingerprint of each biometric subject SHALL be tested ten times.
	Expected Results:
	A compliant fingerprint image is acquired.
	• All acceptance conditions for the fingerprint image acquisition are satisfied and achieved.
	• No PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
	• The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. Also, an overall PAD score (boolean) is returned.
	• The individual PAD scores returned by the IUT indicate a bona fide finger- print presentation.
	• The overall PAD score returned by the IUT indicates no PAD alarms.
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded finger- print image is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).</li> </ul>
2	Description:
	• The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a fingerprint pre- sentation attack is performed, using the artefacts created from silicon. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
	• To test whether the fingers for which there is a positive PAD result are also assigned to the correct finger codes, proceed as follows:
	• The artefact SHOULD be present for at least three different fingers of at least one hand.
	<ul> <li>Exactly one finger of exactly one hand SHOULD be equipped with the ar- tefact per fingerprint acquisition.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In order to ensure that not always the same finger is equipped with an artefact for each fingerprint acquisition, a rotation principle should be in place that specifies that the equipment of a finger with an artefact chan- ges or rolls in each pass.</li> </ul>

3

### Expected Results:

- Fingerprint images are acquired.
- A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
- The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. Also, an overall PAD score (boolean) is returned.
- The individual PAD scores returned by the IUT indicate a presentation attack for fingers with artefacts and bona fide for fingers without artefacts.
- The overall PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a PAD alarm.
- Every finger originating from an artefact is correctly assigned to its corresponding finger code. (Abstract example: If there is a hand with four bona fide fingers and one finger originating from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the corresponding finger. Concrete example: If there is a hand with only the index finger coming from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the index finger.)
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).

- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a fingerprint presentation attack is performed, using the artefacts created from latex. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
- To test whether the fingers for which there is a positive PAD result are also assigned to the correct finger codes, proceed as follows:
  - The artefact SHOULD be present for at least three different fingers of at least one hand.
  - Exactly one finger of exactly one hand SHOULD be equipped with the artefact per fingerprint acquisition.
  - In order to ensure that not always the same finger is equipped with an artefact for each fingerprint acquisition, a rotation principle should be in place that specifies that the equipment of a finger with an artefact changes or rolls in each pass.

4

### Expected Results:

- Fingerprint images are acquired.
- A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
- The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. Also, an overall PAD score (boolean) is returned.
- The individual PAD scores returned by the IUT indicate a presentation attack for fingers with artefacts and bona fide for fingers without artefacts.
- The overall PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a PAD alarm.
- Every finger originating from an artefact is correctly assigned to its corresponding finger code. (Abstract example: If there is a hand with four bona fide fingers and one finger originating from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the corresponding finger. Concrete example: If there is a hand with only the index finger coming from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the index finger.)
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).

- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a fingerprint presentation attack is performed, using the artefacts created from gelatine. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
- To test whether the fingers for which there is a positive PAD result are also assigned to the correct finger codes, proceed as follows:
  - The artefact SHOULD be present for at least three different fingers of at least one hand.
  - Exactly one finger of exactly one hand SHOULD be equipped with the artefact per fingerprint acquisition.
  - In order to ensure that not always the same finger is equipped with an artefact for each fingerprint acquisition, a rotation principle should be in place that specifies that the equipment of a finger with an artefact changes or rolls in each pass.

5

### Expected Results:

- Fingerprint images are acquired.
- A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
- The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. Also, an overall PAD score (boolean) is returned.
- The individual PAD scores returned by the IUT indicate a presentation attack for fingers with artefacts and bona fide for fingers without artefacts.
- The overall PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a PAD alarm.
- Every finger originating from an artefact is correctly assigned to its corresponding finger code. (Abstract example: If there is a hand with four bona fide fingers and one finger originating from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the corresponding finger. Concrete example: If there is a hand with only the index finger coming from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the index finger.)
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).

- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a fingerprint presentation attack is performed, using the artefacts created from wood glue. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
- To test whether the fingers for which there is a positive PAD result are also assigned to the correct finger codes, proceed as follows:
  - The artefact SHOULD be present for at least three different fingers of at least one hand.
  - Exactly one finger of exactly one hand SHOULD be equipped with the artefact per fingerprint acquisition.
  - In order to ensure that not always the same finger is equipped with an artefact for each fingerprint acquisition, a rotation principle should be in place that specifies that the equipment of a finger with an artefact changes or rolls in each pass.

6

### Expected Results:

- Fingerprint images are acquired.
- A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
- The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. Also, an overall PAD score (boolean) is returned.
- The individual PAD scores returned by the IUT indicate a presentation attack for fingers with artefacts and bona fide for fingers without artefacts.
- The overall PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a PAD alarm.
- Every finger originating from an artefact is correctly assigned to its corresponding finger code. (Abstract example: If there is a hand with four bona fide fingers and one finger originating from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the corresponding finger. Concrete example: If there is a hand with only the index finger coming from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the index finger.)
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).

- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a fingerprint presentation attack is performed, using the artefacts created from window painting. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
- To test whether the fingers for which there is a positive PAD result are also assigned to the correct finger codes, proceed as follows:
  - The artefact SHOULD be present for at least three different fingers of at least one hand.
  - Exactly one finger of exactly one hand SHOULD be equipped with the artefact per fingerprint acquisition.
  - In order to ensure that not always the same finger is equipped with an artefact for each fingerprint acquisition, a rotation principle should be in place that specifies that the equipment of a finger with an artefact changes or rolls in each pass.

7

### Expected Results:

- Fingerprint images are acquired.
- A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
- The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. Also, an overall PAD score (boolean) is returned.
- The individual PAD scores returned by the IUT indicate a presentation attack for fingers with artefacts and bona fide for fingers without artefacts.
- The overall PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a PAD alarm.
- Every finger originating from an artefact is correctly assigned to its corresponding finger code. (Abstract example: If there is a hand with four bona fide fingers and one finger originating from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the corresponding finger. Concrete example: If there is a hand with only the index finger coming from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the index finger.)
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded fingerprint images is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).

- The IUT is called via the conformance test interface and a fingerprint presentation attack is performed, using the artefacts created from paper. Each artefact SHALL be tested ten times.
- To test whether the fingers for which there is a positive PAD result are also assigned to the correct finger codes, proceed as follows:
  - The artefact SHOULD be present for at least three different fingers of at least one hand.
  - Exactly one finger of exactly one hand SHOULD be equipped with the artefact per fingerprint acquisition.
  - In order to ensure that not always the same finger is equipped with an artefact for each fingerprint acquisition, a rotation principle should be in place that specifies that the equipment of a finger with an artefact changes or rolls in each pass.

Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FP-AF	PP-002
	Expected Results:
	Fingerprint images are acquired.
	• A PAD alarm is shown to the operator.
	• The IUT's PAD returns its detection results in the form of a normalized PAD score in the range [0,1] where 1 indicates bona fide and 0 presentation attack to the calling application. Also, an overall PAD score (boolean) is returned.
	<ul> <li>The individual PAD scores returned by the IUT indicate a presentation at- tack for fingers with artefacts and bona fide for fingers without artefacts.</li> </ul>
	• The overall PAD score returned by the IUT indicates a PAD alarm.
	• Every finger originating from an artefact is correctly assigned to its corre- sponding finger code. (Abstract example: If there is a hand with four bona fide fingers and one finger originating from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the corresponding finger. Concrete example: If there is a hand with only the index finger coming from an artefact, then the PAD score stating it is a presentation attack is assigned to the index finger.)
	<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded finger- print images is returned via the test interface (bio:FingerAcquisition).</li> </ul>
Evaluation • A	an artefact is considered as detected, if the device shows a PAD alarm in six out of ten attempts.
• A	device failed the total test, if a single artefact class was never recognized as stated above.
• A	A device failed the total test, if four or more artefacts in total were not detected as stated above.

• A device failed the total test, if any of the bona fide fingerprints is not recognized as bona fide.

Table 2.141 Test Case ID: TC-PAD-FP-APP-002

# 2.8. Test Cases Biometric Comparison

## 2.8.1. Test Cases FM CMP-FI-GENERIC

Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FI-GENERIC-001		
Scope	Examination of the configured security level for biometric comparison	
Precondition	The vendor of the biometric comparison algorithm provides the documentation for his system which gives information about the implemented facial image identification algorithms.	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:
		Examination of the documentation provided by the vendor of the identificati- on algorithm.

### Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FI-GENERIC-001

### Expected Result:

- The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithms achieve one of the following operating points:
  - A maximum false-positive-identification-rate (FPIR) of 1 % and a false-negative-identification-rate (FNIR) below 2,5 %

or

• a maximum FPIR of 0.1 % and a FNIR below 5 %.

or

- a maximum FPIR of 0.01 % and a FNIR below 10 %.
- The claims stated above are supported by test results for a series of tests performed on a database which is of similar size and characteristics as the one been used in the current application scenario.
- Information about the data used for the calibration of the algorithm is provided, especially
  - the size and image characteristics of the database which was used for training the algorithm is stated.
  - the conversion routine between raw scores and threshold defined by False Positive Identification Rate is stated.
- The documentation states that the system also provides a list of potential matches for which their respective score exceeds the thresholds configured for the system. The documentation gives proof that the maximum size of this list can be configured.
- The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm can be calibrated for different use cases, especially higher FPIR values in case of watchlist comparison scenarios.

 Table 2.143 Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FI-GENERIC-001

### 2.8.2. Test Cases FM CMP-FI-VER

### Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FI-VER-001

Scope	Examination of the configured security level for biometric comparison.	
Preconditions	The vendor of the biometric comparison algorithm provides a documentation which gives infor- mation about the working point of the comparison algorithm.	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Examination of the documentation provided by the vendor of the comparison algorithm.

# Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FI-VER-001 Expected Results: • The documentation gives information (typically a Detection Error Trade-Off (DET) curve) of the performance of the algorithm based on a data. • The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm ensures a working point of a maximum false-match-rate (FMR) of 0.1 % and a false-non-match-rate (FNMR) below 2 %. Stronger settings are allowed (lower FMR and/or FNMR).

• The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm can be calibrated for the security level set within this specific scenario of verification.

Table 2.144 Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FI-VER-001

# 2.8.3. Test Cases FM CMP-FP-CC

Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-CC-001		
Scope	Examination of the configured security level for biometric comparison	
Precondition	The vendor of the biometric comparison algorithm provides a documentation which gives infor- mation about the operating point of the comparison algorithm	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Examination of the documentation provided by the vendor of the comparison algorithm
		Expected Result:
		• The documentation gives information (typically a DET curve) of the perfor- mance of the algorithm based on a reference database.
		• The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm ensures an operating point of a maximum false match rate (FMR) of 0.1 % and a false non-match rate (FNMR) below 2 %.
		• The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm can be calibrated for the security level set within this specific scenario of verification.
Table 3 145 Test Case ID: TC-CMD-ED-CC-001		

### Table 2.145 Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-CC-001

Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-CC-002				
Scope	Examination of proper crossmatching functionality of plain and rolled fingerprints			
Precondition	• IUT is running, required modules are loaded			
	A multi fingerprint scanner is connected			
	As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with			
	• IUT is configured to perform the identification process including following steps			
	Manual acquisition of ten plain fingerprints using the IUT			
	• Provision of any other than biometric data (e.g. biographic, agency or process related) may be done in form of static dummy values by IUT, so that the process can be finalized and the resulting data is returned by IUT as GSAT3 XML			

Test Case ID: TC-	CMP-FP-CC-002			
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactiv</li> </ul>	• interactive		
	-	<ul> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chap- ter 4, "Conformance Test Interfaces")</li> </ul>		
	• HTTP me	• HTTP method: GET		
	• test case	variants:		
	/TR0312	22/TC-CMP-FP-CC-002/1		
	Table 2.147 TC-CMP-FP-CC-002 Test Case Variants			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Check IUT correct behaviour of a mated crossmatching		
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface		
		Capture 10 fingerprints, each fingerprint plain and rolled (in identical, ma- ted order)		
		<ul> <li>Resulting in a total of 10 captured fingerprint pairs (plain, rolled) of identica fingerprints</li> </ul>		
		Expected Result:		
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition, including information on the capture and crossmatching results)</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>The IUT returns a comparison score per pair of prints and each finger and a result of each verification (element bio:ControlVerification)</li> </ul>		
		• Each single comparison score is above the threshold and each verification result is positive		
	2	Description:		
		Check IUT correct behaviour of a non-mated crossmatching		
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface		
		• Capture 10 fingerprints, each fingerprint rolled and plain (non-mated, e.g. by applying fingerprints of a second person or permuting fingers)		
		• Resulting in a total of 10 captured pairs (rolled, plain) of distinct fingerprint		
		Expected Result:		
		<ul> <li>As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML is returned via the test interface (element bio:FingerAcquisition, including information on the capture and crossmatching results)</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>The IUT returns a comparison score per pair of prints and each finger and a result of each verification (element bio:ControlVerification)</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Non-mated crossmatchings (distinct fingers) yield a comparison score be- low the threshold and a negative verification result</li> </ul>		
Fable 2.146 Test Case	e ID: TC-CMP-FP-CC-0	002		
2.8.4. Test C	ases FM CMP	P-FP-GENERIC		

### Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-GENERIC-001

Scope

Examination of the configured security level for biometric comparison

Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-GENERIC-001				
Precondition	The vendor of the biometric comparison algorithm provides the documentation for his system which gives information about the implemented fingerprint identification algorithms.			
CTS Mode	Not supported			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Examination of the documentation provided by the vendor of the identificati- on algorithm.		
		Expected Result:		
		• The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithms achieve one of the following operating points:		
		• A maximum FPIR of 0.1 % and a FNIR below 1,5 %		
		or		
		• a maximum FPIR of 0.01 % and a FNIR below 3 %.		
		• The claims stated above are supported by test results for a series of tests per- formed on a database which is of similar size and characteristics as the one been used in the current application scenario.		
		• Information about the data used for the calibration of the algorithm is pro- vided, especially		
		<ul> <li>the size and image characteristics of the database which was used for training the algorithm is stated.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>the conversion routine between raw scores and threshold defined by Fal- se Positive Identification Rate is stated.</li> </ul>		
		• The documentation gives proof that the number of fingerprints used by the algorithm for each query can be configured up to the maximum of 10.		
		• The documentation states that the system also provides a list of potential matches for which their respective score exceeds the thresholds configured for the system. The documentation gives proof that the maximum size of this list can be configured.		
		• The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm can be calibrated for different use cases, especially higher FPIR values in case of		

Table 2.148 Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-GENERIC-001

## 2.8.5. Test Cases FM CMP-FP-VER

Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-VER-001			
Scope	Examination of the configured security level for biometric comparison.		
Preconditions	The vendor of the biometric comparison algorithm provides a documentation which gives infor- mation about the working point of the comparison algorithm.		
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Examination of the documentation provided by the vendor of the comparison algorithm.	

watchlist comparison scenarios.

## Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-VER-001

#### Expected Results:

- The documentation gives information (typically a DET curve) of the performance of the algorithm based on a data.
- The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm ensures a working point of a maximum FMR of 0.1 % and a FNMR below 2 %. Stronger settings are allowed (lower FMR and/or FNMR).
- The documentation gives evidence that the comparison algorithm can be calibrated for the security level set within this specific scenario of verification.

Table 2.149 Test Case ID: TC-CMP-FP-VER-001

# 2.9. Test Cases Logging

# 2.9.1. Test Cases FM LOG-ALL-ARE

Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-ARE-001		
Scope	Examination of the correct semantics of logging data.	
Precondition	<ul> <li>Availability of five sets of logging data (encoded as XML) each, e.g. produced by performing five deviating processes using IUT</li> </ul>	
	Documentation	n about the used version scheme for all used components
CTS Mode	File based	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Verify semantics of logging data and information contained therein
		Expected Result:
		Information about any existing facial images of the applicant in the CIR
		number of images
		• whether an acceptable image is available and
		• whether any of the acceptable images was used.
		• Issuance status of Arrival Attestation Document (i.e. document issued vs. issuance postponed - Within the scope of the process leading to the corresponding log file it is to be logged (in the field "Issuance status of Arrival Attestation Document" (boolean)) whether an Arrival Attestation Document was issued (true) or not (false).)
		Information whether fingerprints are legally allowed to be captured

Table 2.150 Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-ARE-001

## 2.9.2. Test Cases FM LOG-ALL-BCL

#### Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-BCL-001

Scope

Examination of correct syntax and semantics for the logging of information in the context of border control.

Test Case ID: TC-LOG	-ALL-BCL-001		
Preconditions	Five sets of log	gging data (encoded as XML) containing bcl-log elements are available.	
		data set is produced by performing five deviating processes using the IUT, which e not limited to:	
	bona-fide acquisition of at least one modality with fulfilled quality criteria		
	<ul> <li>acquisition</li> </ul>	of at least one modality with unfulfilled quality criteria	
	• cancelled a	cquisition process	
	<ul> <li>rejected im</li> </ul>	age acquisition result via veto by operator and repeated acquisition	
	• failed acqui	isition process based on incorrect behaviour of the subject.	
	• The performe	d steps for each log data set are documented.	
	• TR-03121 XM	L schema definition files and documentation are at hand.	
CTS Mode	File based		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Validate each log file against the TR-03121 schema definition "trbio4v7.xsd".	
		Expected Result:	
		Each file passes the validation process without errors.	
	2	Description:	
		Verify the content of each log file and check the contained information.	
		Expected Result:	
		• The process flow and information described by the contents of the log file matches the actually performed process using the IUT.	
		• For externally stored images the embedded type.data.record elements refer to the image via the attribute externalReference and furthermore do not contain Data elements.	
		• The element ApplicationProfile is filled with a valid application profile of volume BCL.	

#### Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-BCL-001

Table 2.151 Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-BCL-001

# 2.9.3. Test Cases FM LOG-ALL-GENERIC

#### Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-GENERIC-001 Scope Examination of the correct semantics of logging data. Note that the exact scheme version for this test case is depending on the context of the volume. Precondition Availability of five sets of logging data (encoded as XML) each, e.g. produced by performing five • deviating processes using IUT · Documentation about the used version scheme for all used components CTS Mode File based Description Step **Description / Expected Result** 1 Description: Verify semantics of logging data and information contained therein against the TR-03121 schema definition "trbio4v7.xsd" (for volumes BCL and IMA), "trbio5v1.xsd" (for volume GID) and "trbio4v6.xsd" (for volume ARE).

#### Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-GENERIC-001

#### Expected Result:

- Generic process information
  - a globally unique Transaction ID according to RFC 4122 Version 1 (timebased)
  - name of the implemented application profile (e.g. BCL\_ManualBorder-Control) (only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)
  - global start time of the transaction
  - global end time of the transaction
  - fully qualified host name (or any other unique identifier serving as host name) of the station
  - type of station (e.g. stationary/mobile)
  - location of station<sup>1</sup>
  - the software used in this transaction, at least with the following identifiers
    - vendor name
    - software name
    - version number<sup>2</sup>
  - error code (optional) detailing any abnormal termination of the process
  - a transaction reference if this transaction is dependent or derived from another transaction
  - Information about any identification processes performed during this transaction
    - start time of the identification process (i.e. beginning of capturing biometric data)
  - submit time of the identification process (i.e. when the captured data is submitted to the backend system for identification)
  - end time of the identification process (i.e. when the results from the backend system are available or the process terminated with a timeout)
  - a list of modalities used for identification
  - the result of the identification
  - the count of candidates available
  - for each candidate
    - the rank of the candidate
    - score and threshold information
  - an error code in case of abnormal termination of the identification process

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The exact semantic of this value is profile-dependent. See the profile's function module for a refined definition

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Using a version numbering scheme which allows for proper lexicographic ordering is highly recommended.

#### Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-GENERIC-001

- Information about any enrolment processes performed during this transaction
  - start time of the enrolment process (i.e. beginning of capturing biometric data)
  - submit time of the enrolment process (i.e. when the captured data is submitted to the backend system for identification)
  - end time of the enrolment process (i.e. when the results from the backend system are available or the process terminated with a timeout)
  - a list of modalities used for enrolment
- Information about any control verifications performed during enrolment
  - the enrolment status (i.e. whether the subject was enrolled successfully)
  - · an error code in case of abnormal termination of the enrolment process
  - information about any verification processes performed during this transaction
  - start time of the verification process (i.e. beginning of capturing biometric data)
  - end time of the verification process
  - information about the references used for this verification processes (image type, position codes)
  - the verification result
  - for each verification
    - the verification result
    - for each comparison: the result of the comparison, the duration of the comparison process, detailed scoring and threshold information and an error code in case of abnormal termination of the comparison process
    - an error code in case of abnormal termination of the verification process
- Information about the records collected in this transaction
  - type of record (encoding format)
  - size of record
  - purpose of the record (enrolment, identification, verification)

#### 2

Check availability of detailed error code list

#### Expected Result:

Description:

A detailed list of error codes used with complete semantic descriptions is available for

- if implemented, any error code detailing any abnormal termination of the process
- any error code in case of abnormal termination of the identification process
- · any error code in case of abnormal termination of the enrolment process
- any error code in case of abnormal termination of the comparison process
- any error code in case of abnormal termination of the verification process

Table 2.152 Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-GENERIC-001

# 2.9.4. Test Cases FM LOG-ALL-GID

Test Case ID:	TC-LOG-ALL-GID-001
Test ouse ID.	IC LOO HEE OID OUT

Scope	Examination of the correct semantics of logging data.		
Precondition	<ul> <li>Availability of five sets of logging data (encoded as XML) each, e.g. produced by performing five deviating processes using IUT</li> </ul>		
	Documentation about the used version scheme for all used components		
	• Note: If the IUT is a biometric component only, this test case shall not be applied as the relevant data are not acquired by the IUT itself.		
CTS Mode	File based		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Verify semantics of logging data and information contained therein	
		Expected Result:	
		• Information whether fingerprint are legally allowed to be captured (i.e. per- son not under age)	
		• Information about the applicant's choice of not including fingerprints in the document	

Table 2.153 Test Case ID: TC-LOG-ALL-GID-001

# 2.9.5. Test Cases FM LOG-FI-GENERIC

rest case in. To hoo if oliverid out			
Scope	Examination of correct syntax and semantics for the logging of information regarding facial image acquisition.		
	Note that the exac	t scheme version for this test case is depending on the context of the volume.	
Preconditions	<ul> <li>Five sets of logg are available.</li> </ul>	ging data (encoded as XML) containing at least one FaceAcquisition element	
	• Each logging data set is produced by performing five deviating processes using the IUT, which include but are not limited to:		
	• bona-fide fa	cial image acquisition with fulfilled quality criteria	
	facial image acquisition with unfulfilled quality criteria		
	<ul> <li>cancelled acquisition process</li> <li>rejected image acquisition result via veto by operator and repeated acquisition</li> <li>failed acquisition process based on incorrect behaviour of the subject.</li> <li>The performed steps for each log data set are documented.</li> <li>TR-03121 XML schema definition files and documentation are at hand.</li> </ul>		
CTS Mode	File based		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Validate each log file against the TR-03121 schema definition " <i>trbio4v7.xsd</i> " (for volumes BCL and IMA), " <i>trbio5v1.xsd</i> " (for volume GID) and " <i>trbio4v6.xsd</i> " (for volume ARE).	
		Expected Result:	
		Each file passes the validation process without errors.	

Test Case ID: TC-LOG-FI-GENERIC-001	
2	Description:
	Verify the content of each log file and check the contained information.
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>name of the implemented application profile (e.g. BCL_ManualBorderCon- trol) (only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the overall result for the acquisition process (only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)</li> </ul>
	• the purpose of the acquisition (enrolment, identification, verification)
	start time of the facial acquisition process
	end time of the facial acquisition process
	<ul> <li>the time out if configured (only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and hig- her)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>software used in this facial acquisition process</li> </ul>
	hardware used in this facial acquisition process
	the source of the facial image under consideration
	the count of face captures performed

#### Test Case ID: TC-LOG-FI-GENERIC-001

• for each face capture:

- if a veto was put by the operator: the type of veto (OK/NOK)
- the operation mode (if information is available)
- the vertical position of the camera (if information is available, only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)
- the illumination level (if information is available, only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)
- the focus distance (if information is available, only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)
- for the selected capture, detailed quality information about the result, detailing:
  - · information about the quality assessment software
  - · duration of quality assessment
  - detailed quality values accompanied by:
    - identifiers
    - upper and lower value bounds, if available
    - upper and lower threshold bounds, if available
  - · any error code in case of abnormal termination of the quality assessment
- information about PAD data during the capture:
  - · information about the PAD subsystem
  - the overall PAD assessment result
  - for each probe:
    - the PAD result
    - detailed PAD quality values accompanied by identifiers, upper and lower value bounds and upper and lower threshold bounds
- information about the user interface:
  - an indication of a displayed PAD alert if PAD was performed during the acquisition process, the PAD result was at least once detected and displayed to the operator during the acquisition process
  - an indication that a live feedback screen was available to the biometric subject if a live feedback screen was available to the biometric subject

#### Description:

Check the availability of detailed error code list.

#### Expected Result:

A detailed list of error codes used with complete semantic descriptions is available for:

- any error code in case of abnormal termination of the quality assessment
- any error code in case of abnormal termination of the facial acquisition process.

Table 2.154 Test Case ID: TC-LOG-FI-GENERIC-001

3

# 2.9.6. Test Cases FM LOG-FP-GENERIC

## Test Case ID: TC-LOG-FP-GENERIC-001

Scope	Examination of correct syntax and semantics for the logging of information regarding fingerpri acquisition.		
	Note that the exac	t scheme version for this test case is depending on the context of the volume.	
Precondition	<ul> <li>Five sets of logation are available.</li> </ul>	ging data (encoded as XML) containing at least one FingerAcquisition element	
	• The performed	steps for each log data set are documented.	
	• TR-03121 XML schema definition files and documentation are at hand.		
CTS Mode	File based		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Verify semantics of logging data and information contained therein against the TR-03121 schema definition <i>"trbio4v7.xsd"</i> (for volumes BCL and IMA), <i>"trbio5v1.xsd"</i> (for volume GID) and <i>"trbio4v6.xsd"</i> (for volume ARE).	

#### Test Case ID: TC-LOG-FP-GENERIC-001

#### Expected Result:

- name of the implemented application profile (e.g. BCL\_ManualBorderControl) (only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)
- the purpose of the acquisition (enrolment, identification, verification)
- the overall result for the acquisition process (only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)
- start time of the fingerprint acquisition process
- end time of the fingerprint acquisition process
- the time out if configured (only applicable for scheme version 4v7 and higher)
- software used in this fingerprint acquisition process
- hardware used in this fingerprint acquisition process
- the finger capture mode (flat, roll, contactless)
- information about missing fingers (in relation to the requirement of the profile)
- information for each capture process for a dedicated fingerprint of slap, detailing
  - fingerprint or slap code
  - duration of the capture
  - information whether this capture satisfies the quality requirements of the profile
  - count of single capture attempts performed for this fingerprint of slap
  - the capture number of the selected fingerprint or slap in case of multiple acquisitions
  - results from the control verification process for each finger (when comparing a rolled image against a finger extracted from a control slap)
  - for each capture attempt, detailing
    - · whether the capture attempt was acceptable
    - · the duration of the capture attempt
    - in case of a capture attempt failure: the rejection reason and the error code
- for all captures, detailed quality information about the result, containing
  - information about the quality assessment software
  - duration of quality assessment
  - detailed quality values in the range 0-100
  - fingerprint or slap code
  - · any error code in case of abnormal termination of the quality assessment

Test Case ID: TC-LOG-FP-GENERIC-001	
	• if a uniqueness check has been performed as part of the fingerprint acquisi- tion, uniqueness check information, detailing
	<ul> <li>information about the uniqueness check algorithm</li> </ul>
	the configured security level
	<ul> <li>information about potential duplicates including finger codes and detai- led scoring information</li> </ul>
	• any error code in case of abnormal termination of the uniqueness check
	• an error code in case of abnormal termination of the fingerprint acquisition process.
	• If PAD is supported, the semantics of following logging data SHALL be tested in addition
	information about PAD data during the capture
	information about the PAD subsystem
	the overall PAD assessment result
	for each probe
	• the PAD result
	detailed PAD quality values accompanied by
	- identifiers
	- upper and lower value bounds
	- upper and lower threshold bounds
2	Description:
	Check availability of detailed error code list
	Expected Result:
	A detailed list of error codes used with complete semantic descriptions is avail- able for
	• any error code in case of abnormal termination of the quality assessment
	• any error code in case of abnormal termination of the uniqueness check

• any error code in case of abnormal termination of the fingerprint acquisition process.

Table 2.155 Test Case ID: TC-LOG-FP-GENERIC-001

# 2.10. Test Cases Coding

# 2.10.1. Test Cases FM COD-ALL-ARE

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-ARE-001

Scope

Examine proper overall encoding of input data (considering biographic, biometric and transaction specific data) for identification purposes.

Test Case ID: TC-C	OD-ALL-ARE-001			
Preconditions	IUT is running, required modules are loaded			
	A multi fingerprint scanner and facial camera is connected			
	As necess	ary test resources: a test person to perform the biometric acquisition with		
	• IUT is con	• IUT is configured to perform the identification process including following steps		
	• Manua	Manual acquisition of ten plain fingerprints using the IUT		
	done i	ion of any other than biometric data (e.g. biographic, agency or process related) may be n form of static dummy values by IUT, so that the process can be finalized and the re- g data is returned by IUT as GSAT3 XML		
CTS Mode	interactive			
	<ul> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data</li> </ul>			
	• HTTP method: GET			
	test case variants:			
	/TR0312	2/TC-COD-ALL-ARE-001/1		
	Table 2.157 TC-COD-ALL-ARE-001 Test Case Variants			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:		
		Perform the whole acquisition process using the IUT in the identification sce- nario with subsequent examination of returned result data		
		Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface		
		Expected Result:		
		<ul> <li>The resulting data is encoded and returned via the test interface in an appropriate XML format, i.e. as GSAT3 XML embedded within a TR-03121 XMI (element bio:XMLRecord[@type="GSAT-xml"])</li> </ul>		
		• The XML data can be successfully validated against the TR-03121 XML sche-		

Table 2.156 Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-ARE-001

# 2.10.2. Test Cases FM COD-ALL-BCL

### Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-BCL-001

Scope	Examine requirements and interfaces for the overall coding of biometric (facial image and finger- prints) and biographic data used within the context of border control.
Preconditions	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	• All required acquisition devices, i.e. a fingerprint scanner respectively a digital camera are at hand and connected to the IUT.
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where biometric data can be acquired.
	• Provision of any other than biometric data (e.g. biographic, agency or process related) may be done in form of static and fictitious dummy values by the IUT. The goal is to focus on the enco- ding of biometric data so that the process can be finalized and the resulting data is returned by IUT in TR-03121 XML format, i.e. a FaceAcquisition element is returned for facial data respec- tively a FingerAcquisition for fingerprint data.
	• As necessary test resources: a biometric test subject whose biometric features are acquired using the IUT.

Test Case ID: TC-C	OD-ALL-BCL-001	
CTS Mode	interactive	
	<ul> <li>no provis</li> </ul>	ion of pre-defined input data
	• HTTP method: GET	
	• test case v	variants:
	/TR0312	22/TC-COD-ALL-BCL-001/1
	Table 2.15	9 TC-COD-ALL-BCL-001 Test Case Variants
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Perform the acquisition process of all desired biometric elements using the IUT with subsequent examination of returned result data.
		Expected Result:
		The resulting data is encoded in an appropriate XML TR-03121 format:
		• The XML data can be successfully validated against the TR-03121 XML sche- ma definition file " <i>bcl4v7.xsd</i> " and referenced schema files.
		• The XML data contains biometric data containers as record element only for the acquired biometric modalities.
		<ul> <li>Biometric data containers are embedded within a FaceAcquisition re- spectively FingerAcquisition element.</li> </ul>
		• The contained biometric data can be successfully decoded.

Table 2.158 Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-BCL-001

# 2.10.3. Test Cases FM COD-ALL-GID

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-GID-001

Scope	Examine requirements and interfaces for the overall coding of biometric (facial image and finger- prints) and biographic data used within the context of German Identity Document.
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
	• All required acquisition devices, i.e. a fingerprint scanner respectively a digital camera are at hand and connected to the IUT.
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where biometric data can be acquired.
	• Provision of any other than biometric data (e.g. biographic, agency or process related) may be done in form of static and fictitious dummy values by the IUT. The goal is to focus on the enco- ding of biometric data so that the process can be finalized and the resulting data is returned by IUT in TR-03121 XML format, i.e. a FaceAcquisition element is returned for facial data respec- tively a FingerAcquisition for fingerprint data.
	• As necessary test resources: a biometric test subject whose biometric features are acquired using the IUT.

Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-GID-001			
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>no provis</li> <li>HTTP met</li> <li>test case v</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>interactive</li> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data</li> <li>HTTP method: GET</li> </ul>	
		LTC-COD-ALL-GID-00171	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	<ul> <li>Description:</li> <li>Perform the acquisition process of all desired biometric elements using the IUT with subsequent examination of returned result data.</li> <li>Expected Result:</li> <li>The resulting data is encoded in an appropriate XML TR-03121 format: <ul> <li>The XML data can be successfully validated against the TR-03121 XML schema definition file "gid5v1.xsd" and referenced schema files.</li> <li>The XML data contains biometric data containers as record element only for the acquired biometric modalities.</li> <li>Biometric data containers are embedded within a bio:FaceAcquisition respectively bio:FingerAcquisition element.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Table 2.160 Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-GID-001

# 2.10.4. Test Cases FM COD-ALL-IMA

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-IMA-001

Scope	Examine requirements and interfaces for the overall coding of biometric (facial image and finger- prints) and biographic data used within the context of Immigration Authorities.	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.	
	• All required acquisition devices, i.e. a fingerprint scanner respectively a digital camera are at hand and connected to the IUT.	
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where biometric data can be acquired.	
	• Provision of any other than biometric data (e.g. biographic, agency or process related) may be done in form of static and fictitious dummy values by the IUT. The goal is to focus on the enco- ding of biometric data so that the process can be finalized and the resulting data is returned by IUT in TR-03121 XML format, i.e. a FaceAcquisition element is returned for facial data respec- tively a FingerAcquisition for fingerprint data.	
	• As necessary test resources: a biometric test subject whose biometric features are acquired using the IUT.	

Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-IMA-001			
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	interactive	
	<ul> <li>no provis</li> </ul>	sion of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP me	• HTTP method: GET	
	• test case	variants:	
	/TR0312	22/TC-COD-ALL-IMA-001/1	
	Table 2.16	3 TC-COD-ALL-IMA-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Perform the acquisition process of all desired biometric elements using the IUT with subsequent examination of returned result data.	
		Expected Result:	
		The resulting data is encoded in an appropriate XML TR-03121 format:	
		<ul> <li>The XML data can be successfully validated against the TR-03121 XML schema definition file "ima4v7.xsd" and referenced schema files.</li> </ul>	
		• The XML data contains biometric data containers as record element only for the acquired biometric modalities.	
		<ul> <li>Biometric data containers are embedded within a bio:FaceAcquisition respectively bio:FingerAcquisition element.</li> </ul>	
		• The contained biometric data can be successfully decoded.	

Table 2.162 Test Case ID: TC-COD-ALL-IMA-001

# 2.10.5. Test Cases FM COD-FI-GENERIC

Test Case ID: TC-CO	D-FI-GENERIC-001		
Scope	Examine requirements and interfaces for the overall coding used during the acquisition process of acial images.		
Preconditions	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.		
	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.		
	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where a single image can be captured.		
	• The IUT is able to return the results as TR XML for every captured image via the test interface.		
	• As necessary test resources: a biometric test subject whose biometric features are acquired using the IUT.		
CTS Mode	interactive		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	test case variants:		
	/TR03122/TC-COD-FI-GENERIC-001/1 Table 2.165 TC-COD-FI-GENERIC-001 Test Case Variants		
Description			
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		

Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-GENERIC-001	
1	Description:
	In this test case a successful facial image acquisition is conducted.
	Perform the facial image acquisition process using the IUT with subsequent ex- amination of returned result data.
	Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface.
	Expected Result:
	The resulting data is encoded in an appropriate XML TR-03121 format:
	• The XML data can be successfully validated against the TR-03121 XML schema definition files.
	• The XML data contains biometric data containers as record element only for the acquired biometric modality.
	<ul> <li>Biometric data containers are embedded as record elements within the ac- quisition element FaceAcquisition.</li> </ul>

• The contained biometric data can be successfully decoded.

Table 2.164 Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-GENERIC-001

# 2.10.6. Test Cases FM COD-FI-GID

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-GID-001

Scope	Correct coding of the Common Biometric Exchange Formats Framework (CBEFF) container	
Preconditions	<ul> <li>Scanning of application form or capturing of the facial image and provision of a selected single image</li> </ul>	
	Provision of the according biometric container including the image data	
	Determination of width and height of the image data	
CTS Mode	Not supported	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Decoding of the CBEFF Header, Biometric Header Template (BHT) (XML ele- ment <data>) for the facial image</data>
		Expected Result:
		CBEFF Patron Header Version = '0101'
		• Biometric Data Block (BDB) Biometric Type: value = '02' (Facial Features)
		• BDB Format Owner: value = '0x0101' (ISO/IEC JTC 1 SC 37-Biometrics)
		BDB Format Type: value = '0x0008' (ISO/IEC JTC 1 SC 37-Biometrics)
	2	Description:
		Further decoding of data: BDB data

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-GID-001

## Expected Result:

- Facial Record Header
  - Format Identifier = 0x46414300
  - Version Number = 0x30313000
  - Length of Record = 20 bytes + size of Facial Record Data Length
  - Number of Facial Images = 1
- Facial Record Data
  - Facial Information
    - Facial Record Data Length = 32 bytes + size of Image Data Block (+ size of Feature Point blocks)
    - Number of Feature Points  $\geq 0$
  - Image Information
    - Face Image Type = 0x01
    - Image Data Type = 0x01
    - Width = determined width of input image
    - Height = determined height of input image
  - Image Data

JPEG2000

Table 2.166 Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-GID-001

## 2.10.7. Test Case FM COD-FI-GID2

Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-GID2-001			
Scope	This test case checks the requirements and interfaces for the coding of facial images used for appli- cation of GID		
Preconditions	As necessary test	resources: Facial images intended to be stored on a GID chip card.	
CTS Mode	File based		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description: Examine the processed image, i.e.:	
		the resolution of the facial image,	
		• the colour depth,	
		• the encoded file format of the image.	
		Expected Result: The facial images meet the following criteria:	
		• The resolution of the facial images is 1244 x 1600 pixels without any up-sca- ling.	
		• The colour depth for all facial images is 24 bit RGB.	
		• The facial images are encoded as JPEG.	
Table 2.167 Test Case ID: 7	rc-cod-fi-gid2-001		

# 2.10.8. Test Case FM COD-FI-PRD

Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-PRD-001		
Scope	This test case checks the requirements and interfaces for the coding of facial images used for document production.	
Preconditions	As necessary test resources: Facial images intended to be used for document production.	
CTS Mode	File based	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description: Examine the processed image, i.e.:
		• the resolution of the facial image,
		• the colour depth,
		• the encoded file format of the image.
		Expected Result: The facial images meet the following criteria:
		• The resolution of the facial images is 622 x 800 pixels without any up-sca- ling.
		• The colour depth for all facial images is 24 bit RGB.
		• The facial images are encoded as JPEG.
Table 2.168 Test Case ID: T	C-COD-FI-PRD-001	

# 2.10.9. Test Case FM COD-FI-ROR

Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-ROR-001			
Scope	This test case checks the requirements and interfaces for the coding of facial images used for Regis- ter of Residence (Pass- und Ausweisregister).		
Preconditions	As necessary test	As necessary test resources: Facial images intended to be stored Register of Residence.	
CTS Mode	File based		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description: Examine the processed image, i.e.:	
		the resolution of the facial image,	
		• the aspect ratio,	
		• the colour depth,	
		the encoded file format of the image.	
		Expected Result: The facial images meet the following criteria:	
		<ul> <li>The resolution of the facial images is at least 622 x 800 pixels up to 1244 x 1600 pixels without any up-scaling.</li> </ul>	
		• The aspect ration of 622 x 800 pixels is kept if the image has a higher resolu- tion.	
		• The colour depth for all facial images is 24 bit RGB.	
		• The facial images are encoded as JPEG.	
Table 2.169 Test Case ID: 7	ГС-COD-FI-ROR-001		

# 2.10.10. Test Cases FM COD-FI-VER

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-FI-VER-001

Scope

Examine requirements for the coding used during the verification process of facial images.

Test Case ID: TC-CC	DD-FI-VER-001					
Preconditions	• The IUT i	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.				
	• The integ	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.				
	• The IUT i	• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where facial images can be captured.				
	• The IUT is	• The IUT is able to return the results as TR XML for every verification process of facial images.				
	• As necess the IUT.	• As necessary test resources: a biometric test subject whose biometric features are acquired using the IUT.				
CTS Mode	• interactiv	re				
	no provis	ion of pre-defined input data				
	• HTTP met	• HTTP method: GET				
	• test case v	test case variants:				
	/TR0312	2/TC-COD-FI-VER-001/1				
		2/TC-COD-FI-VER-001/1 1 TC-COD-FI-VER-001 Test Case Variants				
Description						
Description	<b>Table 2.17</b>	1 TC-COD-FI-VER-001 Test Case Variants				
Description	Table 2.171 Step	1 TC-COD-FI-VER-001 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result				
Description	Table 2.171 Step	1 TC-COD-FI-VER-001 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result Description:				
Description	Table 2.171 Step	a TC-COD-FI-VER-001 Test Case Variants  Description / Expected Result  Description:  Perform the facial image acquisition process using the IUT.				
Description	Table 2.171 Step	1 TC-COD-FI-VER-001 Test Case Variants           Description / Expected Result           Description:           • Perform the facial image acquisition process using the IUT.           • Initiate a face verification process.				

# 2.10.11. Test Cases FM COD-FP-GID

Test Case ID: TC-COD-FP-GID-001			
Scope	Correct coding of the CBEFF container		
Preconditions	Acquisition of t	the fingerprint of two different fingers	
	• Provision of the	e according biometric container including the fingerprint data	
CTS Mode	Not supported		
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Decoding of the CBEFF Header, BHT (XML element <data>) for each finger- print</data>	

### Test Case ID: TC-COD-FP-GID-001

#### Expected Result:

- CBEFF Patron Header Version = '0101'
- BDB Biometric Type: value = '08' (Fingerprint)
- BDB Biometric Subtype: one of the following values:
- 0000 0101 (thumb right)
- 0000 0110 (thumb left)
- 0000 1001 (index right)
- 0000 1010 (index left)
- 0000 1101 (middle finger right)
- 0000 1110 (middle finger left)
- 0001 0001 (ring finger right)
- 0001 0010 (ring finger left)
- BDB Format Owner: value = '0x0101' (ISO/IEC JTC 1 SC 37-Biometrics)
- BDB Format Type: value = '0x0007' (ISO/IEC JTC 1 SC 37-Biometrics)

Description:

Decoding of the general record header

Expected Result:

- Format Identifier = 0x46495200 ("FIR" Finger Image Record)
- Version Number = 0x30313000 ("010")
- Record Length = 32+ 1 \* (14 bytes + Data length)
- Capture device ID = 2 bytes (Vendor specified)
- Image acquisition level = '0x001F' (Level 31) or '0x0029' (Level 41)
- Number of fingers = 1
- Scale units = 1 (pixel/inch)
- Scan resolution (horiz) = 01F4 (500ppi)
- Scan resolution (vert) = 01F4 (500ppi)
- Image resolution (horiz) <= Scan resolution (horiz)
- Image resolution (vert) <= Scan resolution (vert)
- Pixel depth = 08 (256 gray levels)
- Image compression Algorithm = 02 (WSQ)
- Reserved = 00 00

Description:

2

Decoding of the finger image header record

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-FP-GID-001

## Expected Result:

- Length of finger data block (bytes) = includes header and the image data block
- Finger position = finger code {1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9}
- Count of views = '01'
- View number = '01'
- Finger image quality {0-100} or 255 in case of error
- Impression type = 0 (Live-scan plain)
- Horizontal line length >0
- Vertical line length >0
- Reserved = 00

#### Description:

Examination of the finger image data

Expected Result:

- Finger image data size < 18432 bytes
- Encoded as WSQ image
- sf value coded in the image header unequal 0

### Table 2.172 Test Case ID: TC-COD-FP-GID-001

## 2.10.12. Test Cases FM COD-FP-VER

4

#### Test Case ID: TC-COD-FP-VER-001

Examine requirements for the coding used during the verification process of fingerpint images.		
The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.		
• The integr	ated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.	
• The IUT implements an interface for conformance testing where fingerprint images can be cap- tured.		
<ul> <li>The IUT is able to return the results as TR XML for every verification process of fingerprint images.</li> </ul>		
• As necessa the IUT.	ry test resources: a biometric test subject whose biometric features are acquired using	
interactive		
no provision of pre-defined input data		
• HTTP method: GET		
test case variants:		
/TR03122	2/TC-COD-FP-VER-001/1	
Table 2.174 TC-COD-FP-VER-001 Test Case Variants		
Step	Description / Expected Result	
1	Description:	
	• Perform the fingerprint image acquisition process using the IUT.	
	Initiate a fingerprint verification process.	
	<ul> <li>The IUT is</li> <li>The integr</li> <li>The IUT in tured.</li> <li>The IUT is images.</li> <li>As necessa the IUT.</li> <li>interactive</li> <li>no provision</li> <li>HTTP methematical test case variable 2.174</li> </ul>	

## Test Case ID: TC-COD-FP-VER-001

Expected Result:

The resulting data of the verification process is encoded in an appropriate XML TR-03121 format and can be successfully validated against the TR-03121 XML schema definition files.

Table 2.173 Test Case ID: TC-COD-FP-VER-001

# **3. Test Cases Partial Application Processes**

The following sections define test cases for Partial Application Processes.

# 3.1. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-SV-5: Supervised Facial Image Acquisition System

## Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-001

	······		
Scope	Examination of the availability and the correctness of veto power of the operator in the automated and manual capturing process for facial image acquisition.		
	The test case is separated in different groups of steps:		
	<ul> <li>Steps A.*: acquisitio</li> </ul>	: Test of manual rejection succeeded by an acceptance during automated facial image on.	
		Test of manual rejection succeeded by an acceptance, including switching from manu mated facial image acquisition.	
Preconditions	• If HLBS is used by the system, the HLBS service definition interface for "Facial Image Acquisiti- on" specified in TR-03121-2.2 is implemented.		
	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.		
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	test case variants:		
	/TR0312	22/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-001/1	
	Table 3.2 TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-001 Test Case Variants		
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	A.1	Description:	
		• A single biometric subject is present in the IUT's acquisition area.	
		• The operator starts an automated acquisition process of a facial image for enrolment or verification/identification.	
		• The operator triggers the capturing process of a facial image.	
		Expected Results:	
		• The IUT executes the process autonomously, i.e. the system handles the entrier process execution, including configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.	
		<ul> <li>The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and re- views the software-based QA result.</li> </ul>	
	A.2	Description:	
		The operator rejects the acquired facial image.	

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-001	
	Expected Results:
	The IUT starts a new automated acquisition process of a facial image for enrol- ment or verification/identification.
A.3	Description:
	The operator triggers the capturing process of a facial image.
	Expected Results:
	• The IUT executes the process autonomously, i.e. the system handles the ent- ire process execution, including configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.
	• The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and reviews the software-based QA result.
A.4	Description:
	The operator accepts the acquired facial image.
	Expected Results:
	As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned (bio:FaceAcquisition).
B.1	Description:
	• A single biometric subject is present in the IUT's acquisition area.
	• The operator starts a manual acquisition process of a facial image for enrol- ment or verification/identification.
	Expected Results:
	<ul> <li>The IUT executes the process where each sub-process requires manual handling of the operator.</li> </ul>
	• The IUT's test interface offers the operator the option to manually adjust the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.
B.2	Description:
	The operator triggers the automatic height configuration process of a facial image for enrolment or verification/identification.
	Expected Results:
	The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.
B.3	Description:
	The operator triggers the facial image capturing process.
	Expected Results:
	• The IUT executes the face image capturing process.
	• The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and reviews the software-based QA result.
B.4	Description:
	The operator rejects the acquired facial image.
	Expected Results:
	• The IUT starts a new manual acquisition process of a facial image for enrol- ment or verification/identification.
	• The IUT executes the process where each sub-process requires manual handling of the operator.

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-001		
B.5	Description:	
	The operator triggers the automatic height configuration process of a facial image for enrolment or verification/identification.	
	Expected Results:	
	The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.	
B.6	Description:	
	The operator triggers the facial image capturing process.	
	Expected Results:	
	• The IUT executes the face image capturing process.	
	• The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and reviews the software-based QA result.	
B.7	Description:	
	The operator accepts the acquired facial image.	
	Expected Results:	
	As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).	

Table 3.1 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-001

## Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-002

Scope		Examination of the availability and the correctness of the camera adjustment in the manual captu- ring process for facial image acquisition.	
Preconditions	• If HLBS is used by the system, the HLBS service definition interface for "Facial Image Acquisiti- on" specified in TR-03121-2.2 is implemented.		
	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.		
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	• interactive	
	no provision	<ul> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data</li> </ul>	
	• test case vari	ants:	
	/TR03122/1	TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-002/1	
Table 3.4 TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-002		PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	1	Description:	
		• A single biometric subject is present in the IUT's acquisition area.	
		• The operator starts a manual acquisition process of a facial image for enrol- ment or verification/identification.	
		Expected Results:	
		<ul> <li>The IUT executes the process where each sub-process requires manual handling of the operator.</li> </ul>	
		• The IUT's test interface offers the operator the option to manually adjust the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.	

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-002	
2	Description:
	The operator triggers the automatic height configuration process of a facial image for enrolment or verification/identification.
	Expected Results:
	The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.
3	Description:
	The operator triggers the facial image capturing process.
	Expected Results:
	• The IUT executes the face image capturing process.
	• The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and reviews the software-based QA result.
4	Description:
	The operator rejects the acquired facial image.
	Expected Results:
	• The IUT starts a new manual acquisition process of a facial image for enrol- ment or verification/identification.
	• The IUT executes the process where each sub-process requires manual handling of the operator.
	• The IUT's test interface offers the operator the option to manually adjust the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.
5	Description:
	The operator manually increases the height configuration of the camera sys- tem up to the maximum height configuration.
	Expected Results:
	The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height configu- red by the operator.
6	Description:
	The operator manually decreases the height configuration of the camera sys- tem down to the minimum height configuration.
	Expected Results:
	The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height configu- red by the operator.
7	Description:
	The operator triggers the facial image capturing process.
	Expected Results:
	The IUT executes the face image capturing process.
	• The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and reviews the software-based QA result.
8	Description:

The operator accepts the acquired facial image.

## Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-002

### Expected Results:

As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).

### Table 3.3 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-002

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-003			
Scope	Examination of the availability and the correctness of the switching functionality between the au- tomated and the manual capturing process for facial image acquisition.		
Preconditions		s used by the system, the HLBS service definition interface for "Facial Image Acquisiti- fied in TR-03121-2.2 is implemented.	
	• The integrated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.		
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	test case variants:		
	/TR0312	22/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-001/3	
	Table 3.6 T	CC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-003 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
	1	Description:	
		• A single biometric subject is present in the IUT's acquisition area.	
		<ul> <li>The operator starts a manual acquisition process of a facial image for enrol- ment or verification/identification.</li> </ul>	
		• The operator switches from the manual acquisition process to an automated acquisition process.	
		• The operator triggers the capturing process of a facial image.	
		Expected Results:	
		• The IUT executes the process autonomously, i.e. the system handles the ent- ire process execution, including configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.	
		<ul> <li>The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and re- views the software-based QA result.</li> </ul>	
	2	Description:	
		The operator rejects the acquired facial image.	
		Expected Results:	
		The IUT starts a new automated acquisition process of a facial image for enrol- ment or verification/identification.	
	3	Description:	
		The operator switches from the automated acquisition process to a manual ac- quisition process.	
		Expected Results:	
		<ul> <li>The IUT executes the process where each sub-process requires manual handling of the operator.</li> </ul>	
		• The IUT's test interface offers the operator the option to manually adjust the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.	

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-003		
4	Description:	
	The operator triggers the automatic height configuration process of a facial image for enrolment or verification/identification.	
	Expected Results:	
	The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.	
5	Description:	
	The operator triggers the facial image capturing process.	
	Expected Results:	
	The IUT executes the face image capturing process.	
	• The operator conducts a manual QA of the acquired facial image and reviews the software-based QA result.	
6	Description:	
	The operator accepts the acquired facial image.	
	Expected Results:	
	As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned via the test interface (bio:FaceAcquisition).	

Table 3.5 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-5-003

# 3.2. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-AUTO-1: Automated Facial Image Acquisition

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-001			
Scope		Examination of the correctness and duration of the unsupervised automated face image acquisition processes for optimal face presentations (bona fide).	
Preconditions		• If HLBS is used by the system, the HLBS service definition for "Facial Image Acquisition" speci- fied in TR-03121-2.2 is implemented.	
	The integr	rated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected.	
	ty is to be	g on the scenario the IUT is used in (supervised or non-supervised), PAD functionali- activated or disabled for performing the test case. The active setting has to be regarded results of this test case are evaluated.	
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	No provision of pre-defined input data		
<ul> <li>HTTP method: GET</li> <li>test case variants:</li> <li>/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-001/1</li> <li>Toble 2.8 TC DAP, ACO, FL AUTO, 1, 001 Test Case Variantes</li> </ul>		hod: GET	
		ariants:	
		2/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-001/1 C-PAP-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Descriptions/ Expected Results	
I	1	Description:	
	-	<ul> <li>A single biometric subject is present in the IUT's capture area.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>The process for automated facial image acquisition is started.</li> </ul>	
		- The process for automateu factar image acquisition is stalled.	

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-001

2

3

- The IUT guides the biometric subject to present a compliant face presentation according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.
- The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.
- Description:

The biometric subject enters alone in the optimal distance range.

#### Expected Results:

All acceptance conditions (no multiple faces and optimal distance) are met according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.

Description:

The biometric subject performs an optimal (bona fide) face presentation.

Expected Results:

- The IUT captures a face image.
- Depending on the PAD configuration, the IUT performs a PAD.
- In case the IUT performs a PAD, all acceptance conditions are met according to PAD-FI-APP.
- The IUT assesses the quality of the captured face image.
- All acceptance conditions are met according to QA-FI-SB.
- As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned (bio:FaceAcquisition).
- The time required for the overall facial image acquisition process did not exceed ten seconds if PAD is performed or seven seconds if no PAD is performed.

Table 3.7 Test Case ID: TC-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-001

Test Case ID: TC-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-002 Scope Examination of the correctness and availability of timeout of the unsupervised automated face image acquisition processes for non-compliant face presentations. Preconditions If HLBS is used by the system, the HLBS service definition for "Facial Image Acquisition" specified in TR-03121-2.2 is implemented. The integrated camera system used in the specific application scenario is connected. Depending on the scenario the IUT is used in (supervised or non-supervised), PAD functionality is to be activated or disabled for performing the test case. The active setting has to be regarded when the results of this test case are evaluated. CTS Mode interactive no provision of pre-defined input data test case variants: /TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-AUT0-1-002/1 Table 3.10 TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-002 Test Case Variants Description Step **Descriptions/ Expected Results** 

Test Case ID: TC-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-002			
1	Description:		
	• A single biometric subject is present in the IUT's capture area.		
	The process for automated facial image acquisition is started.		
	Expected Results:		
	• The IUT guides the biometric subject to present a compliant face presentation according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.		
	• The IUT adjusts the configuration of the camera system to the height of the biometric subject.		
2	Description:		
	The biometric subject enters alone in the optimal distance range.		
	Expected Results:		
	• All acceptance conditions (no multiple faces and optimal distance) are met according to FM AS-FI-ICS3.		
	• As a result, a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded facial image is returned (bio:FaceAcquisition).		
3	Description:		
	The biometric subject performs an non-conformant face presentation, e.g. the biometric subject does not look in the camera or disappears from the system.		
	Expected Results:		
	• The IUT captures a face image.		
	• Depending on the PAD configuration, the IUT performs a PAD.		
	• In case the IUT performs a PAD, all acceptance conditions are met accord- ing to PAD-FI-APP.		
	• The IUT assesses the quality of the captured face image.		
	• The acceptance conditions are not met are met according to QA-FI-SB.		
4	Description:		
	The biometric subject repeats Step 3 for the duration of the configured time- out.		
	Expected Results:		
	• The IUT repeats the automated face image acquisition process until the timeout exceeds.		
	• After the timeout is exceeded the IUT aborts the face image acquisition process.		
	• After the timeout is exceeded the IUT aborts the face image acquisition process.		
	• After the timeout is exceeded a message conforming to TR-03121 XML con- taining the encoded facial image exhibiting the best quality of all captured images may be returned (bio:FaceAcquisition).		
Table 3 9 Test Case ID: TC-ACO-FI-AUTO-1-002			

 Table 3.9 Test Case ID: TC-ACQ-FI-AUTO-1-002

# 3.3. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-SV-2: Supervised Facial Image Acquisition with CIR Lookup

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-A	se ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2_001	
C	X7 °C (1.1.1.) C	

Test Case ID: TC-P	AP-ACQ-FI-SV-2	_001	
Scope		ect behaviour of the image acquisition process when a single admissible image is avail- entral Identity Register (CIR)	
Precondition	• IUT is ru	nning, required modules are loaded	
	As necess	sary test resource:	
	A locally	available facial image of a test person (simulating CIR data)	
	Image pr     Test Inter	rovision as BMP or JPEG using the test interface (TR-03122-1, Chapter 4, "Conformance rfaces")	
CTS Mode	• interactiv	ve	
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	• test case	test case variants:	
	/TR0312	22/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2-001/1/	
	Table 3.12	2 TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check display of loaded image in IUT	
		Initiate test case by loading the reference facial image using the test interface	
		<i>Expected Result:</i> The resource image used as input is displayed within the GUI of the IUT, if applicable cropped and aligned	
	2	Description:	
		Check quality indication of loaded image	
		<i>Expected Result</i> : A bio:FaceQuality element is returned by the IUT via the test interface and an indication whether the face image from the CIR is reusable is given by the IUT	
	3	Description:	
		Verify availability option for manual capture	
		<i>Expected Result:</i> Besides displaying the loaded image, the IUT presents the option to capture a new live image (do not perform)	
	4	Description:	
		Check proper take over of image by IUT	
		Select the displayed image for re-use	
		Expected Result:	
		The selected image is accepted for the further process within the IUT (either sufficient quality indication or by operator veto)	
	5	Description:	
		Verify encoding of selected image	
		Proceed in the process until the facial image is encoded in the output format for export to CIR	

## Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2\_001

### Expected Result:

- The selected image is encoded and returned via the test interface in an appropriate XML format, e.g. as GSAT3 XML embedded within a TR-03121 XML (element bio:XMLRecord[@type="GSAT-xml"])
- The therein contained image data matches the data of the previously selected image (after proper decoding of element itl:FaceImage)

Table 3.11 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2\_001

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-	ACQ-FI-SV-2_002	
Scope	Verify correct behaviour of the image acquisition process in case multiple admissible images are available from CIR	
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded	
	• As necessary te	st resource:
	Multiple locally	y available facial images of a test person (simulating CIR data)
		vided as BMP or JPEG in a single XML file using the test interface (TR-03122-1, nformance Test Interfaces")
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	
	• no provision of	f pre-defined input data
	• HTTP method:	POST
	• test case varian	its:
		-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-002/1/
	Table 3.14 TC-PA	AP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-002 Test Case Variants
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Check display of loaded images in IUT
		Initiate test case by loading the reference facial images using the test interface
		<i>Expected Result:</i> The resource images used as input are displayed within the GUI of the IUT, if applicable cropped and aligned
	2	Description:
		Check quality indication of loaded images
		<i>Expected Result:</i> The quality assessment result for each displayed image is indi- cated and a hint regarding re-usability of each image is given by the IUT. Fur- ther, the images are displayed in descending order of QA-rating and the best image is indicated and pre-selected.
	3	Description:
		Verify availability option for manual capture
		<i>Expected Result:</i> Besides the display of the available images, the IUT presents the option to capture a new live image (do not perform)
	4	Description:
		Check proper take over of image by IUT
		Select one of the displayed images for re-use
		<i>Expected Result:</i> The selected image is accepted for the further process within the IUT (either sufficient quality indication or by operator veto)

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2_002	
5	Description:
	Verify encoding of selected image
	Proceed in the process until the facial image is encoded in the output format for export to CIR
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>The selected image is encoded and returned via the test interface in an appropriate XML format, e.g. as GSAT3 XML embedded within a TR-03121 XML (element bio:XMLRecord[@type="GSAT-xml"])</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The therein contained image data matches the data of the previously selec- ted image (after proper decoding of element itl:FaceImage)</li> </ul>
Table 3.13 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2_00	2

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2_003		
Scope	Verify correct behaviour of the image acquisition when no admissible image is available from CIR	
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded	
	A connected di	igital camera, accessible by IUT
	-	f pre-defined input data; Test case initiation via test interface (TR-03122-1, Chap- nance Test Interfaces'')
CTS Mode	interactive	
	no provision of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method: GET	
	test case variants:     /TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-003/1/	
	<b>Table 3.16</b> TC-PA	AP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-003 Test Case Variants
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Verify proper behaviour of IUT
		Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
		Check for dialogue in order to perform a live capture
		Expected Result:
		IUT does not display any images
		IUT displays the option to perform a live capture
	2	Description:
		Check availability of live image acquisition process
		Expected Result: When option for live acquisition is selected, the process starts

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2_003	
3	Description:
	Check availability of live image acquisition process
	<ul> <li>Perform a facial capture intentionally resulting in subsequent quality as- sessment to fail</li> </ul>
	Check for hint and option to re-capture in IUT (ignore both)
	• Check for availability of option to veto (i.e. override the negative result of the quality assessment)
	Put in veto
	Expected Result:
	Veto is accepted by IUT
	Captured photo is used in further steps of process
4	Description:
	Verify encoding of selected image
	Proceed in the process until the facial image is encoded in the output format for export to CIR
	Expected Result:
	<ul> <li>The selected image is encoded and returned via the test interface in an appropriate XML format, e.g. as GSAT3 XML embedded within a TR-03121 XML (element bio:XMLRecord[@type="GSAT-xml"])</li> </ul>
	• The therein contained image data matches the data of the previously captured image (after proper decoding of element itl:FaceImage)

Table 3.15 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-2\_003

# 3.4. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FI-SV-4: Supervised Facial Image Acquisition without CIR Lookup

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-001		
Scope	Verify correct behaviour of facial image acquisition process without CIR using live enrolment equipment operated by an operator.	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.	
	As test resource: a biometric test subject.	
CTS Mode	• interactive	
	no provision of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method: POST	
	test case variants:	
	/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-001/1/	
	Table 3.18 TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result	

### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-001

1

#### Description:

Check the automatic capturing of a proper facial image.

- Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Place the biometric test subject properly in front of the digital camera.
- Wait for an automatic captured image.
- Verify the displayed image and accept it.

#### **Expected Results:**

- The IUT captured a facial image automatically.
- The captured image is cropped and derotated.
- A quality assessment of the captured image has been performed.
- The image is displayed by the IUT.
- The image is released to the requesting application after beeing accepted.
- As a result, an image is returned via the test interface in a XML-Log conforming to TR-03121 XML.

#### 2

#### Description:

Check the automatic capturing of an insufficient facial image.

- · Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Place the biometric test subject inproperly in front of the digital camera. The quality assessment of the captured images has to be negative for every capture. At least two images SHALL be captured.
- Wait for the timeout.
- · Accept the displayed image.

#### Expected Results:

- The IUT captured a facial images automatically.
- A quality assessment of the captured images was negative.
- The IUT chose the best captured image and displayes it.
- The image can be cropped and rotated manually.
- The image is released to the requesting application after beeing accepted.
- As a result, an image is returned via the test interface in a XML-Log conforming to TR-03121 XML.

#### 3

#### Description:

Check the manual capturing of an image. Note, the quality of the captured image is not relevant for this test.

- Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Verifiy the option to capture an image manually.
- Capture an image manually.
- Verifiy the option to crop and rotate the captured image.
- · Accept the image.

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-001	
	Expected Results:
	• The IUT displayes an option to take an image manually.
	• An image was captured and is displayed by the IUT.
	• The displayed image can be cropped and rotated manually.
	• The image is released to the requesting application after beeing accepted.
	• As a result, an image is returned via the test interface in a XML-Log conforming to TR-03121 XML.
4	Description:
	Check correct timeout handling.
	• Initiate test case using the test interface without placing a test subject in front of the camera.
	• Wait for the timeout to trigger.
	Expected Results:
	No image was captured.
	The acquisition process ended.
5	Description:
	Check the the rejection of a captured image and restart of the capturing pro- cess after image rejection.
	• Initiate test case using the test interface.
	• Wait roughly 70 % of the timeout time.
	Capture an image.
	Reject the captured image.
	• Wait roughly 70 % of the timeout time.
	• Capture a new image without restarting the capturing process manually.
	Expected Results:
	The IUT displayes an image.
	• An image can be and was manually rejected.

- The image capture process was restarted automatically.
- The timeout was reseted and did not end the capturing process.
- A new image could be captured.

Table 3.17 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FI-SV-4-001

# 3.5. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FPS-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition Single Slap

## Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_001

Scope

- Verify the overall supervised acquisition process for single slap images.
- Preconditions
- The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.
- Hardware capable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.
- As test resource: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.
- If HLBS is used by the system, the "Service Definition Fingerprint Acquisition" of Part 2, Volume 2 of TR-03121 is implemented.

	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	• test case v	ise variants:	
	/TR0312	22/TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1-001/1	
	Table 3.20	TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result		
	1	Description:	
		Check the Process without a second slap capture.	
		• Initiate test case using the test interface.	
		Select one finger as missing.	
		<ul> <li>Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.</li> </ul>	
		Choose not to capture the second slap.	
		Expected Results:	
		• The instructions were displayed and correct for the captured fingers.	
		• The process ended without capturing the second slap.	
		• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the images for the cap tured fingers is returned via the test interface.	
	2	Description:	
		Check the Process with a second slap capture.	
		• Initiate test case using the test interface.	
		• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.	
		Choose to capture the second slap.	
		• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.	
		Expected Results:	
		• The instructions were displayed for both slaps and correct for the captured fingers.	
		• The process ended after capturing the second slap.	
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images is returned via the test interface.</li> </ul>	

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1_002		
Scope	Verify the correct acquisition process for a single slap.	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.	
	Hardware capable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.	
	As test resource: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.	

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_002

#### CTS Mode

interactive

Step

1

2

- no provision of pre-defined input data
- HTTP method: GET
- test case variants:

/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1-002/1

Table 3.22 TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1-002 Test Case Variants

Description

#### **Description / Expected Result**

Description:

Check the segmentation, quality assessment and PAD of the slap image acquisition.

- Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.
- Choose not to capture the second slap.

#### Expected Results:

- The captured slap image has been segmented into four single fingerprint images.
- The quality assessment is performed for each single fingerprint image individually.
- PAD has been performed and no warning or error is shown.
- Uniqueness check has been performed and no warning or error for duplicated fingerprints is shown.
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images with the QA value and PAD result is returned via the test interface.

#### Description:

- Check the uniqueness check of the slap image acquisition.
- Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.
- Choose to capture the second slap
- Place the same hand again on the finger scan area.

- The IUT shows a warning or error for duplicated fingerprint images.
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the warning was returned via the test interface.

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1_002	
3	Description:
	Check the slap classifier. (Only for Volume ARE: This test step is skipped if the re- commended FM AS-FP-SLP is not implemented.)
	• Verfiy the option to toggle the slap classifier between off and evaluation mode.
	• Set the slap classifier to evaluation mode.
	• Initiate test case using the test interface.
	• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.
	Choose to capture the second slap
	• Place the same hand again on the finger scan area.
	Expected Results:
	• The IUT threw an error.
	• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the error was returned via the test interface.

Table 3.21 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_002

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_003 Verify the correct behaviour of supervised acquisition process for a single finger. This test case co-Scope vers PAP Task ACQ-FPP-SV-2. Preconditions • The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded. • Hardware capable of capturing fingerprint images is connected. As test resource: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture. CTS Mode interactive no provision of pre-defined input data • HTTP method: POST test case variants: /TR03122/TC-PAP\_ACQ-FPS-SV-1-003/1 Table 3.24 TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_003 Test Case Variants Description Step **Description / Expected Result** 1 Description: Check the behaviour of captured images. • Initiate test case using the test interface. Start the acquisition process and switch to the single finger acquisition. • Follow the instructions of the IUT for the single finger placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject. **Expected Results:** PAD has been performed and no warning or error is shown. Uniqueness check has been performed and no warning or error for duplicated fingerprints is shown.

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1_003	
2	Description:
	Check the uniqueness check.
	• Initiate test case using the test interface.
	• Select one finger as missing.

- Start the acquisition process and switch to the single finger acquisition.
- Follow the instructions of the IUT for the single finger placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.
- Place the same finger on the finger scan area.

#### Expected Results:

- The IUT shows a warning or error for duplicated fingerprint images.
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the error was returned via the test interface.

Table 3.23 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_003

Test Case ID: TC-PA	P-ACQ-FPS-SV-1_	.004	
Scope	Verify the ove manually.	erall supervised acquisition process for single slap images where the capture is forced	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.		
	Hardware	capable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.	
	As test resc	purce: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.	
		used by the system, the "Service Definition Fingerprint Acquisition" of Part 2, Volume 121 is implemented.	
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>		
	no provisio	on of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method: GET		
	• test case va	ariants:	
	/TR03122	/TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1-004/1	
	<b>Table 3.26</b> T	C-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1-004 Test Case Variants	
Description	Table 3.26 T Step	C-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1-004 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result	
Description			
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result Description:	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result Description: Check the Process without a second slap capture.	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result         Description:         Check the Process without a second slap capture.         Initiate test case using the test interface.         Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject, but place the fingers in such a manner (with bad	

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_004

#### Expected Results:

- The instructions were displayed and correct for the captured fingers.
- The process ended without capturing the second slap.
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the images for the captured fingers is returned via the test interface.
- In case the quality of the captured slap was too bad and therefore a segmentation was not possible, an error message is shown. In this case a TR-03121 XML is not required.

Table 3.25 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1\_004

Test Case ID: TC-P.	AP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1	1_005	
Scope		Verify the correct behaviour of supervised acquisition process for a single finger where the capture is forced manually. This test case covers PAP Task ACQ-FPP-SV-2.	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.		
	Hardware	e capable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.	
	As test res	source: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.	
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	ze	
	<ul> <li>no provis</li> </ul>	ion of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP met	thod: POST	
	• test case v	variants:	
		22/TC-PAP_ACQ-FPS-SV-1-005/1	
	Table 3.28	TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-SV-1_005 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check the behaviour of captured images.	
		Initiate test case using the test interface.	
		• Start the acquisition process and switch to the single finger acquisition.	
		<ul> <li>Follow the instructions of the IUT for the single finger placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject, but place the fingers in such a man- ner (with bad quality) that the pre-qualification is insufficient.</li> </ul>	
		• The operator forces the capture manually.	
		Expected Results:	
		• PAD has been performed and no warning or error is shown.	
		• Uniqueness check has been performed and no warning or error for duplica- ted fingerprints is shown.	
		• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the fingerprint and its QA value is returned via the test interface.	
Table 3.27 Test Case II	): TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-	-SV-1_005	

### 3.6. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP442-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition 4-4-2 for Enrolment

Test Case ID: TC-PAP	-ACQ-FP442-SV-1_	001	
Scope	Verify the overal	Verify the overall process of supervised acquisition of fingerprint slaps in the order of 4-4-2.	
Preconditions	The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.		
	• Hardware cap	bable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.	
	• As test resour	ce: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.	
		d by the system, the "Service Definition Fingerprint Acquisition" of Part 2, Volume . is implemented.	
CTS Mode	• interactive		
	no provision	of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method	I: GET	
	• test case varia	ints:	
	/TR03122/T	C-PAP-ACQ-FP442-SV-1-001/1	
	Table 3.30 TC-I	PAP-ACQ-FP442-SV-1-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Verifies the order of captured fingerprint images.	
		Initiate test case using the test interface.	
		• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.	
		Expected Results:	
		• The instructions are displayed and correct.	
		• The order of captured fingerprint images is right slap, left slap, both thumbs.	
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images within FingerAcquisition is returned via the test interface.</li> </ul>	
	2	Description:	
		This test case PAP ACQ-FP4141-SV-1 uses PAP Task ACQ-FPS-SV-1 and PAP Task ACQ-FPP-SV-2 which have been defined as part of PAP ACQ-FPS-SV-1. ▶Test Cases PAP ACQ-FPS-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition Single Slap has to be	
		tested separately for conformance.	
		Expected Results:	
		▶ Test Cases PAP ACQ-FPS-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition Single Slap is passed.	

Table 3.29 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP442-SV-1\_001

# 3.7. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP4141-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition 4-1-4-1 for Enrolment

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP4141-SV-1\_001

Scope

Verify the overall process of supervised acquisition of fingeprint slaps in the order of 4-1-4-1.

Test Case ID: TC-PA	AP-ACQ-FP4141-S	·V-1_001
Preconditions	• The IUT i	s in operation, required modules are loaded.
	Hardware	e capable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.
	As test res	source: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.
		s used by the system, the "Service Definition Fingerprint Acquisition" of Part 2, Volume 3121 is implemented.
CTS Mode	• interactiv	'e
	no provis	ion of pre-defined input data
	• HTTP met	thod: GET
	• test case v	/ariants:
	/TR0312	2/TC-PAP-ACQ-FP4141-SV-1-001/1
	Table 3.32	TC-PAP-ACQ-FP4141-SV-1-001 Test Case Variants
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Verifys the order of captured fingerprint images.
		Initiate test case using the test interface.
		• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.
		Expected Results:
		The instructions are displayed and correct.
		• The order of captured fingerprint images is right slap, right thumb, left slap, left thumb.
		<ul> <li>A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images within FingerAcquisition is returned via the test interface.</li> </ul>
	2	Description:
		This test case PAP ACQ-FP4141-SV-1 uses PAP Task ACQ-FPS-SV-1 and PAP Task ACQ-FPP-SV-2 which have been defined as part of PAP ACQ-FPS-SV-1.
		Expected Results:
		Test Cases PAP ACO-FPS-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition Single Slap is passed

**\***Test Cases PAP ACQ-FPS-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition Single Slap is passed.

Table 3.31 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP4141-SV-1\_001

# 3.8. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-SV-1: Supervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingers on Multi-Finger Hardware for Enrolment

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1\_001

Examination of the correct process for the acquisition of up to two fingerprints using the two fin- ger capture mode with a multi fingerprint scanner
IUT is running, required modules are loaded
A multi fingerprint scanner is connected
As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1\_001

#### CTS Mode

interactive

Step

1

2

- no provision of pre-defined input data
- HTTP method: GET
- test case variants:

/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1-001/1

Table 3.34 TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1-001 Test Case Variants

Description

#### **Description / Expected Result**

Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- Perform the acquisition process of the two fingerprints

Expected Result:

- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware in the two finger mode (right index and left index)
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (left and right index fingers) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with a handicap on the right hand

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- · Mark index finger of the right hand as handicapped
- Perform the acquisition process

- The IUT allows marking handicapped fingers before acquisition
- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware
- The marked finger is excluded from the acquisition process
- The IUT changes to single finger mode
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (right thumb, left index finger) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1\_001

3

4

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with a handicap on the left hand

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- · Mark index finger of the left hand as handicapped
- · Perform the acquisition process

#### Expected Result:

- The IUT allows marking handicapped fingers before acquisition
- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware
- The marked finger is excluded from the acquisition process
- The IUT changes to single finger mode
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (right index finger, left thumb) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with a missing hand

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- Mark a whole hand (right or left) as not available/handicapped
- · Perform the acquisition process

- The IUT allows marking a hand (or all fingers of one hand individually) as not available before acquisition
- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware
- · The marked hand is excluded from the acquisition process
- The IUT changes to single finger mode for the existing hand
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (index finger and thumb of left, respectively right hand) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

Description: 5 Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of insufficient quality, regarding capture repetition Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface Enforce insufficient quality of at least one fingerprint during capture Perform the acquisition process Expected Result: The IUT detects the insufficient quality and restarts the acquisition of the current slap The acquisition of the slap of insufficient fingerprint quality is repeated twice (i.e. total of three performed attempts) • The IUT finishes without any error message As a result, two encoded fingerprints (both index fingers) returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio: FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records 6 Description: Check whether the IUT supports the execution of the mandatory fallback single-finger acquisition process for cases where a slap capture is not practical. • Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface Perform the acquisition process Expected Result: After selecting the two-finger sequence for multi-finger hardware, the IUT offers an option to start acquisition in single finger mode As a result, two encoded fingerprints (both index fingers) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio: FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records 7 Description: In case of a plain fingerprint enrolment scenario: Check whether the IUT supports the execution of the mandatory fallback single finger acquisition process for fingers of insufficient quality. Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface Ensure insufficient fingerprint quality of at least one fingerprint ٠ Perform the acquisition process

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1\_001

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1\_001

8

#### Expected Result:

- After capturing the slap, the IUT offers an option to start acquisition in single finger mode
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (both index fingers) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

#### Description:

In case of a plain fingerprint enrolment scenario: Check whether the mandatory fallback single finger acquisition process actually replaces the corresponding fingerprints from the slap capture.

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- Enforce insufficient quality of one fingerprint during capture of slap
- Ensure sufficient quality of the same fingerprint during capture in single-finger acquisition
- · Perform the acquisition process

#### Expected Result:

- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (both index fingers) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records
- The enforced fingerprint of insufficient quality is replaced by the fingerprint of ensured good quality from single-finger acquisition

Table 3.33 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1\_001

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-A	ACQ-FP2P-SV-1_002	
Scope	Examination of the correct process for the acquisition of up to two fingerprints using the two fin- ger capture mode with a multi fingerprint scanner where the capture is forced manually.	
Preconditions	IUT is running, required modules are loaded	
	A multi fingerprint scanner is connected	
	As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with	
CTS Mode	interactive	
	no provision of pre-defined input data	
	HTTP method: GET	
	test case variants:	
	/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1-002/1	
	Table 3.36 TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1_002	
1	Description:
	Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of suf- ficient quality
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface, but place the fin- gers in such a manner (with bad quality) that the pre-qualification is insuffi- cient.
	• The operator then forces the capture of the two fingerprints manually.
	Expected Result:
	• The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hard- ware in the two finger mode (right index and left index)
	• The acquisition is triggered not until the operator forced the capture manually.
	The IUT finishes without any error message
	• As a result, two encoded fingerprints (left and right index fingers) are retur- ned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed ac- quisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-ele- ments). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records
2	Description:
	Check whether the IUT supports the execution of the mandatory fallback sin- gle-finger acquisition process for cases where a slap capture is not practical.
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface, but place the fin- gers in such a manner (with bad quality) that the pre-qualification is insuffi- cient.
	• The operator then forces the capture of the two fingerprints manually.
	Expected Result:
	• After selecting the two-finger sequence for multi-finger hardware, the IUT offers an option to start acquisition in single finger mode
	• The acquisition is triggered not until the operator forced the capture manually.
	• As a result, two encoded fingerprints (both index fingers) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records
Table 3.35 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-1_	002

# 3.9. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-SV-2: Supervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingers on Single-Finger Hardware for Enrolment

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2\_001

Scope	Examination of the correct process for the acquisition of up to two fingerprints using the two fin- ger capture mode with a single fingerprint scanner
Precondition	IUT is running, required modules are loaded
	A single fingerprint scanner is connected
	• As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2\_001

#### CTS Mode

interactive

Step

1

2

- no provision of pre-defined input data
- HTTP method: GET
- test case variants:

/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2-001/1

Table 3.38 TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2-001 Test Case Variants

Description

#### **Description / Expected Result**

Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- · Perform the acquisition process of the two fingerprints

Expected Result:

- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware in the two finger mode (right index and left index)
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (both index fingers) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with a handicap on the right slap

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- · Mark index finger of the right slap as handicapped
- Perform the acquisition process

- The IUT allows marking handicapped fingers before acquisition
- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware
- The marked finger is excluded from the acquisition process
- The IUT changes to single finger mode
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (right thumb, left index finger) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2\_001

3

4

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with a handicap on the left slap

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- · Mark index finger of the left slap as handicapped
- Perform the acquisition process

#### Expected Result:

- · The IUT allows marking handicapped fingers before acquisition
- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware
- The marked finger is excluded from the acquisition process
- The IUT changes to single finger mode
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (right index finger, left thumb) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with a missing hand.

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- · Mark a whole hand (right or left) as not available/handicapped
- · Perform the acquisition process

- The IUT allows marking a hand (or all fingers of one hand individually) as not available before acquisition
- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware
- · The marked hand is excluded from the acquisition process
- · The IUT captures two fingerprints from the existing hand
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (index finger and thumb of left, respectively right hand) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2_001	
5	Description:
	Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of in- sufficient quality, regarding capture repetition
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
	Enforce insufficient quality of at least one fingerprint during capture
	Perform the acquisition process
	Expected Result:
	• The IUT detects the insufficient quality and restarts the acquisition of the current slap
	• The acquisition of the slap of insufficient fingerprint quality is repeated twice (i.e. total of three performed attempts)
	• The IUT finishes without any error message
	• As a result, two encoded fingerprints are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

Table 3.37 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2\_001

Test Case ID: TC-P	AP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-	2_002	
Scope		Examination of the correct process for the acquisition of up to two fingerprints using the two fin- ger capture mode with a single fingerprint scanner where the capture is forced manually.	
Precondition	• IUT is run	ning, required modules are loaded	
	• A single fin	ngerprint scanner is connected	
	As necessary	ary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with	
CTS Mode • interacti		e	
	<ul> <li>no provisi</li> </ul>	on of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP met	hod: GET	
	• test case v	ariants:	
	/TR03122	2/TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2-002/1	
	Table 3.40	FC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result	
	1	Description:	
		Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of suf- ficient quality	
		neicht quanty	
		<ul> <li>Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface, but place the fin- gers in such a manner (with bad quality) that the pre-qualification is insuffi- cient.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface, but place the fin- gers in such a manner (with bad quality) that the pre-qualification is insuffi-</li> </ul>	

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2\_002

#### Expected Result:

- The acquisition is triggered by placing the finger(s) on the acquisition hardware in the two finger mode (right index and left index)
- The acquisition is triggered not until the operator forced the capture manually.
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, two encoded fingerprints (both index fingers) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

Table 3.39 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-SV-2\_002

# 3.10. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP10R-SV-1: Ten Finger Rolled Supervised Acquisition for Enrolment

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1_001		
Scope	Examination of the correct process for the acquisition of up to ten rolled fingerprints	
Precondition	• IUT is running	
	• A fingerprint so	canner providing rolled fingerprints is connected
	As necessary te	st resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	
	no provision of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method: GET	
	test case variants:	
	/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1-001/1 Table 3.42 TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of suf- ficient quality
		• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
		• Perform the flat acquisition process of all fingers in order to obtain the ne- cessary reference data for the control verification
		<ul> <li>Perform the rolled acquisition process of all fingers, beginning with the thumb of the right hand and ending with the little finger of the left hand</li> </ul>

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1\_001

Expected Result:

- The acquisition of the reference slaps is performed by the IUT
- The IUT successively performs the acquisition of the rolled fingerprints
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, ten encoded fingerprints are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records
- 2

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with a handicapped finger

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- · Mark one finger as handicapped in the IUT
- · Perform the acquisition process for the control slaps
- Perform the acquisition process for the rolled prints

Expected Result:

- The IUT allows marking handicapped fingers before acquisition
- The marked finger is excluded from both acquisition processes
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, nine encoded fingerprints are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

#### 3

Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, with multiple handicapped fingers

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- Mark multiple fingers as handicapped in the IUT
- Perform the acquisition process for the control slaps
- Perform the acquisition process for the rolled prints

- The IUT allows marking multiple handicapped fingers before acquisition
- The marked fingers are excluded from both acquisition processes
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, encoded fingerprints (depending on missing ones) are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1_001		
4	Description:	
	Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of in- sufficient quality, regarding capture repetition	
	• Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface	
	Enforce insufficient quality of at least one fingerprint during capture	
	Perform the acquisition process for the control slaps	
	Perform the acquisition process for the rolled prints	
	Expected Result:	
	• The IUT detects the insufficient quality and restarts the acquisition of the current finger	
	• Perform the control slap acquisition regularly, e.g. without inducing errors	
	• The rolled acquisition of the finger with insufficient fingerprint quality is repeated twice (i.e. total of three performed attempts)	
	The IUT finishes without any error message	
	• As a result, ten encoded fingerprints are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records	

Table 3.41 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1\_001

Test Case ID, TC DAD ACO FD10D SV 1 (	002
Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1_0	002

Scope	Examination of the correct process for the acquisition of rolled fingerprints in case the IUTs hard- ware reports issues	
Precondition	IUT is running	
	A fingerprint scanner providing rolled fingerprints is connected	
	As necessary test resources: a test person to perform the fingerprint acquisition with	
CTS Mode	• interactive	
	<ul> <li>no provision of pre-defined input data</li> </ul>	
	• HTTP method: GET	
	test case variants:	
	/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1-002/1	
	Table 3.44 TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1-002 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1\_002

1

2

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of sufficient quality, but with hardware reported issues

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- Perform the control slap acquisition regularly, e.g. without inducing errors
- Enforce a hardware reported issue during the rolled capture process for at least one finger. Consult the documentation of the hardware in regards of supported issues (e.g. "finger shifted")
- Repeat the capture without enforcing any further errors and finalize the acquisition process

#### Expected Result:

- The IUT detects the hardware issue and restarts the acquisition of the current finger
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, ten encoded fingerprints are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records. The rejectionReason element matches the reason chosen by the operator.

#### Description:

Check the correct execution of the acquisition process with fingerprints of insufficient quality and with hardware reported issues

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- Perform the control slap acquisition regularly, e.g. without inducing errors
- Enforce a hardware reported issue during the rolled capture process for at least one finger. Consult the documentation of the hardware in regards of supported issues (e.g. shift)
- Two times: Enforce insufficient quality of the same fingerprint during the capture
- For the remaining fingers: perform the acquisition process as usual

- The IUT detects the hardware issue and restarts the rolled acquisition of the current finger
- The IUT detects the insufficient quality and restarts the rolled acquisition of the current finger
- The acquisition was repeated twice in total (one time due to the rolling issue, one time due to the quality)
- The IUT finishes without any error message
- As a result, ten encoded fingerprints are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records. The repetition with the best QA score is marked as "selected" and the rejectionReason for the first attempts matches the reason chosen by the operator.

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1\_002

3

Description:

Check the ability of operators to accept negative capture results in case both fingerprints of insufficient quality and hardware reported issues are encountered

- Initiate test case by calling the IUT via the test interface
- Perform the control slap acquisition regularly, e.g. without inducing errors
- Enforce a hardware reported issue during the rolled capture process for at least one finger. Consult the documentation of the hardware in regards of supported issues (e.g. shift)
- Enforce insufficient quality of the same fingerprint during capture
- Enforce another hardware reported issue during the final capture attempt for the finger. Afterwards select the option to keep the current results
- · For the remaining fingers: perform the acquisition process as usual

Expected Result:

- The IUT detects the hardware issue and restarts the acquisition of the current finger
- The IUT detects the insufficient quality and restarts the acquisition of the current finger
- The detects the hardware issue and offers to either restart the capture or to continue with the current result
- As a result, ten encoded fingerprints are returned via the test interface in a message conforming to TR-03121 XML. The XML must also include the information corresponding to the performed acquisition process (element bio:FingerAcquisition and relevant sub-elements). The raw fingerprint data may be stored either as sub-element of this element or as descendant of the sibling element bio:Records. The first repetition with insufficient QA score is marked as "selected" and the rejectionReason for the first and last attempts matches the reason chosen by the operator.

Table 3.43 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP10R-SV-1\_002

Test Case ID. TC DAD ACO FDC LICU 1 001

## 3.11. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FPS-USV-1: Unsupervised Acquisition Single Slap

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-USV-1_001		
Scope	Verify the correct acquisition process for a single slap with four fingers and missing finger(s).	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.	
	Hardware capable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.	
	As test resource: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.	
CTS Mode	• interactive	
	no provision of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method: GET	
	test case variants:	
	/TR03122/TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-USV-1-001/1	
	Table 3.46 TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-USV-1-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step Description / Expected Result	

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-USV-1\_001

1

#### Description:

Check the capturing of surveillance images, segmentation, quality assessment, PAD, uniqueness check result and time required for the slap image acquisition.

- · Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Present slap with four fingers.
- Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.

#### Expected Results:

- The captured slap image are segmented into four single fingerprint images.
- PAD has been performed for each single fingerprint image and no warning or error (such as uniqueness check error) is shown.
- · Surveillance images are captured.
- The quality assessment is performed for each single fingerprint image individually.
- The slap classification is performed.
- The overall finger slap capture process was performed in under ten seconds.
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images with the QA value, the PAD result, the result of the slap classifier, the uniqueness check result and captured surveillance images is returned via the test interface.

#### 2

#### Description:

Check the timeout of the capturing process.

- Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Increase the minimum required quality thresholds for each fingerprint to 100.
- · Consecutively present slap with four fingers.
- Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.

- The captured slap image are segmented into four single fingerprint images.
- PAD has been performed for each single fingerprint image and no warning or error (such as uniqueness check error) is shown.
- · Surveillance images are captured.
- The quality assessment is performed for each single fingerprint image individually and the overall quality assessment is negative.
- · The slap classification is performed.
- The capturing process is restarted until the timeout of 10 seconds is reached.
- After the timeout is reached the captured slap with best quality is identified and a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images with the QA value, the PAD result, the result of the slap classifier, the uniqueness check result and captured surveillance images is returned via the test interface.

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-USV-1_001		
	3	Description:
		Check the Process with missing fingers.
		• Initiate test case using the test interface.
		Present slap with at least one finger missing.
		• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.
		Expected Results:
		• The captured finger and surveillance images are discarded.
		• The process ended without capturing the slap.

Table 3.45 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FPS-USV-1\_001

# 3.12. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-USV-1: Unsupervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingerprints on Multi-Finger Hardware for Enrolment

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1_001			
Scope	Verify the correc	Verify the correct acquisition process for a single slap with two fingers and missing finger(s).	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in a	operation, required modules are loaded.	
	• Hardware cap	bable of capturing fingerprint images is connected.	
	As test resource: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.		
CTS Mode • interactive			
	no provision of pre-defined input data		
	• HTTP method: GET		
	• test case variants:		
	/TR03122/T	C-PAP-ACO-FP2P-USV-1-001/1	
	<b>Table 3.48</b> TC-F	PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Table 3.48 TC-F		
Description		PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1-001 Test Case Variants	
Description	Step	PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1-001 Test Case Variants Description / Expected Result	
Description	Step	PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1-001 Test Case Variants           Description / Expected Result           Description:           Check the segmentation, quality assessment, PAD, uniqueness check result and	
Description	Step	PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1-001 Test Case Variants           Description / Expected Result           Description:           Check the segmentation, quality assessment, PAD, uniqueness check result and time required for the slap image acquisition.	

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1\_001

#### Expected Results:

- The captured slap image are segmented into two single fingerprint images.
- PAD has been performed for each single fingerprint image and no warning or error (such as uniqueness check error) is shown.
- The quality assessment is performed for each single fingerprint image individually.
- · The slap classification is performed.
- The overall finger slap capture process was performed in under ten seconds.
- A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images with the QA value, the PAD result, the result of the slap classifier, the uniqueness check result and potentially captured surveillance images is returned via the test interface.

2

#### Description:

Check the timeout of the capturing process.

- Initiate test case using the test interface.
- Increase the minimum required quality thresholds for each fingerprint to 100.
- · Consecutively present slap with two fingers.
- Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.

#### Expected Results:

- The captured slap image are segmented into two single fingerprint images.
- PAD has been performed for each single fingerprint image and no warning or error (such as uniqueness check error) is shown.
- The quality assessment is performed for each single fingerprint image individually and the overall quality assessment is negative.
- The slap classification is performed.
- The capturing process is restarted until the timeout of 10 seconds is reached.
- After the timeout is reached the captured slap with best quality is identified and a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images with the QA value, the PAD result, the result of the slap classifier, the uniqueness check result and potentially captured surveillance images is returned via the test interface.

#### Description:

Check the Process with missing fingers.

- · Initiate test case using the test interface.
- · Present slap with at least one finger missing.
- Follow the instructions of the IUT for the slap placement on the scanner for the biometric test subject.

#### Expected Results:

- The captured fingers are discarded.
- The process ended without capturing the slap.

Table 3.47 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1\_001

3

# 3.13. Test Cases PAP ACQ-FP2P-USV-2: Unsupervised Acquisition of Two Plain Fingerprints on Single-Finger Hardware for Enrolment

Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-2_001		
Scope	Verify the correct acquisition process for two fingers and missing finger(s).	
Preconditions	• The IUT is in operation, required modules are loaded.	
	• Hardware capa	ble of capturing fingerprint images is connected.
	• As test resource	e: a biometric test subject for fingerprint capture.
CTS Mode	<ul> <li>interactive</li> </ul>	
	no provision of pre-defined input data	
	• HTTP method:	GET
	• test case varian	ts:
	/TR03122/TC	-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-2-001/1
		AP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-2-001 Test Case Variants
Description	Step	Description / Expected Result
	1	Description:
		Check the quality assessment, PAD, uniqueness check result and time required for the fingerprint image acquisition.
		• Initiate test case using the test interface.
		Present single fingers subsequently.
		• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the placement of one finger on the scanner for the biometric test subject.
		Expected Results:
		• PAD has been performed for the fingerprint image and no warning or error (such as uniqueness check error) is shown.
		• The quality assessment is performed for the fingerprint image.
		• The overall fingerprint capture process was performed in under ten se- conds.
		• A message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images with the QA value, the PAD result, the uniqueness check result and potentially captured surveillance images is returned via the test interface.
	2	Description:
		Check the timeout of the capturing process.
		• Initiate test case using the test interface.
		• Increase the minimum required quality thresholds for the fingerprint to 100.
		Consecutively present single fingerprints.
		• Follow the instructions of the IUT for the placement of the single finger on the scanner for the biometric test subject.

#### Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-2\_001 Expected Results: • PAD has been performed for the fingerprint image and no warning or error (such as uniqueness check error) is shown. The quality assessment is performed for the fingerprint image and the over-• all quality assessment is negative. • The capturing process is restarted until the timeout of ten seconds is reached. After the timeout is reached the captured fingerprint with best quality is • identified and a message conforming to TR-03121 XML containing the encoded images with the QA value, the PAD result, the uniqueness check result and potentially captured surveillance images is returned via the test interface. 3 Description: Check the Process with missing fingers. • Initiate test case using the test interface. • Present no finger. Expected Results:

The process ended without capturing the fingerprint.

Table 3.49 Test Case ID: TC-PAP-ACQ-FP2P-USV-1\_001

## List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
BDB	Biometric Data Block
BHT	Biometric Header Template
CBEFF	Common Biometric Exchange Formats Framework
CIR	Central Identity Register
CTF	contrast transfer function
DET	Detection Error Trade-Off
EES	Entry-Exit System
FMR	false-match-rate
FNIR	false-negative-identification-rate
FNMR	false-non-match-rate
FPIR	false-positive-identification-rate
GID	German Identity Document
GSAT3	German Standard for AFIS Transactions Version 3
IUT	Implementation Under Test
PAD	Presentation Attack Detection
PAI	Presentation Attack Instrument
QA	Quality Assessment
SIS	Schengen Information System
SNR	signal-to-noise ratio
SSS	self-service system
WSQ	Wavelet Scalar Quantisation

## Bibliography

[EBTS/F] FBI Electronic Biometric Transmission Specification Version 11, Appendix F, April 2021.

- [ISO\_FACE] ISO/IEC 19794-5:2005 "Information technology Biometric data interchange formats Part 5: Face image data".
- [ISO\_FINGER] ISO/IEC 19794-4:2005 "Information technology Biometric data interchange formats Part 4: Finger image data".

[NFIQ2] NIST Fingerprint Image Quality 2.

[PIV] Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Image Quality Specification for Single Finger Capture Devices, FBI/CJIS Biometric Specifications, 10 July 2006.